"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and cool to-day; fair, slowly rising temperature to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,906. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1909.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROCKEFELLER GIFT TO KILL 'HOOKWORM'

Million-Dollar Fund to be Spent by a Commission in Extirpating the "Lazy Disease."

HIS TRIBUTE TO THE SOUTH

The Donor Says This Testifies to His Appreciation of the Courtesy He Met There.

A gift of $1,000,000 by John D. Rockefeller to fight the "hookworm disease" was announced at the offices of the Standard Oil Company in this city yesterday.

Prominent educators and scientists, selected in large part from institutions in the South, where the disease is prevalent, conferred with Mr. Rockefeller's representatives at the Standard Oil Company's offices, 26 Broadway, last Tuesday. As a result of this meeting the Rockefeller Commission for the Eradication of the Hookworm Disease was organized. These are the members of the commission:

Dr. WILLIAM H. WELCH, Professor of Pathology in Johns Hopkins University; President of the American Medical Association.

Dr. SIMON FLEXNER, Director of Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

Dr. CHARLES W. STILES, Chief of the Division of Zoology, United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service and discoverer of the American species of hookworm and the prevalence of the disease in America.

Dr. EDWIN A. ALDERMAN, President of the University of Virginia.

Dr. DAVID F. HOUSTON, Chancellor of Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Prof. P. P. CLAXTON, Professor of Education in the University of Tennessee.

J. Y. JOYNER, State Superintendent of Education in North Carolina and President of the National Educational Association.

WALTER H. PAGE, Editor of The World's Work.

H. B. FRISSELL, Principal Hampton Institute.

FREDERICK T. GATES, one of Mr. Rockefeller's business managers.

STARR J. MURPHY, Mr. Rockefeller's counsel in benevolent matters.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

All but Prof. Claxton and Mr. Joyner were present at the meeting Tuesday, and they have both since accepted places on the board selected to carry out Mr. Rockefeller's plans.

In calling the meeting Mr. Rockefeller addressed to each of those asked to attend a letter pointing out his interest in relieving the suffering caused by the "hookworm" parasite. His interest was the deeper, he said, because it had been his pleasure to spend a part of each year among the warm-hearted people of the South, and he welcomed the opportunity to express appreciation of their many kindnesses.

The members of the commission, in their reply to Mr. Rockefeller's offer of $1,000,000, declared that the proposal met with their heartiest approbation.

"Two millions of our people are infected with this parasite," they added. "It is by no means confined to one class; it takes its toll of suffering and death from the intelligent and well to do as well as from the less fortunate."

Mr. Rockefeller's Call for the Meeting.

Here is Mr. Rockefeller's letter calling the conference:

New York, Oct. 26, 1909.

Gentlemen: For many months my representatives have been inquiring into the nature and prevalence of "hookworm disease," and considering plans for mitigating its evils. I have delayed action in this matter only until the facts as to the extent of the disease could be verified and the effectiveness of its cure and prevention demonstrated.

The wide distribution and serious effects of this malady, particularly in the rural districts of our Southern States, first pointed out by Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, have now been confirmed by independent observations of other distinguished investigators and physicians, as well as by educators and public men of the South.

Knowing your interest in all that pertains to the wellbeing of your fellow-men and your acquaintance with this subject, I have invited you to a conference in the hope that it may lead to the adoption of well-considered plans for a co-operative movement of the medical profession, public health officials, boards of trade, churches, schools, the press, and other agencies for the cure and prevention of this disease.

If you deem it wise to undertake this commission, I shall be glad to be permitted to work with you to that end, and you may call upon me from time to time for such sums as may be needed during the next five years for carrying on an aggressive campaign, up to a total of one million dollars ($1,000,000).

While it would be a privilege to act in any movement which offers assurance of relieving human suffering, it is a peculiar pleasure to me to feel that the principal activities of your board will be among the people of our Southern States. It has been my pleasure of late to spend a portion of each year in the South, and I have come to know and to respect greatly that part of our country, and to enjoy the society and friendship of many of its warm-hearted people. It will, therefore, be an added gratification to me if in this way I may in some measure express my appreciation of their many kindnesses and hospitalities.

Very truly,
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.

The Commission's Reply.

This is the reply signed by all the members of the commission:

New York, Oct. 26, 1909.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, New York City.

Dear Sir: Your generous offer to pay such sums as may be needed during the next five years up to a total of $1,000,000 to carry on a scientific and popular campaign for eradicating "hookworm disease" has our heartiest approbation and we accept your invitation to administer this trust with a keen appreciation of the opportunity that you give us to do a great public good.

We have to-day taken steps for organization and incorporated for practical work and have named this board "The Rockefeller Commission for the Eradication of Hookworm Disease."

The "hookworm" parasites often so lower the vitality of those who are affected as to retard their physical and mental development, render them more susceptible to other diseases, make labor less efficient, and in the sections where the malady is most prevalent greatly increase the death rate from consumption pneumonia, typhoid fever and malaria. It has been shown that the lowered vitality of multitudes living attributed to malaria and climate and seriously affecting economic development, is, in fact, largely due in some districts to this parasite.

The disease is by no means confined to any one class; it takes its toll of suffering and death from the highly intelligent and well-to-do as well as from the less fortunate. It is a conservative estimate that two millions of our people are infected by this parasite. The disease is more common and more serious in children of school age than in other persons.

Widespread and serious as the infection is, there is a most encouraging outlook. The disease can be easily recognized, readily and effectively treated and by simple and proper sanitary precautions successfully prevented.

The undertaking proposed by you is therefore not only full of promise of great benefit, but is eminently definite and practicable. We desire, individually as well as collectively, to thank you for this opportunity to be of service to our fellowmen, and we enter upon our task with a deep sense of the responsibility laid upon us.

With this million dollars, Mr. Rockefeller's total contributions to education, medical science, and other philanthropies aggregate $113,655,000. Among his largest contributions to single objects are $53,-

Continued on Page 2.

LIBERALS BEATEN IN LONDON.

Unionist Victory in Bye-Election a Setback for Budget Campaign.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The bye-election today in the Bermondsey division of Southwark, a parliamentary borough of London, resulted in a sweeping victory for the Unionists. John Dumphreys won the three-cornered fight with a plurality of 987, overcoming the Liberal majority of 1,759 in 1906. The vote was as follows: Dumphreys, 4,278; S. L. Hughes, Liberal, 3,291; Dr. A. Salter, Socialist, 1,435.

The Unionist victory is considered a severe blow to the supporters of the budget, as all along this election was expected to afford a good test of the feeling in London and the country generally on the impending struggle in parliament. Bermondsey has been a doubtful constituency for years, sometimes returning a Liberal candidate and sometimes a Unionist, but three years ago the election resulted in a Liberal landslide.

For the last few weeks a strong fight has been waged in this constituency by the representatives of the three parties, but it finally resolved itself into a question of the budget against tariff reform, and whatever the outcome might be it was looked upon as forecasting the result of a general election should that be held.

The whole Conservative press claims that the result of the Bermondsey election is the death knell of the budget and a victory for tariff reform. Bermondsey is a typical working-class constituency, and although Dumphreys failed to secure a majority over the combined votes of his two opponents, who are both in favor of the budget, the Conservatives are convinced that the election proves there will be no landslide in favor of the measure.

According to the most reliable information, the leaders of the Conservative Party have definitely decided that the Lords shall reject the budget, and that therefore a general election is probable in January.

SINGER SHOOTS HUSBAND.

A. W. Talbot, Bookmaker, Dying, Says It Was an Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 28.—In the office of Judge W. D. Jones to-day, Mrs. A. W. Talbot shot her husband, Albert Talbot, through the right lung. Talbot is now in the People's Hospital in a serious condition, and may not recover. Mrs. Talbot having been arrested by Sheriff Ferrel, occupies a cell in the woman's ward of the county jail.

After some trouble last night between herself and her husband Mrs. Talbot visited the office of her attorney, Judge Jones, and discussed some business affairs with him. Later she left Jones's office and Jones talked with her husband. Talbot desired that his wife be present and she was sent for. She came and a short discussion followed.

Then before Judge Jones could interfere Mrs. Talbot fired. Having hit her husband, she sent a second bullet into the floor. The pistol she used has disappeared, at least the officers do not know where it is.

Immediately after the shooting Mrs. Talbot went to her apartments in the Saturno Building, and after going into her rooms, told the landlady that she was going away, would not be back, and to tell all her friends so. She then went down on the second floor and to the room of a woman friend. She removed her furs and street dress and put on a kimono and was lying on a couch as if she had been sleeping when Sheriff Ferrel arrived to arrest her.

Talbot is a race track bookmaker formerly on the Coast and a great horseman He made a small fortune at one time and was known as Prince Talbot. He is reported to-night to be dying, and has made a statement saying that the shooting was an accident.

Mrs. Talbot is a singer who has studied in Milan, Italy, and elsewhere abroad, and even appeared in opera. She made her debut in "Carmen," and was seen, it is said, in "Rigoletto," "La Gioconda," "Il Trovatore," and "Aida," both in Milan and in Venice. In this country and in Canada she has sung in concert.

AMERICAN WOMAN ARRESTED.

Paris Police Say "Countess Gubata" Got Jewels by Fraud.

PARIS, Oct., 28.—The police to-day arrested a man and a woman who claimed to be the Count and Countess Gubata, on the charge of obtaining jewels to the value of $40,000 by fraud. Police inquiries disclosed the fact that the woman is an American. After the death of her first husband, who was an American named Beck, she lived with a wealthy uncle in Fifth Avenue, New York City. When the uncle died he disinherited his niece.

Gubata claims to be a son of Archduke Othon of Austria, but the Austrian Embassy here denies that any such relationship exists.

The "Countess" arrived here a month ago from New York with seven children and a numerous retinue, of servants. She installed herself in a luxurious residence close to the Chancery of the American Embassy, where the operations are said to have been planned. The police declare that the couple obtained credit on the recommendation of the wife of a high official of the Spanish Embassy. The woman is about 36 years old and her husband not more than twenty. They protested their innocence before the examining magistrate and the "Count" persisted that he was a son of Archduke Othon. He declared that he received a large allowance from the Court at Vienna. The police, however, assert that this was not their first offense in Paris and both were locked up.

CHANGES IN MARS USUAL.

No Extraordinary Disturbance Observed at Flagstaff or Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

Flagstaff, Ariz., Oct. 28, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to your request for news regarding British Astronomical Association report on Mars, no unusual changes have been observed; only the common seasonal ones. Markings suggest spring vapor in Martian air, but not cloud, and due to canal development progressing according to theory.

DIRECTORY LOWELL OBSERVATORY.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Prof. Asaph Hall of the Naval Observatory is of the opinion that no great changes have recently occurred in Mars. The planet is now nearer the earth than it has been for fifteen years, and Prof. Hall has been making frequent observations of it as it approached. He has noted the usual seasonal changes marked by melting snow, caused by the turning of the pole to the sun, but he does not believe that any disturbance of an extraordinary sort has taken place.

Harvard-West Point Football Game at West Point Oct. 30th. West Shore R. R. special leaves Desbrosses St. 12:00 noon and West 42d St. 12:15 P. M. Round trip, $1.25.—Adv.

COOK FACES BARRILL, BUT SILENCES HIM

Explorer Refuses to Let Guide Speak at Meeting in Hamilton After Charging Bribery.

TALKS OF ENEMIES' PLOTS

Will Let Montana Judge on Mt. McKinley—Announces That Queen Alexandra Still Believes in Him.

HAMILTON, Mon., Oct. 28.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook delivered his promised lecture this evening in this town, the home of Edward N. Barrill, the guide who has sworn that Dr. Cook did not go within fourteen miles of the summit of Mount McKinley. In reply to the affidavits of Barrill and Fred Printz, the head packer of the expedition, he made the direct charge that money had been used to influence them by his enemies. He declared that he would leave the question of his ascent of the mountain to the people of Montana. Barrill endeavored to reply, but Dr. Cook would not permit him to speak.

Dr. Cook went on to announce that Queen Alexandra, through a message received to-night from Dr. Maurice Francis Egan, American Minister to Denmark, conveyed her greetings and expressed her absolute confidence in his polar achievement.

Charges Bribery of Guides.

Dr. Cook's statement touching on the doubts of his ascent of Mount McKinley was:

"Satisfied that the people of Montana believe in justice and fair play, I have come into your Commonwealth, not to seek revenge, not to enter into a controversy with men in whom I only had every confidence, but to ask for a fair deal. There is no malice in my heart; I am not here to invoke the strong arm of the law.

"My veracity has been attacked by men residing in this community. They have fallen into evil hands, and the temptation was too great. They have sold their birthright for silver, and there probably was more than thirty pieces. I am here to give my version of the Mount McKinley controversy, and then leave my case in the hands of an honest body—the people of the great State of Montana. I will accept her verdict.

"At the time of my arrival in New York, after two years and three months in the arctic regions, and when all America was rejoicing over the double discovery of the north pole, there began a warfare to rob me of the glory of an achievement which was, and is rightly, mine. Confident that my rival had triumphed after nearly a quarter of a century in quest of the great unknown, I, with all good Americans, rejoiced in his success, and in Copenhagen I declared there was glory enough for two. Despite the bitter attacks which have been made upon me, my attitude in this respect is unchanged.

Enemies With Money to Burn.

"When this warfare failed, the enemy began this flank movement on the climb of Mount McKinley; men with money to burn in the flame of infamy entered the arena. Men of this community whom I had previously believed honest fell as victims. Their statements were absolutely untrue. Still, I nurse no spirit of revenge or malice against these misguided men. My counsel, however, has been instructed to continue the investigation until we catch the guilty money givers higher up.

"Hamilton and Missoula have clearly shown their disapproval of this battle of injustice. They have shown they do not believe this malicious turn of rival powers. Your fairness and your faith is a pledge of human nature worth more than millions thrown into the hall of bribery.

"For the present I am willing to trust my case to the citizens of Montana as a jury. After you have read the mass of testimony my counsel has collected, I am ready to abide by your verdict. Then, with a new expedition to Mount McKinley, I will guarantee our future possession. My records are on the summit of the Alaskan peak, and, accompanied by unbiased, fair-minded men, I pledge you my word that I will again reach the top of the mountain and bring back this unquestionable proof of the success of my former expedition."

The earlier part of Dr. Cook's remarks was devoted to his customary lecture, containing his picturesque version of his arctic journey.

"I have got the Opera House to-night, and if you want to talk to-morrow night you can hire it," declared Dr. Cook when Barrill arose and asked permission to contradict the explorer.

Much disorder followed, as the crowd was in favor of giving Barrill a hearing. The guide finally sat down when Cook absolutely refused to allow him to make any statement.

WILL LOOK FOR COOK'S PROOFS.

Prof. Parker Says He Thinks They'll Be Hard to Find, Though.

Prof. Herschel C. Parker of Columbia University, who was a member of the expedition of 1905, when Dr. Frederick A. Cook says he climbed to the summit of Mount McKinley, issued a statement yesterday in which he explained why he had refused Dr. Cook's request to him to lead an expedition next year to find the brass tube which Cook alleges he left at Mount McKinley's top. Prof. Parker takes the ground that if he accepted Dr. Cook's invitation it might seem that he was giving tentative support to Cook's asertion that he climbed the mountain, which, all along, the professor has refused to believe. In referring to the climb of 1905 Prof. Parker says:

"On approaching the mountain Dr. Cook expected to make the ascent by way of a pass which he supposed existed near the Yetna River. We went to the headquarters of this stream and turned west. After traveling about 60 miles we discovered that such a pass did not exist.

"Therefore we turned about and arrived on the southern face of the mountain. Upon examination this proved to be so rugged that it was impossible to use it to reach the summit. The eastern face was also found to be impracticable. Failing in our efforts the party returned to the coast, where the trip was given up. Taking the instruments for measuring great altitudes I left Alaska.

"Dr. Cook says he returned and climbed to the summit by the northern face," Prof. Parker proceeds, "yet he had with him instruments capable of measuring heights of only about 8,000 feet, thus making it impossible to determine the 21,000-feet altitude which he says he has done.

"Next year, however, I will make the ascent and I will try to discover the brass tube which he has asserted he left at the top. The latter would be buried under about ten feet of snow, and, as it is about one-half inch thick and about five inches long it may prove no easy object to find."

Army-Harvard football, West Point, Oct. 30. Steamer Robert Fulton. Special trip. See adv. —Adv.

In order to make sure of obtaining a copy of to-morrow's Times, notable features of which are advertised elsewhere, place your order with your newsdealer early to-day.

ROB THREE AT SEA OF STOCK AND GEMS

Ocean Crooks Get 181 Certificates from Importer Theodore Kluth on the Deutschland.

TWO WOMEN VICTIMS, TOO

Mrs. William Goeggel Loses $2,500 in Jewelry and Miss Gref $100 in Cash on the Bluecher.

Theodore Kluth, of the firm of Mayer & Co., China importers, of 47 Barclay Street, has stopped the transfer of 130 shares of stock, the certificates of which were stolen from him while crossing the Atlantic. He sailed from Cherbourg on the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland on Oct. 8, and arrived in this city on Thursday, Oct. 15.

Mr. Kluth occupied a cabin on the sun deck. He kept his securities in a small leather bag in his cabin. The bag also contained a pair of pearl cuff buttons with studs to match, and several jeweled scarf pins. On the night before the liner arrived in port the bag disappeared from Mr. Kluth's cabin, while it was unlocked, during dinner, and no trace of it could be found.

The cabins on that deck are exposed to persons passing along the boat deck, and it was assumed that a fireman might have stolen the bag, and after removing the contents, burned all traces of the theft in the furnace. From the position of the cabin it would have been easy in the dark to have passed the bag down the grating to the stokehole.

The stolen stocks were certificates C16517 for fifteen shares of Northern Pacific; certificates A50973, for sixteen shares Great Northern, preferred; certificate D6121, for fifty shares of Corn Produce Refrigerating, common; certificate B6063, for fifty shares of Corn Produce Refrigerating, preferred. The certificates were unindorsed.

Two robberies were reported yesterday on the arrival here of the Hamburg-American Line steamship Bluecher. William Goeggel, who with his wife and daughter came on the vessel, reported to the police that Mrs. Goeggel had been robbed of jewelry valued at $2,500. Mr. Goeggel is a retired builder from San Francisco. He offered $500 for the return of the jewelry. It consisted of a diamond crescent, a diamond bracelet, five diamond rings, and two pearl rings.

The jewelry was missed on Oct. 18, soon after the vessel left Boulogne. Mr. Goeggel said that he suspected two young men who made the trip on the steamship from Boulogne to Southampton.

The theft of $100, which was taken from her purse in her stateroom, was reported by Miss Victoria Gref, a second cabin passenger.

GLADYS PECK, AGE 15, A BRIDE.

Wedded to Roy E. Pushee, 21, of Boston—School Day Romance.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Oct. 28.—Stamford was interested in the marriage to-day of Roy E. Pushee, son of John E. Pushee, a wealthy Boston business man, and Gladys Dorothy Peck, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Peck of Peck's Point, this city.

The wedding was of interest because of the social prominence of the young people and also because of their extreme youth. It was the culmination of the romance of a school boy and a school girl. The bride is only 15 years of age, and she left school to become the wife of young Mr. Pushee, who is himself only 21 years old. He gave up a college course to marry Miss Peck.

Pushee was a student at Manor School four years ago. It is a preparatory school, run under Christian Science auspices. He met Miss Peck at a school dance. He finished at Manor School in 1907 and entered Amherst College. This Fall he did not return to college, but entered the Boston manufacturing firm of J. C. Pushee & Son. Then came the announcement of his engagement to Miss Peck.

At the wedding the house was decorated with chrysanthemums and smilax. The bridegroom's sister, Miss Jeanne Pushee, was maid of honor, and the bride's sister, Miss Ethel Peck, was bridesmaid. The best man was Horton Pushee of Boston, a cousin of the bridegroom. The ushers were Guy Peck, a brother of the bride, and Edward Lembeck of Cleveland. Just the two families and a few friends were present.

The bride and bridegroom motored to New York, and leave there Saturday for Bermuda on their honeymoon.

MACK HUNTING FOR JOBS.

Wants Hitchcock to Appoint Two Applicants for New York Posts.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—When Norman E. Mack, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, called to-day to pay his respects to Postmaster General Hitchcock, who was his opponent in the last National campaign, a small office boy halted him and thrust a card into his hand. The card was a blank form that all visitors must fill out. On it was printed the word "Name," and immediately beneath the phrase "Nature of business."

Mr. Mack smiled as he wrote his signature, and the words "hunting for a job" after the second printed interrogation. He did not see the Postmaster General, who is with President Taft's party, but he said his errand was to bespeak consideration for two applicants for Post Offices in Northern New York.

KILLED IN THE HIPPODROME.

Workman Fell While Adjusting Lights Behind the Scenes.

Albert Cole, an electrician of 34 Sharpe Avenue, Port Richmond, S. I., was mortally injured yesterday afternoon on the stage of the Hippodrome. The man fell at the afternoon performance. Fortunately the curtain was down at the time. Cole went to the top of a seventy-foot ladder at the back of the stage to arrange the lights for the setting of the scene "The Middle of the Earth." He lost his balance and fell. In his descent he struck an iron projection and then landed upon the head of Hika Tarewa, one of the Maori chiefs. The latter was knocked unconscious.

Cole was taken to the Flower Hospital, where he died. He suffered a broken back and internal injuries.

DEWEY'S CLARET OR BURGUNDY WINES Taken with the meal, enriches the blood. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York. —Adv.

BUSTLE OF NEW YORK AMAZING TO KOESTER

Grand Admiral Tells Kaiser and Chancellor He and His Men Were Overpowered.

FOUND GERMANISM VIRILE

Reports That Indications of Friendship for the Fatherland Were Undoubted and Convincing.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—Grand Admiral von Koester, commander of the German ships at the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, has laid glowing reports of American friendship and hospitality before the Kaiser and the German Government. The Admiral, on whom New York lavished attentions, has just arrived in Berlin to make formal announcement of his return to the Emperor and the Imperial Chancellor. His Majesty received him for this purpose yesterday, and to-day he sang the praises of New York to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg.

Von Koester is telling his interviewers that America delighted the German visitors beyond expression. The officers and men of the fleet were simply overpowered by the magnitude and grandeur of New York life and American warmheartedness. He describes their stay in New York as a continuous story of wonderment, joy, rustle and bustle. Gotham staggered the Germans, who found it more overwhelming than London, yet the Hudson-Fulton fetes progressed in an astonishingly harmonious fashion.

Von Koester was prepared to find America a land of hustlers, but was amazed at the industry, vigor, and virility apparent on every hand.

The Admiral was agreeably surprised to discover that Germanism, instead of being a vanishing element in the United States, is a live, flourishing factor, playing a conspicuous rôle in everything pertaining to the development of the culture of the country. Von Koester explains that his observations were necessarily superficial. He knows that he saw the sunniest side of American life, and is convinced that there are shadows, too.

The indications of American friendship for the Fatherland, however, which he was enabled to bring home were beyond all question of doubt.

DR. AKED ILL IN BED.

Noted Clergyman Suffering from Severe Pains in His Head.

The Rev. Dr. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, was forced by illness yesterday to take to his bed. At his home last night, 2 West Eighty-fifth Street, it was said that he was not seriously ill, but was suffering great pain in his head.

The sudden attack came on Dr. Aked, it was learned, shortly after the Wednesday night meeting at the church in West Forty-sixth Street, at which he presided and at which he discussed the new church edifice which is to be erected on the present site as soon as the architectural plans are decided upon.

He arrived at his home about 9:30 and complained at that time of a severe headache. He has not been able to attend to his duties since. It was said that his indisposition was not such as to warrant any apprehension, and that as yet no physician had been called in.

Dr. Aked spent the Summer abroad and returned here to take up his work early in September. It is believed by some of his parishioners that worry, incident to building the new church, is the cause of his present illness.

KIDNAPPED A FAMILY.

Shemlia Held for Making Woman and Children Flee With Him.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Oct. 28.—Charged with kidnapping, under threats of violence, the family of Robert West, including his wife and three small children, while West, who lives on a small farm near this city, was working in a distant field, Joseph Shemlia was arrested this evening by Constable McCormick after a search of the Pine District, below Charleston hamlet. The woman and the children were found safe in the small house in which it is alleged they were confined by Shemlia after he had carried them off from their home in a closed farm wagon.

Shemlia was committed to the county jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Neighbors who saw the alleged kidnapping, say Shemlia compelled Mrs. West, despite her tears, to climb into his wagon, and then seizing the three youngest children, tossed them into the vehicle and drove away at great speed. West, returning from work before noon, found only his eldest daughter, who told him of the occurrence.

INVESTIGATE PACKERS.

Discovery of Diseased Meat Brings Government Inquiry in East St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 28.—A secret investigation of the methods and practices of big East St. Louis packing houses is being conducted in East St. Louis by several officials of the Department of Animal Industry. Joseph B. Munro, an assistant in the Laboratory Department in New York, is engaged in the investigation, brought about by the discovery of large quantities of diseased meat in St. Louis, East St. Louis, Alton, and Belleville in the past month.

More than 4,000 pounds of diseased meat were found in East St. Louis recently, and 400 pounds were discovered in Belleville. Beef has also been held up in the coolers in East St. Louis by St. Louis buyers, while a large amount of badly decayed pork sausage was found a short while ago.

HALF MOON TOO BIG.

Neither It Nor Clermont Can Go to Norfolk by Inland Water Route.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Congressman J. Hampton Moore, President of the Deeper Waterways Association, announced here to-night on his return from New York that the project of bringing the Half Moon and Clermont from the Hudson River to Norfolk by the inland waterway route would have to be abandoned.

It has been found that neither boat is small enough to pass through the locks of the Delaware and Raritan Canal.

NOT BETTING ON GAYNOR.

That's the Conclusion of Lafe Gleason, Who Finds No Takers for $2,000.

The sum of $2,000, Republican money, to be placed at the prevailing odds on Otto T. Bannard, the Fusion nominee for Mayor, has brought the betting at the Hoffman House to a standstill. The money was put up on Wednesday night by Lafayette B. Gleason, Secretary of the Republican State Committee.

Mr. Gleason saw the odds quoted as 2½ to 1 on Gaynor. When he put up his money he found that the very best price he could get on Bannard against the field was 2 to 1. Even then, though he arranged with "Charley" Mahoney, manager of the Hoffman House café, to let his offer stand until yesterday, so that no one should miss an opportunity to cover the bet at that price, no takers appeared.

"I had been told," said Col. Gleason last night, "that there would be no difficulty in finding somebody to take the other end at 2 to 1. When I went down to the Hoffman House to-day I was told that the man who had the Gaynor money unfortunately was confined to his bed by illness, and there was no other Gaynor money in sight anywhere.

"If I could scare the layers against Bannard to cover with my poor $2,000 I don't see that there is much to all this Gaynor talk."

Four years ago at the same stage of the campaign more than $150,000 had been bet on the outcome of the Hearst-McClellan campaign at the Hoffman House alone.

At the Cadillac the offer of $10,000 even money that Hearst will run third in the Mayoralty race had brought forth no takers last night. Hearst supporters have been betting small sums that he will have a plurality over Bannard, but they seemed to be afraid to accept any considerable amount of the $10,000. The man who put up the money declared yesterday that the wager will remain open until election day.

FRANK GOULD LEAVES SAVOY.

Did Not Register There "Frank J. Gould and Wife."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Frank J. Gould had been at the Savoy since last Friday, but he left early yesterday morning, not saying where he was going. A report that he had registered "Frank J. Gould and Wife" proved to be absolutely incorrect.

During his stay Mr. Gould entertained a young woman at dinner on several occasions. Her identity is not known at the hotel.

COURT BARS A BOY WITNESS.

Refuses to Let Him Testify in Litigation Between Parents.

The suit for a separation brought by Mrs. Marie Schwartz against Adolph M. Schwartz, a lawyer at 229 Broadway, was dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Newberger. She alleged cruelty on the part of her husband, which he denied. Counsel for Mrs. Schwartz wanted to put her ten-year-old son on the stand to testify in her behalf, but Justice Newberger refused to permit it, saying that he did not believe in calling children to testify about troubles between parents.

"It is unnecessary!" he emphatically declared.

He said it appeared that Mrs. Schwartz had something of a temper herself, that the difficulties arising between the couple seemed to have resulted from a display of temper on the part of both, and hoped the couple might yet be reconciled.

FIFTY BOYS ILL AT DRILL.

Bad Meat Blamed by Fellow-Students at Georgia Military School.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 28.—Over fifty students of the Georgia Military Academy, situated in a suburb of Atlanta, were hurried to hospitals late this afternoon suffering from illness which up to this time seems to baffle the physicians. There are over 200 boys in the academy and the illness began to manifest itself while they were at drill. Boy after boy dropped out of ranks, fell on the parade ground, and began to roll about in great pain. Ambulances were called and the boys hurried to various hospitals in the city. Several of the patients are in a serious condition and their recovery is doubtful.

Neither the head of the academy nor the physicians have made a statement as to the cause of illness. Some of the boys, however, says that there has been illness in the academy for two weeks because of the meat that has been used. The boys allege that the meat has been bad. One physician says that some of the symptons shown by the boys indicate poisoning.

SLEIGHS ARE OUT UP STATE.

Snow Falls at Several Places—Seven Inches at West Leyden.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 28.—A fall of seven inches of snow is reported to-day at West Leyden, twenty-five miles north of Utica. Farmers took their milk to the creameries on sleighs. There were slight flurries of snow in Utica to-day.

At Rome there was a flurry of snow this morning, the first of the season. At West Branch, ten miles north of Rome, six inches of snow fell.

BOY KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE.

Tries to Steal a Ride and Is Run Down by the Machine.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 28.—"I'm going to touch that automobile, anyway," said Joseph Cotrone of East Portchester, a boy of 10 years, to-day, darting from a group of boys waiting on the Boston post road to steal rides on automobiles, and running toward the machine of Dr. A. W. Kline, Health Officer of Greenwich. Dr. Kline sheered his automobile into the gutter to save the boy from being struck, but the child, misjudging his distance, fell and went under the front wheels.

Dr. Kline put on the brakes and stopped the automobile before the hind wheels went over the boy. He picked up the lad and took him in his automobile to the hospital. It was found that a rib and the collar bone were broken, and a lung was punctured. Before an operation could be performed the boy died. Dr. Kline was exonerated from all blame by the Coroner and witnesses.

SPANKS BOY, SENT TO JAIL.

Teacher, After a Few Hours in a Cell, Decides to Pay Fine.

NORWICH, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Because he spanked a 12-year-old schoolboy with a shingle, Timothy Tripp, a district schoolmaster in the town of Greene, was found guilty of assault to-day and sentenced to pay a fine of $20 or serve twenty days in the county jail.

Tripp chose the jail term, and began serving his sentence, but a few hours later he changed his mind, paid the fine, and was released.

COLLEAGUES MUST GO IN WITH GAYNOR

He "Can't and Won't" Be Mayor Unless the Board of Estimate Thinks as He Does.

SPONSORS DON'T MATTER

"If the Dickens Himself Had Nominated Me, I'd Have Taken It"—More Hits at Hearst and Cuttings.

Candidate Gaynor's speechmaking tour last night, which began in the Bronx and ended in Williamsburg, was notable for this announcement:

"Just think of electing me, if you will, and then surrounding me with a hostile Board of Estimate? Why, you would fret me to death. I could not stay there, and I would not stay there, because the only object under heaven that I have in laying down my life office, with its large salary, and with more regret than I ever did anything in my life—the only object I had in doing it was to come in here and apply my forty years of study of governmental and municipal affairs and to work to make government good for the benefit of the city; to see if I could not hold this city up and make it an object lesson to every city in this land."

When speaking on Staten Island on Tuesday night Mr. Gaynor intimated that he was sorry he was running for Mayor, and would not be satisfied unless a Democratic majority in the Board of Estimate was elected with him, but he did not say then that he "could not and would not" sit in the Mayor's chair unless the Board of Estimate was of his way of thinking. He made this statement last night in addressing a large audience in the hall at 170th Street and Third Avenue—the first of three lareg gatherings he spoke to in the course of the evening. He had been urging his hearers to vote for Mr. Galvin and Mr. Moore, his running mates on the Democratic ticket, and had just told of a rumor that had reached his ears that the candidtes for President of the Board of Aldermen and Controller were to be cut on election day.

"Now there is a concerted effort being made all over the city," he said, "and I suppose up here, by whisperings and suggestions that are a disgrace to American politics—because nothing on earth could influence a man in going to the polls except his Americanism, and nothing else under heaven—suggestions, I therefore say, are being made to vote for Mr. Prendergast and Mr. Purroy Mitchel against my two associates—suggestions that ought never to be made—and let them sit in the board in place of the two men on your own ticket. Why, gentlemen, if you knew the infinite pains and difficulty with which these two men were selected, and the trouble we had to induce them to run, you would never leave your party column to vote for any man against either of them on any consideration whatever.

"Why, when it was finally concluded that I was going to run for Mayor—that they were going to nominate me, do you not know enough about me to know that I must have taken a little pains to see with whom I was going to run? Do you think I would be content to run with two wooden men, or two men that would be under the thumb of some boss or some outside person? Never! Never was I under the thumb of any man about political matters, nor would I be on the ticket with two men that were under the thumb of anybody on earth, nor any political organization, close or open, on earth.

"They would have me be Mayor with a Board of Estimate against me.

Wants to "Lift This Canvass Up."

"I tell you, I don't want to be Mayor to destroy what reputation I have made heretofore, although with the people that are at my heels now barking I don't know whether I have got any left to-night or not. I leave that to the people of New York at the polls on Election Day. I am perfectly content to leave it there. [A voice: 'You are a winner.']

"I am not answering every little whelp that wants to bark at me during this canvass. I have got something more important that than that to do. I have got to lift this canvass up, if I can, and make it educational and respectable before the people of New York, and the whole of them may bark and whine while I am doing it all they see fit. [Applause.] With a united board we could do these things, but with a board disunited, politically disunited, why, it would be nothing but squabble and trouble all the time, nothing done except by compromise, men sitting there with little bosses peeking out from behind their chairs telling them how to vote and punching them in the ribs. That would be a nice state of affairs."

Nomination by "the Dickens" Acceptable.

Mr. Gaynor also announced last night that he would have accepted almost any nomination that had been offered him. Even "the Dickens himself" would have been acceptable as a nominator. He had been telling the story he had told so many times before of having been nominated not by Tammany alone, but by the other Democratic organizations of the greater city.

"If the Dickens himself had nominated me it would have been nothing to me so long as I was nominated," said he.

He resumed his attacks on William R. Hearst and also took a few shots at Mr. Bannard. He said he would wager that neither Hearst or "that other man," meaning Mr. Bannard, had read the city charter.

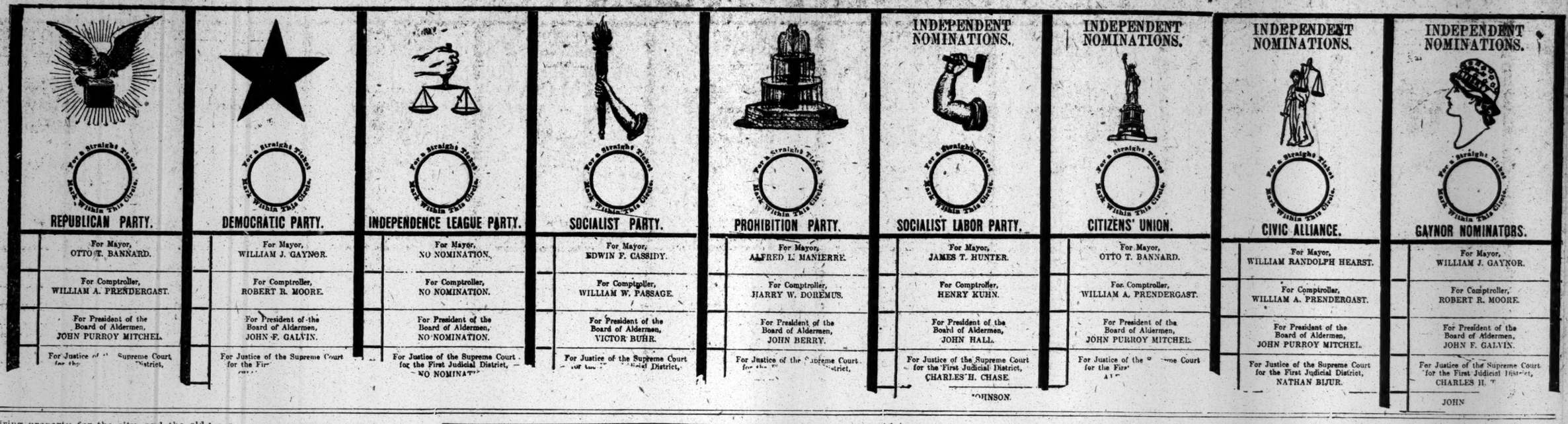
He was noisily received at the Bronx meeting place, so noisily that he could not start to speak for about a minute.

"So this is the Bronx," said Mr. Gaynor when comparative quiet reigned. "And a noisy place it is. But I have got used to that now. Years ago I used to be very used to it, but fifteen years of quiet judicial life, following my years of strife in politics, have rather unfitted me for it."

Mr. Gaynor said that Mr. Hearst seems to think that the Democratic nomination contaminated him and unfitted him for Mayor. "Just think of it," said he, "and he itching all the time to get the same nomination himself. We all know that after cartooning the Democratic Party in stripes and with ball and chain he hired a room in the Hotel Manhattan and sent an emissary to get them to nominate him for President of the United States. Just think of it! He wanted to land over the heads of other Congressmen right into the White House. Just think of it!"

Mr. Gaynor went on to say that his own "bee-line record," as he expressed it, had always been for good government. Graft still existed in the method of co-

FAC SIMILE OF THE OFFICIAL BALLOT TO BE


REPUBLICAN PARTY.
For Mayor, OTTO T. BANNARD.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
DEMOCRATIC PARTY.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, NO NOMINATION.
SOCIALIST PARTY.
For Mayor, EDWIN F. CASSIDY.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM W. PASSAGE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, VICTOR BUHR.
PROHIBITION PARTY.
For Mayor, ALFRED L. MANIERRE.
For Comptroller, HARRY W. DOREMUS.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN BERRY.
SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.
For Mayor, JAMES T. HUNTER.
For Comptroller, HENRY KUHN.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN HALL.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, CHARLES H. CHASE.
CITIZENS' UNION.
For Mayor, OTTO T. BANNARD.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
CIVIC ALLIANCE.
For Mayor, WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, NATHAN BIJUR.
GAYNOR NOMINATORS.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, CHARLES H.
JOHN
INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE PARTY.
For Mayor, NO NOMINATION.
For Comptroller, NO NOMINATION.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, NO NOMINATION.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, NO NOMINATION
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
Vote a Straight Ticket Mark Within This Circle.
JOHNSON.

quiring property for the city, and the old plan of paying the Commissioners $10 a day was very bad. He went on to talk of the Thirty-ninth Street ferry question, again referring to the Cuttings as "the gentlemen with the pretty names."

"A man with a peculiar name or a pretty name can do almost anything in this city," he said.

More About the Cuttings.

"There was a man named R. Fulton Cutting," said the candidate. "Oh, how he wanted municipal ownership! He preached it all the time, and all the time he was preaching it his wicked brother owned the ferry they wanted the city to own. R. Fulton Cutting said he did not own it, but he engineered the deal. The pretty name of his brother was—now what was it?"

"Bayard Cutting," yelled a voice.

"Yes," resumed Mr. Gaynor, "that was it. They turned over the land to the city for $700,000. There was a big division of money to the go-betweens and people who stepped in, and I have personal knowledge of it. It was a gross and palpable wrong to the people of the city. I believe if I am Mayor that no such thing could happen in this city."

Mr. Gaynor said he had been asked to talk about transportation to a meeting of night workers at 3 o'clock this morning, but he was so busy and so tired he did not think he could get there. He did want to say, though, that if he and his two running mates got into office no more franchises would be given away. Hearst's "rag-bag newspapers," however, on days other than those just before election, "wouldn't say a word if they stole the City Hall and carried it away."

Retracts About The World.

Mr. Gaynor did not get far in his argument along any one line without coming back to his attack on Hearst.

"I have been afraid all the time of the Brisbanes and the other libelers and whelps and hirelings striking me from the bushes," he said. "That is what they have been doing, but I don't intend to clear the marks off until after election day."

He took back, however, what he had previously said about Hearst hiring the columns of The Evening World for campaign purposes.

"They have got two columns in The World to slug me in every day," he said. "I have said 'hired,' but I want to correct that right here for the sake of The World. I was told first that they were hired, but I find that they are not hired, that by cable over to Berlin, or somewhere where the owner of The World is—he not being here on the spot—they did get these two columns for the campaign and they can't now be taken away from them. That is the truth about it; and I do not wish to say that The World has sold out its columns."

Hearst Shouter Bothers Him.

Mr. Gaynor's speech at Cooper Union, the second of the meetings he addressed, was generally similar to that in the Bronx. When the Democratic candidate was introduced as "Our next Mayor," a man in the rear of the hall yelled "Hearst will be our next Mayor!"

"Put him out," came from a dozen parts of the room.

"He's a Hearst hired man," yelled some one. The police seemed to be undecided.

"Oh, let him stay and hear some truths," suggested one man, so he stayed.

The meeting in Cooper Union was a German-American one, and the hall was filled to its capacity. It gave Mr. Gaynor a reception even noisier than that he had in the Bronx.

"Germany is a very noisy nation," said the candidate. Then he told the crowd that if he had known beforehand how representative an audience had gathered there he would have made Cooper Union his first stop instead of his second. Again he pitched into Mr. Hearst.

"Hearst didn't get you 80-cent gas," he declared. "He wouldn't dare stand before intelligent men and say that. He goes around in districts where people are ignorant and tells his story there."

After the Cooper Union meeting Mr. Gaynor was carried over to Arion Hall in Williamsburg. He did not get there until well toward midnight.

During the course of his speech, Mr. Tomkins suddenly appeared to be faint. He drew from his pocket a flask and drank from it, much to the amusement of the crowd. Mr. Tomkins continued to read his speech, but he seemed very weak.

CUTTING DEFENDS FERRY SALE

City Has Made a Profit, He Says, on Land Bought from Him.

W. Bayard Cutting, who returned to town yesterday, made this statement to a TIMES reporter in regard to Candidate Gaynor's charge that the Cutting brothers, W. Bayard and R. Fulton, had sold to the city for $750,000 South Brooklyn ferry property assessed for $183,000:

It has been charged that I sold a plot of waterfront property to the City of New York at an exorbitant figure, and that the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry Company, which I controlled, did likewise. The value of the land sold by me to the city at $1.10 a square foot can be more than justified by a number of similar transactions on the Brooklyn waterfront, of which the following may be taken as an example:

A commission consisting of William Berri, editor of The Brooklyn Standard Union; Henry A. Cochrane, and Everett Greene was appointed in 1906 to condemn unimproved waterfront property lying between the plot sold by me to the city and property sold by the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry Company. The plot in question contained 73,620 square feet. The award of the commission was $111,830, or say $1.51 per square foot. This would appear to indicate a profit to the city on its purchase from me of 41 cents a square foot. There being 4,242,284 square feet in this plot, the profit amounts to $1,739,328. The result hardly indicates extortion on the part of the seller or incapacity on the part of the buyer.

Now, as to the sale by the ferry company: At $1.10 a square foot the 200 lots of land belonging to the ferry company were worth $550,000. (at $1.51 a square foot the price would have been $755,000.) The structures could scarcely have been duplicated for $250,000, making a total of at least $800,000 for the ferry company's property, for which the city paid $750,000. No account is taken of the value of the unexpired term of the lease of the land at the foot of Whitehall Street, which was appraised by an arbitrator prior to the city's purchase at $160,000.

It may be said that the city has just concluded a lease to the Fabre Steamship Company of a pier and structures constructed on a part of the property sold by me, containing (as stated in the lease) 220,500 square feet. The land at $1.10 a square foot amounted to say $242,550. The cost of the pier and structures was $330,087, making a total cost of the property to the city $572,637. The average rental for the twenty-year term of the lease is $38,700 per year, or over 6¾ per cent. on the city's investment. It may be doubted if any of the city's waterfront improvements return as large a percentage.

The entire transaction was given the utmost publicity. All the facts are matters of public record. Any citizen can verify them. An honorable man would have done so before uttering reckless slanders.

22 COLUMNS ON OFFICIAL BALLOT

In Some Districts There Are Only Nineteen, but All Contain Duplication of Candidates.

HEARST NAMES IN DOUBT

Courts Still to Pass on Several Contests Over Places for Tammany Men Under the Alliance Emblem.

The official ballot, a fac simile of the emblems on which as they will appear in the Thirteenth Election District of the Sixteenth Assembly District, Manhattan, as here presented, contains nineteen columns. It is fifty inches wide and fifteen deep.

In some parts of the city the ballot will contain twenty-two columns. There are two independent nominations for Borough President in the Bronx and in Brooklyn several nominations were made by petition, which do not appear on this ballot. It has been possible to double up a few of these where the nominations do not conflict, so that in no part of the city will there be more than twenty-two columns.

Besides the eagle on the ballot box of the Republicans, the star of the Democrats, the scales of the Independence League, the arm and torch of the Socialists, the fountain of the Prohibitionists, the arm and hammer of the Socialist Labor Party, and the Statue of Liberty of the Citizens' Union, there are many new emblems this year.

Candidates Under Old Hearst Emblem.

On the ballot shown here in fac simile no nominations appear under the scales. The old emblem of the Independence League appears, however, with the names of local candidates under it in certain districts. The courts refused to allow the Tamamny city ticket to appear in the column, but the names of the nominee for Municipal Court Judge in the Eighth District and the nominees for Assemblymen in the Eleventh, Twelfth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-ninth, and Thirtieth Districts, and for Aldermen in the Ninth, Elevetnh, Twelfth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Thirtieth, and Thirty-second Districts, in Manhattan, will go on the ballot under the scales.

The Socialist-Labor Party nominates in Manhattan only a city and county ticket.

The Republican city, county, and borough ticket appear in the Citizens' Union column, together with the indorsement of the Assembly nominees in the Fifteenth, Twenty-third, Twenty-eighth, and Twenty-ninth Districts, and the Aldermanic nominees in the Fifteenth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, and Thirty-first Districts.

The Statue of Justice is the emblem of the Civic Alliance, the new Hearst party. Here appear Mr. Hearst's name and the names of the rest of the Republican, city, county, and borough nominees. Just how many local Assembly and Aldermanic nominations will appear in the column has not yet been determined. The courts are still considering the wrangle between the Hearst men and the Tammany Civic Alliance petitioners.

The names in the column of the Gaynor Nominators are identical with the Tammany ticket except in the First, Second, Third, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, and Thirty-first Assembly Districts, and the First, Second, Third, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, and Thirty-third Aldermanic Districts, in which there are no nominations.

The same is true of the Voters' Federation column, with about as many exceptions of local candidates.

Under the solid black circle of the Brooklyn Subway League, on the Manhattan ballots, will appear another repetition of the Tammany city ticket.

The Taxpayers' League column contains only a reproduction of the Republican city ticket.

Separate Column for Gresser.

The Tammany city ticket is again repeated on the Manhattan ballots under the safe of the Gresser Nominators. Borough President Gresser will appear in this column on the Queens ballots.

The Bannard Nominators merely repeat the entire Republican ticket, with the exception of a dozen or fifteen local Assembly and Aldermanic nominations.

Under the clock of the Eight-Hour League of America appears the lone nomination of Cornelius Donovan of 441 West Twenty-second Street for Mayor.

The Municipal Democracy, the old Henry George single-taxers, was compelled by the courts to select a new name to go on the ballot, on account of the similarity to the "Democratic Party," and chose the "Municipal Party." Under its City Hall is found the single nomination of William J. Gaynor.

The Tammany city ticket is again repeated in the columns of the Public Ownership and Control and the Liberty, Equality, and Justice nominators. The latter also indorses a few of the Tammany Assembly and Aldermanic nominations in Manhattan.

The politicians are speculating on the probable effect of the retaining of the Independence League emblem and column on the ballot. There is no question in the mind of those who have expressed themselves on the subject but that this will cause the waste of a large number of votes among the illiterate voters, who will not have realized the transfer of the Hearst forces under another name and emblem. The effect of this will fall heaviest on Hearst and Tammany.

Woman Socialist Invades Wall Street.

The Socialist Party invaded Wall Street for the second time in this campaign yesterday. The chief speaker was Carrie L. Allen, and with ample police protection she got the most orderly hearing that any but the noonday evangelists have had in the financial district since the first invasion of the suffragettes last year made public speaking in the district a signal for trouble. Miss Allen was careful to explain at the outset that she was not a suffragette.

225 kinds of desks

We offer desks in 225 styles, sizes and finishes.

They range from desks designed for the most sumptuous offices to those where low price is the first consideration.

Yet not one among them that has escaped our Puritan idea of building a desk to last.

Not one that does not embody our principle of building a desk with direct reference to doing its work most smoothly, methodically, efficiently.

We ask you to see the exhibit our salesroom floor.

Library Bureau
Business furniture and equipment
316 Broadway

OFFICIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS.

This ballot should be marked in one of two ways with a pencil having black lead.

To vote a straight ticket make a cross (X) mark within the circle above one of the party columns.

To vote a split ticket, that is, for candidates of different parties, the voter should make a cross (X) mark before the name of each candidate for whom he votes.

If the ticket marked in the circle for a straight ticket does not contain the names of candidates for all offices for which the voter may vote, he may vote for candidates for such offices so omitted by making a cross (X) mark before the names of candidates for such offices on another ticket, or, by writing the names, if they are not printed upon the ballot, in the blank column under the title of the office.

To vote for a person not on the ballot, write the name of such person under the title of the office in the blank column.

Any other mark than the cross (X) mark used for the purpose of voting or any erasure made on this ballot, makes it void, and no vote can be counted hereon.

If you tear, or deface, or wrongly mark this ballot, return it and obtain another.

GAYNOR DISAPPOINTS RAPID TRANSIT RALLY

Carnegie Hall Audience Waits in Vain and Hearst Gets Some of the Cheers.

AN APOLOGY FOR TAMMANY

A Mixture of Good and Evil, Says D Cady Herrick—Warner for City-Operated Subways.

Although William J. Gaynor was scheduled to appear at Carnegie Hall last night to address what was called a "Rapid Transit" meeting, under the auspices of the Taxpayers' Protective Union, organized last Spring, the candidate did not arrive, and the audience, after listening to speeches lauding the former Judge and other Tammany candidates for two and a half hours, filed out of the hall, apparently quite disappointed.

Even though Mr. Gaynor had been advertised by the Taxpayers' Protective Union as the real star of the gathering, Carnegie Hall was but poorly filled. Not all the seats in the auditorium were occupied, and the two galleries were deserted excepting for eight men, one boy, and two police in the first one, and two lone policemen in the top. The boxes were nearly all occupied. While Carnegie Hall can seat more than 3,000 people, scarcely 1,200 attended the "Rapid Transit" rally.

It was stated by some of those having the meeting in charge, before the speechmaking began, that Judge Gaynor would surely be there, but at the close of the evening the Chairman, John E. Connelly, announced from the stage that the candidate was delayed in his tour around the city, and that it was getting so late that it would be inadvisable to wait.

While the speakers all devoted themselves to strongly urging the election of Judge Gaynor, it was evident, from the applause that greeted the mention of the name of William R. Hearst that the Civic Alliance candidate had many sympathizers in the audience. Particularly was this noticeable during the speech of former Supreme Court Justice D Cady Herrick. He had told his audience that what was needed for the office of Mayor was a man who had business ability. Immediately there were cries of "Hearst! Hearst! Hearst!" from all parts of the auditorium.

Mr. Herrick paused and the cry ran into a mingle of "Gaynor! Hearst! Bannard!" The speaker looked over the audience with apparent impatience. He was about to proceed with his speech when a voice from the gallery bawled out:

"Hearst comes first and Gaynor after."

A ripple of laughter passed over the hall.

"Tell what Hearst has done and whatever Gaynor has done," demanded another voice.

Judge Herrick waited for the racket to stop.

"Are you through?" he asked, when there was a pause.

"Good-bye, judge. Hearst is the only candidate who's running," cried a man in the gallery, as he arose and strode from the hall.

"Put him out," yelled a hundred voices.

"He's going out," returned the departing man, over his shoulder.

The idea that ran through all the speeches was that it was advisable for the city to build and operate its subways in the future, and that under Mr. Gaynor as Mayor, the construction of them and their operation would be in excellent hands. John DeWitt Warner, the first speaker, expressed the underlying sentiment when he said:

"The crucial question of this campaign is whether the city shall keep and develop its own franchises and improve its property, or whether, as heretofore, speculative promoters, like Jake Sharp, Whitney, Ryan, and Belmont, shall be given our streets to swindle our people."

Mr. Warner declared that the city had learned, from bitter experience, that it "ought to exclude private interests from doing the business of the city." A franchise corporation's aim, he said, is to get the most cash for the least service, and experience has shown "that private management has been more wasteful, dishonest, and corrupting than has ever been charged against public service."

In commending Judge Gaynor as the ideal candidate for Mayor, Mr. Warner said that he has, for twenty years, been in the forefront of every great public cause against thieves, corruptionists, and business graft. He urged the election, also, of Robert R. Moore, Tammany candidate for Controller, and John F. Galvin, Tammany candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, so that Judge Gaynor, as Mayor, would have a majority of votes in the Board of Estimate.

"Judge Gaynor will not continue the policy of Tammany Hall, if elected," said Mr. Warner, "but he will reverse it."

Former Judge Herrick deplored the "dragging into the campaign of the traffic in women under the alleged protection of Tammany Hall," and declared that he did not believe Tammany was guilty of the charge laid against it. But he admitted that Tammany had its faults, remarking that it was a "mixture of good and evil."

"All the country will be discouraged if Tammany is defeated this election," said Judge Herrick. "Democrats everywhere are watching to see what New York is going to do. If you elect the Tammany ticket you will stiffen Democracy the country over."

Calvin Tomkins told the audience he had sized up the three candidates and felt that Gaynor was the best qualified to be Mayor. Candidates Moore and Galvin dropped in and made brief speeches. They were received with loud applause.

MULRY SAYS TURNER SLANDERED THE CITY

Banker Brands the White Slave Article False from Beginning to End.

BATTERY DAN TAKES A HAND

Magistrate Asks in Court If the Traffic Exists, and Capt. Handy Believes His Mind.

Thomas M. Mulry, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, the St. Vincent de Paul Society, and Director and trustee in a score of international, National, and local charities, issued a statement last night denouncing the charges of George Kibbe Turner in his article in McClure's on the "White Slave Traffic."

In the statement Mr. Mulry, himself once mentioned as a strong but unwilling candidate for the Tammany Mayoralty nomination, also took up the rumors concerning Judge Gaynor's alleged connection with the Christian Brothers, declaring that the candidate was never a member of that order. Mr. Mulry said he had investigated these rumors and learned that the Judge attended the Christian Brothers's school for three years as a youth, but never took the vows.

"I have always refrained from participating in political controversies," said Mr. Mubry, "but I deem it my duty as a citizen to resent the undeserved attack, made for campaign purposes, upon the fair name of one of the cleanest cities in the world.

"I have read Mr. Turner's story, and, as I have been for over thirty years engaged in the City of New York working in charitable societies, I have a knowledge of conditions in every section of the city. Now, I have no hesitation in saying from personal intimacy with facts that this story is the most outrageously false and untruthful statement ever brought to my attention in all my long experience. You know I am brought in contact with representatives of all races and religions. They will, I think, support me in my view.

"No man who knew anything of real life in New York would ever make such charges."

"Mr. Mulry," he was asked, "is there any foundation for the statement that a white slave traffic is carried on in the manner related by Mr. Turner, and could such vice be openly regulated by the people accused in Mr. Turner's article without the charitable societies of New York being aware of it?"

Vice Frowned Upon.

"Conditions were never better," replied Mr. Mulry, "and any vice in the City of New York is so frowned upon that evil people always seek to conceal it. Men, that is real men, do not hesitate to use physical strength nowadays to punish any protector of vice. On the east side we know that some of the good men have actually used force to drive such people out of their district.

"Decent people will not tolerate evil conditions, and they do not even want to read about them or have their wives and daughters know of them. Any true citizen who found conditions as Mr. Turner alleges would go at once to the District Attorney, and the offenders would be quickly indicted and punished.

"In all my life I have never known a campaign in which there has been such misrepresentation and positive slander. For the first time in many years an effort has been made to drag religion into a political contest. The most deliberate attempt along these lines was the statement frequently made that Judge Gaynor had been a member of the Order of the Christian Brothers and that he had broken his vows to leave the order. I have investigated the facts.

"From official sources I can state that there is no truth in the charge that Judge Gaynor was ever a member of the Christian Brothers. As a boy of 14 or 15 years he went to school to the Christian Brothers, and remained under their tuition for three years, leaving the school at about 17 years of age without having joined the order or taken in any way any religious vow. His superiors gave him a most excellent character during his stay with them, and say his reasons for leaving were honorable."

"Battery Dan" Takes It Up.

Magistrate "Battery Dan" Finn took the "white slave" matter up yesterday in the Essex Market Court, and turning to Police Captain Handy, who happened to be in court, asked him what he knew about it.

"I have been over here in the heart of the east side for three years," replied the Captain, "and I can say positively that there has been no white slave traffic in my precinct in that time. Why, your Honor, I know that you and Borough President Ahearn and Joe Scully wouldn't stand for this thing a minute."

"I believe you, Captain," replied Mr. Finn. "They've just stirred up this business to discredit the best City Government we ever had. But they won't succeed, for Judge Gaynor is going to get more votes than the other two candidates put together."

The Association for New York, which erected the "Our City" statue in Times Square, sent this telegram to Mr. Turner yesterday:

This association is unable to locate white slaves in New York City. Will you wire 111 Broadway the names and addresses of such white slaves as you know, so that we can investigate?

We do not believe the statements in your article, but hesitate to denounce you as the paid and deliberate defamer of innocent working women of the Jewish, Irish, and Italian races, without giving you an opportunity to make good what we believe are your libels upon those worthy nationalities.

We want no quibbling, no equivocation, but furnish names and addresses.

Ex-Police Captain Shire, commended on his retirement some time ago by Dr. Parkhurst as an honest and efficient policeman, who saw long service in the East Thirty-fifth and East Fifth Street Stations, said last night that the statements in the aricle were "unqualifiedly false." He said furher that "never in my twenty-seven years' service in the Police Department have I heard of a Tammany district leader asking protection for any form of vice."

Miss Serena Townsend, Secretary of the Woman's Municipal League, which has gone on record as protesting against the alleged white slave traffic in New York City, announced last night that prominent women are still sending in their names to the organization, offering aid to defeat the Tammany ticket. Among the latest recruits are Miss Ida Tarbell, Mrs. Seth Low, and Miss Emelie Marshall. Miss Townsend said she wanted to correct the impression that the organization had not taken up the matter until the publication of Mr. Turner's article. She said the league had started an investigation several weeks before the appearance of that article.

MORE WHITE SLAVE TESTIMONY.

Louis Marshall Says the Conditions Exist, but Jews Are Blameless.

Congressman William S. Bennet, campaign manager for Otto T. Bannard, the Fusion nominee for Mayor, made public yesterday a letter from Louis Marshall, a member of the law firm of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, in reference to the white slave story in McClure's Magazine.

Mr. Marshall has some information on the subject. He was Chairman of a commission appointed by Gov. Hughes to investigate the conditions of immigrants and the distribution of labor in this State. While Mr. Marshall declares the writer in McClure's was wrong when he set out to fasten the stigma attached to the traffic in women on the Jews, he insists that the attempts made by Tammany Hall to create resentment against Mr. Bannard and the Fusion candidates among the Jews on the strength of what Mr. Turner wrote will fail. The letter follows:

Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall.
37 Wall Street.
Oct. 28, 1909.

My Dear Mr. Bennet: I have read with much interest your admirable statement concerning the article in McClure's Magazine, which is now, with great cunning, sought to be contorted by the opponents of Mr. Bannard, into an attack by him upon the Jews, in order to divert against him a fancied resentment. To attribute to Mr. Bannard or to you as his campaign manager a purpose so fatuous, is in itself preposterous. The very fact that you declined to circulate Mr. Turner's article as a campaign document makes discussion impossible.

To hold Jews, as such, responsible for the shocking manifestations of "white slavery," which are in evidence throughout the world, and of which they are too often the victims, has never, I am confident, occurred to any well-thinking man. That the evil exists, that is a foul blot on modern civilization, that it is insidious and far-reaching, those who have been called upon to investigate it officially, as you and I have, are firmly convinced.

At the same time, we also know that monsters who exploit the unfortunates, at whose misery the whole world shudders, are found among the people of every race and of every nationality, and that the sickening trade, far from being largely followed by Jews, is practiced by non-Jews. When the investigations of the New York Immigration Commission disclosed the participation of some Jews in this traffic, members of the Jewish community at once undertook measures to aid in the suppression of that crime, which in all ages has been held in especial abhorrence by those of the Jewish faith.

While the motives of the writer of the article in McClure's cannot be questioned, he has doubtless been led into exaggerations by the rounding of his periods and by the supposed requirements of literary composition. But for that you are not accountable, nor does it affect the duty of every good citizen to co-operate in the effort to crush the malefactors who participate in the crime, which has been so graphically depicted, whoever they may be.

You may rest assured that nothing will be more futile than the present efforts to swerve our Jewish citizens by any false outcries, or to create in them a lack of confidence in Mr. Bannard, or in you, of whose sympathetic friendship they are fully convinced.

Very truly yours,
LOUIS MARSHALL.

William S. Bennet, 60 Wall Street, City.

Roll at Columbia Favors Bannard.

Otto T. Bannard was elected Mayor yesterday by a test vote at Columbia University. The election was in charge of Prof. Beard of the department of politics and Chaplain Raymond C. Knox. Mr. Bannard received 302 votes, Hearst ran second, with 72, and Gaynor was third, with 50 votes.

LIVER, KIDNEY

Bladder Diseases, Rheumatism, Uric Acid, Constipation, Alcoholic Poisons. A medical Journal states: "SAL-ELIMINANT not only maintains its reputation, but is gaining popularity as a prompt and pleasant eliminant, by leaps and bounds." SAL-ELIMINANT (Dusal) has been for years made expressly for physicians' use; now offered to the public. WHY DO WE EXPOSE OUR FORMULA? Because physicians demand it and the public should know what they are taking. We come frankly before you with the open formula of a splendid remedy. Physicians and the public would be lost without valuable proprietary remedies, such as Sal-Eliminant. These are facts. Formula on bottle. "KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING." At Druggists, 50c., $1, or by mail. Send for free booklet. OUR REGISTERED PHYSICIAN'S FREE ADVICE, 9 TO 5 WEEK DAYS, IF YOU DESIRE. Dusal Chemical Co., 34 E. 29th St., N. Y.

Advance in Duties
On French Wines and Spirits,
TAKING EFFECT NOV. 1ST.
KRUG & CO. New Rate.
Private Cuvee Champagne
Present rate, per case, $6.00...$9.60
Bouchard's Burgundies
Johnston's Clarets
Present rate, per case, $1.25...$1.85
Martell Brandies
Pernod Fils Absinthe
Present rate, proof gal. $1.75...$2.60
G. S. Nicholas & Co.
SOLE AGENTS.
41 & 43 Beaver Street,
NEW YORK.

MOTORISTS
Be sure and take a supply of
SEALPACKERCHIEF
Handkerchiefs. In Portable, Sealed, Dust-Proof, Sanitary Packages.
For Men and Women. At Leading Stores. Refuse Substitutes.

ROCKEFELLER GIFT TO KILL 'HOOKWORM'

Continued from Page 1.

400,000 to the General Education Board; $21,000,000 to Chicago University; $6,000,000 to Rush Medical College, and $2,000,000 to the Institute for Medical Research.

WHAT WE KNOW OF HOOKWORM

Dr. C. W. Stiles Reported on It to the Government in 1902.

The discovery of the "hook-worm," the parasite to which the shiftlitness and laziness of a certain class of very poor whites in the Middle South, known locally as "Crackers," "Sand-hillers," or "Pine-landers" is attributed, was announced to the Pan-American Sanitary Congress in 1902 by its discoverer, Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles, then Chief of the Division of Zoology of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.

Dr. Stiles found those afflicted with the disease suffering from an aggravated form of anaemia, which apparently no treatment then known would cure. The people themselves of pure Anglo-Saxon stock, though always poor, were found as a rule, to have yellow skin, wrinkled and waxy, hair dry and lustreless, eyes without color or sparkle, and expressions stupid and intensely melancholy. Besides emaciation these people often manifested a peculiar dropsical condition of the face, and other parts of the body. In most cases the children were found to be undersized, while young men and women 21 years old were often mistaken for children they were so stunted in growth.

The sufferers had no idea what was the matter with them, and in some instances their disinclination for work or exertion of any kind led to their being said to have the "lazy sickness." Others were thought to have malaria, and quinine and quack medicines, were used extensively. Dr. Stiles said he was so overjoyed when he became sure that he had found the parasite responsible for the condition of these people that for three days he could hardly eat or sleep from the excitement. He reported at that time that with the wise expenditure of $2,000,000, or $100,000 a year for twenty years, the disease could be stamped out. The territory in which it is prevalent is small, being confined chiefly to sections of North and South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, with very small areas in several of the States further South. Virginia is practically free from it.

GEN. WYMAN PLEASED.

National Health Officer Glad Effort Is to be Made to Drive Out Hookworm.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—"I am very glad," said Surgeon General Walter L. Wyman of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service to-night, "to learn that an effort is now to be made to eradicate the 'hookworm' disease. It is evident from the correspondence which passed between Mr. Rockefeller and the commission that they contemplate a campaign of education, and I think it would be of great value if they work in harmony with the State and local authorities, which I have no doubt they will do."

Gen. Wyman explained that the service over which he presides has been devoting a great deal of stduy and attention to the prevalence of the disease in the South. "We have endeavored," said Dr. Wyman, "to call attention of State Boards of Health to this disease in various ways."

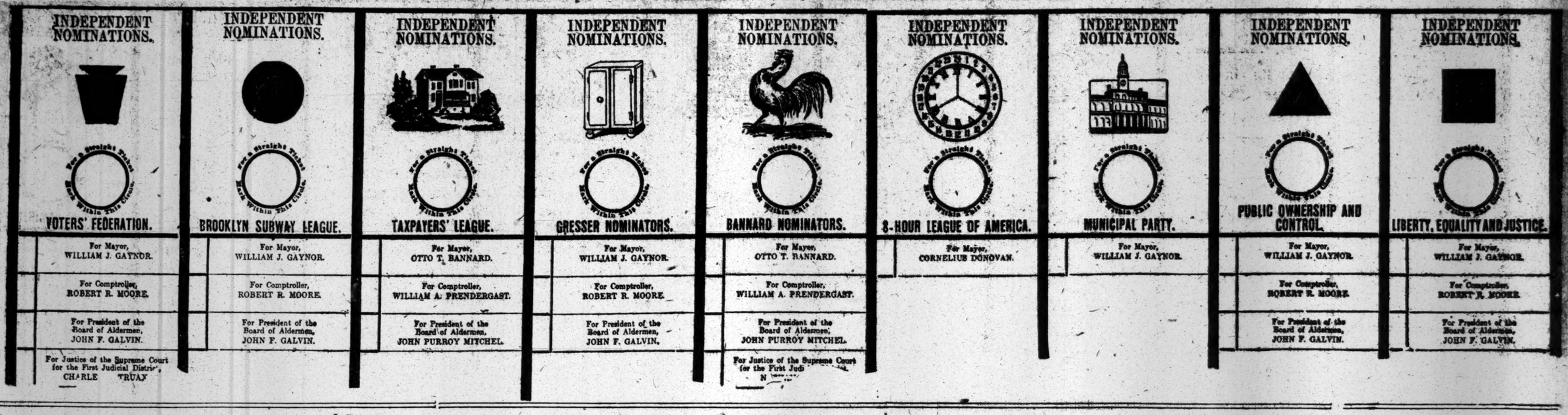
MORE and more of the big men of New York and vicinity are coming here for their clothes. Some are sceptical at first, owing to past experiences at other stores, but they all leave here thoroughly satisfied with their purchase.

For unquestionably we have the most complete lines of suits and overcoats for big men measuring up to 52-inch chest—specially priced at

$15, $20, $25 and $30.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

VOTED IN THE ELECTION NEXT TUESDAY.


INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
VOTERS' FEDERATION.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, CHARLE TRUAX
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
BROOKLYN SUBWAY LEAGUE.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
TAXPAYERS' LEAGUE.
For Mayor, OTTO T. BANNARD.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
GRESSER NOMINATORS.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
BANNARD NOMINATORS.
For Mayor, OTTO T. BANNARD.
For Comptroller, WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
For Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judi
N
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
8-HOUR LEAGUE OF AMERICA.
For Mayor, CORNELIUS DONOVAN.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
MUNICIPAL PARTY.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
PUBLIC OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.
INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS.
LIBERTY, EQUALITY AND JUSTICE.
For Mayor, WILLIAM J. GAYNOR.
For Comptroller, ROBERT R. MOORE.
For President of the Board of Aldermen, JOHN F. GALVIN.

PETTY POLICE GRAFT EXPOSED BY BANNARD

Tells How Poor Peddlers Are Forced to Buy Protection on the East Side.

FOR A LIBERAL SUNDAY

Necessary, He Says, Because of Varied Religious Faith of City's People—Speaks in Three Boroughs.

Three boroughs were covered in whirlwind fashion by Otto T. Bannard, the Fusion candidate for Mayor, last night. Starting in Manhattan, where he made one speech, Mr. Bannard was hurried over the new Queensboro Bridge into Queens, where he made three more, and from that borough crossed over into Brooklyn, where he made four speeches more, one to 3,000 persons who crowded the Academy of Music. Mr. Bannard's tour was a series of ovations. At each place large audiences cheered him as the "next Mayor of New York."

Owing to the great length of his tour—about seventy-five miles of territory being in the schedule—Mr. Bannard got to the Yorkville Casino, in Eighty-sixth Street near Lexington Avenue, before 8 o'clock. There the crowd, owing to the early hour, was the smallest that greeted him during the night, but what it lacked in numbers it tried to make up in loud and hearty cheering. The meeting was under the auspices of the Cleveland Democracy, one of the Democratic organizations that is supporting the Fusion movement.

At the New Assembly Hall in Greenpoint, Mr. Bannard's first stopping place after crossing the Queensboro Bridge, he found a packed hall and one of the most appreciative audiences he has talked to in the campaign.

"For many years," he said, "I have been the trustee of other people's money, and I feel that a Mayor should be, in the same sense, a trustee of the city's; that is the people's money. We need an administration accountable directly to the people and not to Fourteenth Street."

After the meeting in Greenpoint Mr. Bannard made a long run to Kreuscher's Hall in Ridgewood, where another audience as big in numbers and just as attentive was waiting for him.

"An audience like this does a candidate good," said Mr. Bannard. "There is no issue in this campaign like slavery, free silver, or deepwater ways. It's just the people against graft and Tammany Hall, and the people are aroused and are going to crush Tammany."

A City of Many Nations.

"The people of New York are not of one community. We have five boroughs. We have congested acres and country villages and truck farms. We have Berlin and Warsaw and Cork and Naples, Munich, Budapest, and many other cities included in our great city, figuratively speaking. We have as many religious faiths and customs as we have nationalities. The self-evident conclusion is that we must study a generous sympathy for the whole when we come to government.

"The error made by many is in deciding that from Wakefield, in the Bronx, to Coney Island, to College Point, to Staten Island, passing through twenty different cities, as it were—it is all one community. It is not, and you cannot make it so.

"The pious Jew, born and bred to observe Saturday as his day of rest, has an impregnable moral position, which no one should attack, nor can he be expected to have the same reverence for two days of the week—and when he lives in what is practically a separate Jewish city, and that entire community is in sympathy on this subject, there is no interruption in the repose and religious liberty of that particular community on Sunday, even if they do not spend Sunday as they do in some other of our cities within this great city.

"It may offend some one in Harlem to read about a permit from an Alderman to a peddler in Brownsville for a Sunday just preceding a Jewish holiday, but it does not shock me nearly so much as to hear that the Tammany Aldermen sell these permits and pocket the money, constituting themselves a license bureau. The unlicensed graft disturbs me more than licensed religious tolerance.

How He'll Enforce the Law.

"If elected Mayor it is up to me to enforce the same law upon many different communities, at least three being islands. I ask the people of Greater New York to have some sense of proportion—to differentiate if possible between opening a factory on Sunday and selling a watch key at the solicitation of a detective. Legally there may be no distinction, and I hereby go on record that I will enforce the laws—but when such enforcement is to do rank inhuman injustice, either to satisfy the prejudice of a crank or to open the avenues for graft, it will be a matter between me and my God as to how I shall handle it and what I shall say or do about it. It is the most troublesome question of Greater New York.

Be to her virtues very kind.
Be to her faults a little blind.

"I had not intended to speak at length upon this most perplexing subject and thus cause anxiety to those who feel responsibility for my campaign, but the following signed letter from an officer of a Jewish Peddler Association touched me to the quick:

Peddler Tells of Graft.

At first we are compelled to vote for Democrats, and each of us pay $2 to the Democratic campaign for a march. We are chased then like sheep to the streets, and we are compelled to pay to (John Doe) the Captain of the station house, each of us, 50 cents per week. John Doe has a habit of giving orders for arresting us. Then we send for old pay and then he takes us out again. We are promised a park in the Jewish section and also a swimming pool to learn our children how to swim, but please come over and help us. See the way we are standing in line for our good money we have to pay to grafters to protect us. The streets are dirty in the Jewish section, but when election comes they all promise to do before they elected.

"It means that you must take your choice between liberality on some subjects and graft. Nurse your prejudices and graft will thrive. If you want to stamp out graft let it be understood that people of all races, colors and creeds, must observe the laws, but that they will be enforced in each community with sympathy and toleration where they constitute no serious interruption to the repose and religious liberty of that community.

"A candidate who tells you now that he will not enforce the law knows that if elected he can be compelled to enforce the law, and his promise is greater than any possible performance on his part."

Tells of Building Graft.

From Ridgewood the route was to Richmond Hill, where a crowd of about 1,000 persons were patiently waiting to give Mr. Bannard a rousing reception. There Mr. Bannard again referred to grafting in the city departments, and said that business men had told him they stood for graft because they had to, and that architects and builders who wanted alterations made in their plans had told him the same thing.

Some one in the crowd asked Mr. Bannard what he thought of Joseph H. De Bragga, the Republican candidate for President of the Borough of Queens.

"I understand Mr. De Bragga is a capable, honest man. I have no criticism to make of Mr. Gresser, and I understand that Mr. Cassidy is not so desirable," was the diplomatic answer.

The members of the Roosevelt Club in Woodhaven heard Mr. Bannard next. He told them that a great responsibility rested on the city administration to be elected next Tuesday in that the city would probably spend about $750,000,000 in the next four years.

From Woodhaven Mr. Bannard went to Congress Hall in Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, where he spoke briefly and then proceeded to the Johnson Building, where he talked to the members of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club. From this meeting he went to the Academy of Music, where he found a great crowd, that packed that immense building from pit to dome, waiting for him, although it was then a few minutes of 11 o'clock. The crowd cheered Mr. Bannard fully five minutes, the men shouting and the women waving American flags and handkerchiefs. It was one of the finest demonstrations Mr. Bannard has received in the campaign. His speech there was along the same line as at his previous meeting.

REGISTERED, BUT CAN'T VOTE.

Half a Dozen New Yorkers Will Lose Their Ballots, Says Supt. Leary.

It developed yesterday that there are about half a dozen regular voters in New York County who will be deprived of their votes next Tuesday because of having been registered, in most cases through the fault of election officers, in wrong election districts.

One such instance has been brought to the attention of THE TIMES through a reader and inquiry at the office of the Superintendent of Elections William Leary elicited information regarding other similar cases. The TIMES reader had voted in a district on upper Fifth Avenue for ten years, but last May moved to Broadway, near 145th Street. He applied to register in what he was informed was the election district in which he was living, and was there directed by the election officers, he says, to another district, to which he then applied and was permitted to register. He thought no more about the matter until last Sunday, when he was informed by a policeman of his mistake and that he would lose his vote.

When his case was presented to Supt. Leary yesterday Mr. Leary said he did not think the voter now had any redress, even though the error was not his, as the election officers were expected to know the boundaries of their own districts.

If the mistake had been discovered two days before the second Saturday before election, that is, before last Saturday, it is probable, Supt. Leary thinks, that a Justice of the Supreme Court would have issued an order compelling the Inspectors to register him in the right district.

REPUBLICANS ARE ALARMED.

Massachusetts Democrats' Campaign Stirs State Chairman to Action.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Oct. 28.—Alarmed by the interest shown by voters in the vigorous campaign which is being waged in behalf of the Democratic State ticket, the Republican State Committee began to-day mailing broadcast individual letters appealing to rural voters to support its nominee in the coming contest. The letters, which are signed personally by George H. Doty, Chairman of the Republican State nominee, state that the need of votes is urgent, and calls upon each recipient to see that his "neighbors go to polls." The letters recite the achievements of the Republican Party and asserts that "no adequate reason has been advanced for a change in the conduct of affairs at the State house." The closing sentence says that "every vote is needed."

The Democrats are jubilant over the move, which they regard as conclusive evidence that the party campaign is being waged along effective lines.

THINKS BRISBANE IS "CONTROLLED"

Leader Murphy Asks Why His Interborough-Belmont Attacks Have Ceased.

STOCK JUGGLING, HE SAYS

He Puts Hearst Second in the Race, Conceding Him About 100,000 Votes.

Leader Murphy of Tammany Hall said yesterday in almost the same breath in which he stated that Hearst will run second in the Mayoralty race that he is not sure that the editorial policy of The Evening Journal is not dictated by personal interest.

"Why has Brisbane stopped attacking the Interborough and Belmont?" he asked. "It might be a good idea to find out just how much Interborough stock he owns."

"Does he own any at all?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"He did up to three or four months ago, that I know."

"How much?"

"Oh, I don't know exactly. Several thousand shares."

"It is said that Belmont is for Hearst."

"Well, it certainly looks as if he is not against him," replied the Tammany chieftain emphatically.

The matter was brought up in connection with a statement issued by John F. Galvin, the Tammany candidate for President of the Aldermen, in which he made insinuations similar to Mr. Murphy's and quoted from a letter written on Evening Journal paper and signed by Mr. Brisbane introducing Clemment Driscoll as a man working for the establishment of a station on the Sixth Avenue elevated line at Thirty-eighth Street, near which Brisbane owns property. Driscoll has for a long time been one of the confidential employes of the Hearst papers.

"Why has he (Brisbane) stopped attacking the Public Service Commission for what he termed waste and reckless expenditure of the people's money?" asks Mr. Galvin. "Is it because on the petition of Mr. Brisbane and others the commission has directed that a new station shall be built on the Sixth Avenue elevated railroad at Thirty-eighth Street, the erection of which would greatly increase the value of the property owned by Mr. Brisbane in Thirty-eighth Street?"

"Mr. Galvin also ventures to ask Mr. Brisbane what has changed his point of view and continued the statement, "why he has ceased to attack Mr. Belmont and his associates and become again so suddenly an ardent admirer of his. Was it that Mr. Brisbane's successful speculation in thousands of shares of the Interborough Company and the profits he made therein had changed his point of view and made him so suddenly forgetful of all the wrongs which the public had been suffering?

"Will Mr. Brisbane take his readers into his confidence and tell them when he bought the stock, at whose suggestion, and what profit he has made on the purchase?"

The letter of introduction read:

New York Evening Journal Publishing Company, President's Office,
Feb. 26, 1909.

I write this note to introduce Clement Driscoll, a friend of mine. Mr. Driscoll is undertaking with a good deal of energy the task of getting an elevated railroad station established at Thirty-eighth Street and Sixth Avenue. I hope he will succeed.

I thought that as a property owner you might be interested in the undertaking and give Mr. Driscoll some encouragement in his efforts. I have signed an agreement to make a payment of $250 per lot for each of the two lots that I own in Thirty-eighth Street, in the event of Mr. Driscoll being successful.

I believe that the establishment of an elevated railroad station there would be of considerable importance to that street.

Yours very sincerely,
A. BRISBANE.

"Everything Mr. Galvin says and insinuates is true," said Mr. Murphy with emphasis when he was asked about the matter. "Furthermore, I think if you will look into it you will find that Belmont's $500,000 suit against Brisbane has been dropped."

Mr. Murphy said positively that at the present time he is convinced Hearst will run second.

"Do you base that on figures or just from observation?" he was asked.

"Figures, mostly," he replied.

"How many votes do you think he will get?"

"I can't tell yet. The canvasses of the leaders have not all been reported to me yet."

"A hundred thousand?"

"Around that."

"Where will Bannard come in?"

"I don't think they will be far apart."

"How about Gaynor?"

"As I have said many times before he will get more votes than the other two put together, and will carry the rest of the ticket in with him by a substantial plurality."

100 DEFEND PRENDERGAST.

He Wasn't Responsible, They Say, for Mercantile Agency Failure.

Chairman E. H. Outerbridge of the Committee of One Hundred said last night that the Fusion Conference had carefully investigated all the matters referred to in a recent advertisement attacking William A. Prendergast, before it indorsed him for the nomination for Controller. Mr. Outerbridge said it was conclusively shown then that Mr. Prendergast could not, with any degree of justice, be held responsible for the misfortunes of the concerns mentioned in the advertisement, inasmuch as he had not had control of their management.

"In the case of the International Mercantile Agency," said Mr. Outerbridge, "Mr. Prendergast, at the urgent solicitation of those who proposed to invest a large additional sum of money to perfect its organization, accepted an appointment to look after their investment. Subsequently they decided not to invest the money and Mr. Prendergast immediately resigned, and the bankruptcy of the company later was the result of the failure of these capitalists to supply this sum, and cannot, in any way, be attributed to Mr. Prendergast's temporary connection with the company.

"On the other hand his constructive work in the National Association of Credit Men, in the Lands Improvement Company of Depew, in the Island Estates Company, and other enterprises for which he had been selected by some of the most important capitalists in this city, because of his eminent ability in organization and finance, proved him to be most ably fitted for the office of Controller. These facts can be ascertained from any of the prominent credit men of this city by any one desiring to make an honest investigation of his character and abilities."

FUSION'S BIG NIGHT.

Quadruple Parade to Precede the Durland's Academy Meeting.

The climax of the fusion speaking campaign will be reached this evening when the big mass meeting at Durland's Riding Academy is held under the auspices of the Business Men's Municipal Association. Prior to the meeting there will be a "quadruple" parade, when four processions composed of voters who intend to support Bannard and the fusion ticket will converge on the hall from starting points on the upper and lower east and west sides. John Claflin will preside over the meeting, and the speakers will include Attorney General Wickersham, Mr. Bannard, and all the chief fusion candidates.

Mr. Bannard will begin his day with a noon address before the Commercial Travelers' Bannard League at Eighth Street and Broadway. In addition to the Durland Academy meeting in the evening he will speak at Croton Casino in the Bronx, the Amsterdam Opera House on the middle west side, the Yorkville Casino on the east side, Empire Hall in East 116th Street, the Star Casino, Lexington Avenue and 107th Street, and at some smaller halls, in all ten night meetings.

COURTS AGAIN HALT BALLOT PRINTING

Justices Dickey and Gerard Reverse Previous Decisions on Alliance Nominations.

OFFICIAL PRINTER ALARMED

Necessity for Making New Plates Threatens to Delay Preparation of Ballots Beyond Election, He Says.

The printing of the official ballots for the election was again delayed yesterday, when Supreme Court Justice Gerard reversed his previous decision in part and ordered that the Tammany candidates for the Thirty-first and Twenty-fourth Assembly Districts should be put in the Civic Alliance column.

Justice Gerard on Monday ordered the spaces for the candidates for Assemblymen and Aldermen from these districts left blank in the Civic Alliance column. In reversing this order the Justice explained that he had misconstrued the decision of the Appellate Division.

Under Justice Gerard's ruling yesterday it will be necessary for the printers to make new plates for the ballots, with the restored names upon them. President John T. Dooling of the Board of Elections and Manager Valentine of Martin B. Brown & Co., the printers, were in court, and both said they feared the necessity of making new plates might make it impossible to have the ballots ready by election day. Manager Valentine said that his firm had proceeded with the printing after the Justice's decision on Tuesday, and that most of the ballots for the districts affected by yesterday's decision had been printed.

"We certainly can't print the ballots in time if things keep up the way they have been going," said Mr. Valentine. "I should judge that this reversal will necessitate the destruction of 100,000 ballots which have been printed already. What I am chiefly worrying about is where the money is coming from for the extra ballots. We have found it very difficult in the past to collect extra money, and I anticipate that it may be as difficult in this case. In Manhattan not all, but nearly all, of the ballots had been printed, as we thought that the Justice's decision of Tuesday settled the ballot question once and for all."

President Dooling finally told Mr. Valentine to resume printing, and that he would let him know by telephone if there were any further changes in the ballot.

Mr. Dooling was greatly disturbed by the turn matters took yesterday.

"We are still obeying orders according to the different Justices," said he, "but we are losing money all the time, and it all depends when they get through making changes whether the official ballots will be printed in time for election or not. Why, only yesterday Supreme Court Justice Dickey in Brooklyn ordered the names of Robert Watson, candidate for the Assembly in the Second District, and Joseph H. McMullan, Aldermanic candidate in the Forty-third District, restored to the ballot, and to-day we have just received an order from him reversing his decision and ordering their names removed. All the ballots were printed over there, and it is impossible to tell how many will have to be destroyed and new plates made under this new ruling."

Another complication arose yesterday which was settled out of court. President Herbert Parsons of the Republican County Committee learned yesterday that the order in which the Democratic nominees for the Municipal Court in the Second District should appear on the ballot had been reversed. As a result of this the name of Justice Benjamin Hoffman was being printed opposite that of William Blau, one of the Republican nominees. The effect of this would have been to give the voters wishing to split the ticket by the usual method, the choice between Justice Hoffman and Mr. Blau instead of betwen Mr. Blau and Leonard A. Snitkin, who has been assailed by the Bar Association and from many quarters as entirely unfit for the bench, and who for that reason it is believed will lose many votes if the voters are given a choice between him and Mr. Blau, who has been indorsed by all the Fusion organizations.

Mr. Parsons caused legal papers to be drawn up to stop the printing of the official ballot until the order was reversed, and wrote a sharp letter to President Dooling of the Board of Elections, who replied that the transposition had occurred through a mistake, and would be corrected.

MORE ELECTION INDICTMENTS.

Leader Rush's Brother Surrenders—One to Prison for Fraud.

Joseph Rush, who lives at 67 East Eighty-fifth Street, brother of Thomas E. Rush, Tammany leader of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, surrendered himself before Justice Crain in General Sessions yesterday as the result of a Grand Jury indictment charging him with violation of the election laws. He was accompanied by former Magistrate Sweetser, and John J. Manning, a pawn broker, furnished $1,500 bail.

According to the indictment Rush's offense consisted in advising the Polling Board of his brother's district not to admit a duly accredited watcher to the booths at the time of the primaries.

Five other indictments were returned by the Grand Jury yesterday for election law violations, but no arrests had been made up to the closing of court last night.

In sentencing James Murphy to Sing Sing yesterday for false registration Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions vigorously condemned election frauds.

"Murphy, you have pleaded guilty to a very serious charge," said the Judge. "The violation of the election law strikes at the very foundation of our Government, liberties, and civil rights. Any attempt to pollute the ballot must be unhesitatingly condemned and severely punished. There are persons in this community who look upon this crime lightly and believe that the election law can be violated with impunity. Let them take warning."

Murphy registered on Oct. 5 in the Second Election District of the Third Assembly District from a lodging house in which he had never lived. Judge Rosalsky gave him an indeterminate sentence of from two to four years.

SULZBERGER URGED ON TAFT.

Philadelphia Judge Warmly Supported for Appointment to Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Judge Sulzberger, President of Common Pleas Court No. 2, to whom was offered the position of United States Minister to Turkey by Secretary Knox, is being mentioned for the seat left vacant by the death of Rufus W. Peckham, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

In behalf of the appointment a petition is being circulated among the members of the bar, and it is obtaining the signatures of many friends of Judge Sulzberger. Among those who are supporting his selection are William A. Glasgow, Jr., and Hampton L. Carson. The petition, which has been prepared and sent to President Taft, says:

We, the undersigned petitioners, members of the bar of the County of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, earnestly urge Mayor Sulzberger, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of our county, for nomination to the vacancy now existing on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States.

We do so because we have had an opportunity to see and test the wide judicial knowledge, the breadth of mind, the fairness, the integrity, and the philosophical trend of mind of our honorable Judge, Mayor Sulzberger, and therefore think and believe he would make a capital and illustrious addition to the present forum of Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and we unhesitatingly and without the knowledge of our distinguished jurist recommend that your Excellency appoint him an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of our lamented Justice, Rufus W. Peckham.

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
The Carbonate of Soda
which is its natural and chief constituent
is the sworn enemy
of Gout, Rheumatism and Indigestion.

Ask for Imperial when you want Superlative quality.
Imperial "Gold Label" Beer
Extra Fine, Bright, Clear, Sparkling.
It's Just the Beer for Your Home.
Bottled at the Brewery. CHARLESTON & WORMS, BREWERS, NEW YORK.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street
New and exclusive models in
Fall Overcoats for Men, $15 to $43
"Exclusive"—because the ideas are ours—confined, each one of them, to a showing here. But the prices are common to every shop; which immediately suggests this thought:
Since you are ready to pay a given price, why not choose where your price will buy elegance and distinction without extra cost?
Had we not at our beck and call the brains, skill and talent of our own designers, the conscientious handiwork of our own tailormen, our story would be different. It is only because of these advantages that we are enabled to *give* more without the need for *asking* more.
A variety of distinctive Fall Overcoats, in all the approved fabrics; new patterns and new colorings. Some are silk lined, others silk faced—all are types of unusual value at their respective prices.
Saks-Special Shoes for Men, $3, $4 & $5
Substantial footwear, presented in the most favored of current models and all approved leathers
SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY & SATURDAY
Silk Lisle Half Hose for Men, 3 pairs for 1.00 } 35c the pair
A very superior quality, with double soles, heels and toes. In tans, grays, navy, gunmetal, hunter green, purple, helio, reseda, green or black.

30 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.
Extraordinary!
Boys' All Wool Blue and Gray Chinchilla Reefers or Overcoats at $5.00
Overcoats in Russian style button to neck, sizes 2½ to 8 years.
Reefers ¾ length, sizes 6 to 12 years. Flannel lined; silk velvet piped and collar.
SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

It's Time for California
Now is the time to plan your trip.
The Los Angeles Limited
is the train of *Comfort*.
Lighted throughout with electricity—individual reading lamps in every section and private compartment.
The ease and comfort of your own library is assured in the composite buffet-observation car. Perfect cuisine and service in the dining car.
The Pullman equipment provides a choice of standard drawing room, private compartment and tourist sleeping cars.
This is the SAFE route; automatic electric safety signals, heavy steel rails and over 700 miles of double track.
Through service direct to Riverside, Los Angeles and Pasadena, leaves Chicago 10:00 p. m. daily, via the Chicago & North Western, Union Pacific and Salt Lake Route.
R. M. JOHNSON, Gen'l Agent, C. & N. W. Ry., 461 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
UNION PACIFIC
SALT LAKE ROUTE
LA1231

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH

of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 FIFTH AVENUE near 41st Street.

Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.

Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.

Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

UPRISING IN KOREA MAY FOLLOW MURDER

Death of Ito Apparently Due to a Widespread Conspiracy in Seoul.

INTERCESSION HOPED FOR

Leaders Made People Think Foreign Countries Would Act Against Japan If Attention Was Excited.

SEOUL, Korea, Oct. 28.—It is evident from the attitude of a considerable section of the Korean population that the assassination of Prince Ito was not unpleasing. Those comprising this section represent the element which is now deprived of opportunities formerly offered here and they are agitating for further violence. Viscount Sone, the Japanese Resident General in Korea, is much disturbed by the reports coming in regarding the attitude of some of the officials and others who were formerly closely connected with the court of the Emperor.

It is now believed that the entire plot was hatched in Seoul and the closest investigation is proceeding to discover the instigators of Prince Ito's murder. It is said that there is reason to believe that several prominent Koreans, while not actually privy to the assassination, lent themselves to a secret agitation and encouraged the people in general in the opinion that the sympathy of foreign countries would be extended to them if the situation were forcibly brought to their attention.

It is now known that secret societies existed to spread the propaganda that Prince Ito's outward friendship for Korea was merely a blind. The report also was widely circulated that Japan intended to confiscate the property of all Koreans, depose the Emperor, and drive the people into the sea.

The palace of the Resident General is strongly guarded day and night. A decided feeling of unrest pervades Korea and it is feared that the assassination will be followed up by an active movement looking to a general uprising in the hope of intercession by the United States or some other power to prevent the further absorption of Korea's sovereignty by Japan.

The ten Koreans arrested at Harbin will be rigorously examined with a view to discovering the instigators of the plot, of whom it is believed the assassin was merely the tool. Detectives engaged on the case are using their utmost energies and there is reason to believe that there will be important developments in the near future.

It can be confidently stated, however, that the best element among the Koreans and a vast majority of the people are still loyal to the memory of Prince Ito, and it is not considered possible that the agitation will be successful in unsettling the country to any great extent, especially in view of Japan's announced intention not to change the policies promulgated by Ito.

HARBIN, Manchuria, Oct. 28.—The assassin of Prince Ito was identified to-day as Inchan Angan, a former editor of a newspaper at Seoul. He said he was one of an organization of twenty Koreans who had taken an oath that they would kill the Japanese statesman.

The assassin used dumdum bullets, which had been poisoned with cyanide.

TOKIO, Oct. 28.—The Japanese warship Iwate, which is bearing homeward the body of Prince Ito, sailed from Dairen at 10 o'clock this morning. The body rests in a plain casket, and is accompanied by President Makamura of the Southern Manchurian Railway and nine others. Before the departure of the warship all music was prohibited in Dairen and flags were kept at half-mast. Representatives of the Emperor of Japan will board the warship at Sasebo. The vessel is due to arrive at Yokosuka, the naval station near Yokohama, on Monday.

All social functions, including the ball which was to have been held at the Foreign Ministry on the Emperor's birthday, have been postponed. Preparations for an imposing state funeral are being made, and a magnificent shrine will be erected in the midst of the tombs and temples of the great shoguns at Shiba Park.

The Foreign Office is receiving messages of condolence from the head of every State in Europe. The newspapers republish columns of foreign comment on the assassination. Count Inouye, the lifelong and intimate friend of Ito, despite his shattered health, is proceeding to Sasebo and will accompany the body home.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 28.—Arrivals yesterday by the steamer Tango Maru from Japan state that the trip of Prince Ito to Manchuria, while officially stated to be private and non-political, was made partly at the instance of Premier Katsura and Count Komura, the Foreign Minister.

The general opinion expressed by the Japanese newspapers was that Prince Ito was on an important mission. Collating expressions of native papers, The Japan Mail said:

"Certain publicists seem determined that his Highness has an important purpose in making this journey. They believe that in view of the keen scrutiny concentrated by foreign powers on Japan's relations with China the Prince's trip has been planned with the object of reducing the dimensions of Japanese enterprise in Manchuria and the machinery for fostering and protecting it. The forecasts pointed to the withdrawal of the Governor General at Kwantung and intrusting the work to Consular hands."

One Japanese newspaper maintained that Prince Ito was to have been intrusted with a position in Manchuria similar to that he held in Korea. The Nichi Nichi said Japan's Manchurian policy would probably be remolded as a result of his trip.

WOMEN THROW ACID AT POLLS IN LONDON

Attempt to Invalidate Ballots Results in Serious Injury of Election Officials.

MOVE PLANNED BY LEAGUE

Organization That Arranged "Grille Incident" Pleased at Opportunity to Celebrate Anniversary.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Chapin, a suffragette, smashed a bottle containing ink and corrosive acid on a ballot box during the Bermondsey bye-election today. Her intention evidently was to destroy the ballots in the box, as a protest against the exclusion of women from the right of franchise. The acid splashed the election officers, a number of whom were so severely injured as to require medical attention. Mrs. Chapin was arrested.

About the same time a similar attempt was made at another booth by a young girl who wore the suffragette colors. Here little damage was done. Apparently not much of the acid reached the ballots in either case.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst, daughter of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who is now in America, while deploring the injury of the officials, asserted with much emphasis:

"It is the Government that is responsible. It is the Government that drives women to these acts."

It appears that to-day's violence was planned by the Women's Freedom League, the members of which glory in what was done. It was members of this same league that picketed the House of Commons for fifteen weeks. The league's Secretary, Mrs. Martyn, said to-day:

"We thought that, as Premier Asquith had not shown himself amenable to our requests, the time had come to take more active measures. Our plans were thought out most carefully, and we found delight in the opportunity to carry them out on the anniversary of the 'grille protest' in the House of Commons, which was arranged by the Women's Freedom League. Our object this morning was to invalidate the election. We had formed various plans, and the others would have been tried during the day had this one failed."

The "grille incident" took place on Oct. 28, 1908, when a suffragette demonstration was made in the ladies' galleries during a sitting of the House of Commons. When attendants sought to empty the galleries they found that two suffragettes had firmly chained themselves to the grille, or lattice, from behind which women watch the proceedings of the house. It was necessary to file the chains before the women could be removed.

CALLS ACT INEVITABLE.

Mrs. Pankhurst Compares Suffragette Outbreak to Our Revolution.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Pankhurst, the English Suffragette, lectured here this afternoon and was the guest at a reception given to-night by society women who are enthusiastic over the cause.

When asked her opinion of the act of Mrs. Chapin in throwing acid at the polls in London to-day she said:

"In our movement we neither criticise nor repudiate what is done. I will not say that Mrs. Chapin's act was justifiable or that it was not. It was certainly inevitable, as was the American Revolution. In all struggles for reform and freedom many regrettable things are done, but the blame for them should be placed on the unjust and tyrannical Government which drives people to do such things in desperation. If Mrs. Chapin did what she is reported as having done she did it because she felt so hopeless that she could think of no other way of helping her cause.

"Whether her act was wise or not, or whether it will help or hurt our cause, I am not prepared to say. Personally, I do not believe in doing anything that will antagonize the voter. We want his vote. But I do not wish to criticise the woman who thinks otherwise and who is trying to accomplish the same great reform I am. There may have been ballots in the boxes on which the acid was thrown, which were against the same British Government we are trying to fight. I hope, however, that the men tending the ballot boxes were not injured.

"The British Government is as obstinate now as it was when the American colonists felt that they had no recourse except to take up arms against it. It was, of course, regrettable that the American colonists had to take the law into their own hands, but there was no other course left, and the course they did take was inevitable.

"It was regrettable that there should have been such a loss of life and property in the Revolution as there was, but the blame for it lies directly at the door of the obstinate British Government."

WOMAN SUFFRAGE PLATFORM.

Mrs. Mackay to Read Document at Carnegie Hall Convention.

The platform of the New York Woman Suffrage Convention, to be held this evening at Carnegie Hall, has been given out. It will be read by Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Chairman of the Platform Committee. It will demand:

Amendments to State and National Constitutions permitting women to vote.

Amendments of the City Charter requiring

1. One-third members of Board of Education to be women;
2. At least three members of the Board of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals to be women.
3. Compensation all employes under municipal civil service, including teachers, to be determined by position and not by sex of worker.

Amendments of the State Civil Service law prohibiting exclusion of any citizen from any examination on account of sex.

A big deputation to wait on Charter Legislative Committee and present these requests.

A deputation to urge the Mayor to appoint women to at least three of the nine vacancies to occur on the School Board Jan. 1.

The floor of Carnegie Hall will be filled by 1,000 woman delegates regularly elected from every Assembly district in Greater New York, representing every class of society. A contribution of $25 toward the expense of the meeting has been received from one of the richest women in New York not hitherto connected with the organized suffrage movement. She has asked her name to be withheld for the present.

WHITE DINES DIPLOMATS.

Ambassador Gives Farewell Affair to Latin-American Representatives.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—Henry White, the American Ambassador, entertained the diplomatic representatives of the South and Central American Republics at a farewell dinner at the embassy to-night.

The Latin-American diplomats will unite in a farewell luncheon to Ambassador White on Saturday, and M. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, will give a diplomatic dinner the same night in his honor. Almost every foreign Ambassador in Paris has given a farewell entertainment in Mr. White's honor during the last fortnight.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

QUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Oct. 28.—Congress, which was to have adjourned to-day, has been convoked by President Alfaro in a special session of ten days and will continue the discussion of the proposed loan of $10,000,000 offered by a British syndicate.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Oct. 28.—The House of Representatives adopted a resolution to-day disapproving the contract by which the Muzo emerald mines were leased to a British syndicate by former President Rafael Reyes.

ARROW
CLUPECO SHRUNK QUARTER SIZE
COLLARS
Most of the successful styles appear first in Arrow Collars
15c. each — 2 for 25c.
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, LIKE ARROW COLLARS, ARE THE BEST AT THE PRICE—25C. A PAIR

CHURCH IN FRENCH POLITICS.

Archbishop Organizes Catholic Voters to Support Its Interests.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—A new and interesting situation has been created by the French Episcopate's declaration of war against the public schools of France and the open attempt initiated by Archbishop Germain of Toulouse to rally the Catholic voters at the general elections of 1910 in support of candidates committed to the defense of Church interests. Archbishop Germain has formed an association of Catholic voters, the object of which is thus described:

We demand the re-establishment of religious peace, first, by a direct entente between the sovereign and the Pontiff or by new legislation acceptable to the latter and assuring full liberty to the Church; and, second, the re-establishment of complete liberty of education.

Although the extreme anti-Clerical Radicals of the type of former Premier Combes urge that the time has come for the State to suppress completely the private and religious schools and assume a monopoly of education, the general disposition of the Republican groups, which accomplished the separation of Church and State, has been to ignore the Catholic campaign in the belief that the country was in no danger of reversing its adopted policy.

Nevertheless the Government is preparing a bill for the protection of teachers who are subjected to persecution by Catholic parents and religious committees which are forming throughout the republic. Premier Briand, it is expected, will set forth the views of the Government in the matter during a speech on public education, which he is to deliver next Saturday.

CASTELLANE WINS CASE.

Former Wife Ordered to Carry Out Ruling on Sons' Education.

PARIS, OCT. 28.—The court which has had under advisement the case of Count Boni de Castellane against his former wife, the present Princess de Sagan, growing out of differences as to how their two eldest sons should be educated, returned its decision to-day. The court rebuked both the Count and the Princess for their disagreement in the matter of schooling their children and ordered the judgment of May 27 put into immediate effect. This judgment provided that in the event of a disagreement the boys be sent as resident pupils to the Lycée of Jansan, where the court said they would be certain to find proper medical attention.

The petition of the Count that the defendant be penalized $100 daily for each child so long as she failed to obey the order was rejected and the costs of the case were divided between the two parties.

Following the judgment of last May the Princess deferred placing the children in the school as directed on the ground that their health was such as to make that course impracticable. Last Friday the Count instituted the action for enforcement of the court's instructions.

Private Branch Exchange Telephone Service

The Service for Large Establishments

The telephone service of a large establishment may be said to be efficient—

When there are sufficient trunk lines to the Telephone Company's exchange so that calls can be sent and received simultaneously;

When a telephone is located on the desk of each official, and in each department of the establishment, so that the proper person can be reached with the least possible delay;

When these telephones are connected with switching apparatus so that any telephone can be connected with any other telephone in the same establishment or in any establishment within 1000 miles reached by the lines of the universal Bell system;

When this switching apparatus is properly presided over by some employe, whose duty it is to see that all telephone connections are promptly made.

The Private Branch Exchange Telephone Service which we furnish meets all these requirements. In smaller offices it consists of a small monitor switchboard which can be operated by a stenographer or clerk *without interfering with other duties.* To this switchboard are connected the lines to the Telephone Company's exchange and the telephones located throughout the establishment (see illustration). In very large concerns the volume of telephone traffic may require the services of one or even several operators.

A further advantage of this system is its flexibility. Additional trunk lines and telephones can be added as business increases, thus providing at all times the exact telephone service required.

Call nearest Contract Office and let us explain this service to you in detail and quote rates.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S MADE-UP DRESSES AND SUITS

IN THE REGULAR STOCK OF THIS DEPARTMENT, B. ALTMAN & CO. CARRY A NUMBER OF SMART DRESSES AND SUITS FOR EVENING AND STREET WEAR, INCLUDING STYLES FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.

EVENING DRESSES RANGE FROM $38.00, 55.00 AND UPWARD
TAILOR-MADE SUITS " " 25.00, 35.00 AND UPWARD

IN THE DRESSMAKING & TAILORING DEP'T

PARIS MODEL GOWNS, DESIGNS AND THE LATEST MATERIALS, ARE SHOWN FOR COSTUMES TO BE MADE TO ORDER.

B. Altman & Co. ARE ALSO SHOWING AUTUMN MODELS OF THE "FASSO" CORSET, DESIGNED IN SYMMETRICAL LINES TO HARMONIZE WITH THE LATEST FASHIONS IN DRESS; AS WELL AS SEVERAL STYLES OF THE "ESNAH" CORSET, FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.

MOTOR APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES

WOMEN'S MOTOR COATS, HOODS, BONNETS, HATS AND VEILS.

MEN'S MOTOR COATS AND CAPS OF VARIOUS WOOLEN FABRICS.

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S FUR AND FUR-LINED COATS, IMPORTED RAIN COATS, KNITTED WOOL JACKETS, MOTOR SCARFS AND GLOVES. ROBES OF FUR OR WOOLEN MATERIALS.

ALSO HAMPERS OF LEATHER OR WICKER, CLOCKS, THERMOS BOTTLES AND JARS; FITTED BAGS AND CASES, CARRY-ALLS AND POUCHES, FIRST AID CASES AND CUSHIONS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Lord & Taylor

Men's Auto Knitted Jackets

Grey Shaker Knit Jackets
$5.50

Worsted Hand-Finished Jackets
$5.50

Heavy Grey Worsted Hand-Finished Jackets
with derby collars
$6.00

Oxford Fancy Knit Front Jackets
with plain back
$7.50

Fine Worsted Jackets
hand-finished, $8.50, with silk sleeves, $11.50

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

If you'll eat more Quaker Oats

you'll get the benefits in health of body and brain that

Dr. James Crichton Browne, LL. D., F. R. S.,

the celebrated London medical expert on food values, says are sure to come from eating plenty of good oatmeal.

The experts at the Seattle Exposition confirmed all previous decisions of experts by giving Quaker Oats the highest award and gold medal.

Regular size package 10 cents

The Quaker Oats Company
CHICAGO

There are exactly-right KOH-I-NOOR Pencils for every Physician.

17 different degrees of hardness and softness.
10c. each, $1.00 per dozen.
At all "Koh-i-noor Quality" stationers.
34 East 23d St., New York.
L. & C. HARDTMUTH, Est. 1790. 27

Letting by-gones be by-gones.

The Morning Coat

A Refinement of the so-called English Walking Coat is the new Morning Coat. It is the appropriate garment for semi-formal dress, supplanting for most purposes the Frock or Prince Albert.

$25.00 to $45.00

Perfect fit and finish are essential characteristics that will not be found lacking in our Morning Coats.

Such Suits, and Overcoats in a range of patterns from the conservative dark fabrics to the lighter fancy designs, and beautifully finished.

$18.00 to $45.00.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open till 9 P. M. Saturday.

Browning, King & Company
B&K TRADE MARK
Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

MOTHERS should teach their little ones the daily use of *some* good dentifrice and by so doing spare them much pain and annoyance

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, prevents tooth decay and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

DERMOPHILE
(Made in France)
UNDERWEAR

No cotton cloth,
no open meshes,
no linen underwear
can protect you against chill or Winter's sudden changes.

Dermophile Will,
because it is made of **pure wool**—nature's protector.

Soft as satin—a delight to wear and *guaranteed unshrinkable* or money refunded.

AT LEADING DEALERS.
Write for Booklet.
THE DERMOPHILE CO., 456 Broome St., New York.

To Advertisers.

Advertisements for Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building not later than 6 P. M. TO-DAY.

More than 100,000 copies of Sunday's Times are sold among the money spending classes that advertisers are anxious to reach. Last Sunday's Times contained 151 columns of the best class of advertisements.

The New York Times.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

TAFT FLEET PLODS ALONG IN CONFUSION

President Is Seven Hours Late at Vicksburg, and Little Is Left of Celebration.

OTHER SHIPS FAR IN REAR

Speed of the Steamers Was Averaged in Making Schedule—Slow Ones Unable to Keep Up.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Oct. 28.—President Taft's trip down the Mississippi, which is not turning out at all as it was meant to, continued to-day with more mishaps. The President got here on the Oleander at 9:40 P. M., seven hours late. The Cabinet members in the party were rescued by the President from the Erasmus Wells and taken on board the Oleander, so that they were able to take part in the abbreviated celebration here. Others of the party came on by train.

The St. Paul, which started out with half the governors of the United States on board, and the Quincy, which had Speaker Cannon and a lot of Senators and Representatives as passengers, are somewhere up the river, but hadn't been heard from late to-night. The rest of what was meant to be an imposing fleet to escort the President triumphantly down the Mississippi, is scattered along the river at various unknown points, plodding on in a disordered procession. One has been partly wrecked, another ran aground.

The only vessels which are not in the rear of Mr. Taft's flagship are far ahead. They were the fo torpedo boats which were to act as the President's escort. They were at St. Louis a few days before Mr. Taft's arrival, but falling water sent them scurrying over the sand bars just below St. Louis in search of deeper water. At last accounts three of them were still searching for deeper water somewhere ahead of the procession. The other, the Wilkes, had to give up the search because it struck a sand bar early in the afternoon near Kingsburg and stuck there. The Wilkes is still aground. The other torpedo boats were not able to help her, and a tug will be sent to try to get her off.

Taft Leaves for Natchez.

President Taft left here at 11:35 P. M. on the Oleander for Natchez. It is a nine-hour run, so that he will reach Natchez early to-morrow if the Oleander succeeds in getting over the bars.

The cause of all the trouble was found out to-night. Some person whose identity has not been disclosed made out a schedule for the trip down the river by adding together the maximum speed of the fast boats and the slow boats and striking an average speed for all. This was all right for the fast ones, but how the slow ones were going to keep up has not been explained.

The Governors and Congressmen when they found themselves getting further and further behind the President this morning decided to disembark at Greenville and make for Vicksburg by special trains. They hailed the steamer Alton as it passed the Quincy and the St. Paul, and sent instructions ahead that a special train be hired.

Greenville was taken off its feet when the distinguished delegation put ashore there and went across the city to catch the train. All the Governors got back aboard their steamers to-night, but say they will debark again when their boats get far behind, even if they did come to see the river.

The celebration at Vicksburg had to be almost abandoned on account of the way things turned out. The people of Vicksburg had made great plans for entertaining the President. The President himself had been looking forward with pleasure to a three hours' drive this afternoon over the famous battlefield. The city had been elaborately decorated in his honor.

All that was left of the programme to-night was the buffet supper which was held at the Elks' Club.

President Expresses Regret.

The President made a speech in which he expressed his deep regret that the schedule of the river trip had gone so far awry as to cut short his visit to Vicksburg.

The first the people of Vicksburg knew of the seven hours' delay in the arrival of the President was when a message was received from Greenville, Miss., shortly after noon. This message, along with several news dispatches, was thrown overboard from the Oleander in a glass bottle and was picked up by a launch sent out by the telegraph company.

The schedule of the trip from now on is, every boat for itself. Although it is planned now to have the President wait outside of New Orleans on Saturday until most of the boats can join him there, the chances are that this scheme will have to be abandoned if Mr. Taft is to set foot in the Crescent City during daylight.

President Taft tried to remain with the fleet as long as possible. On that account he was three hours late at Memphis and two hours late at Helena. After a consultation at Helena last night orders were issued annuling the alignment originally made, and each steamer was instructed to look out for itself and to get to New Orleans as soon as possible, regardless of any other vessel.

The President took advantage of his long day on the river to get rid of a lot of correspondence, keeping both of his assistant secretaries busy from early morning until after dark to-night. He took occasion, too, to consult with the three members of his cabinet on board the Oleander, the Secretary of War, the Postmaster General, and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

Entertained by Congressmen.

The President last night was entertained at dinner on board the steamer Quincy by the Senators and Representatives composing the Congressional delegation to the Waterway Convention. He and Speaker Cannon again expressed their views on waterway improvement. The Speaker is not yet converted to the President's idea of issuing bonds to carry approved projects to completion, and declared he would never vote for any improvement project which did not call for a continuing contract, the work to be paid for from year to year.

President Taft believes that when a waterway improvement has been determined upon after careful inquiry and investigation as to its necessity, and its feasibility, that bonds should be issued for the estimated cost in order that it may be carried through to completion at the earliest moment. In the past river and harbor improvement has been largely controlled by political exigencies, a big appropriation being made at one session of Congress and none at all at the next session just before election time.

Speaker Cannon said he favored bonds when necessary in war or in peace to keep the public faith, but if Congress voted to satisfy every demand for bonds for highways, for reclamation and irrigation projects, for the drainage of swamp lands and for forest preservation, there soon would be another debt equal to that of the civil war, now nearly wiped out.

"But I am going out of Congress—some day," said the Speaker.

"No, no," shouted a number of his colleagues of the House, "we don't believe it."

"Oh, yes, I am," he replied, "and when I do there will be plenty left for you boys, and there will be lots of business going on at the old place."

In his speech the President said, among other things:

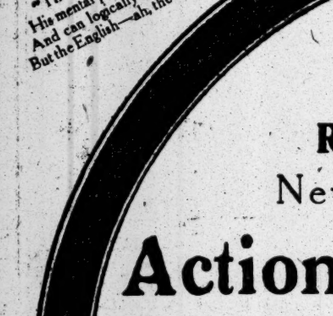
"I sincerely believe that we, all of us, if we do not go to the bottom, will derive a most useful lesson from this trip. We shall all know when we get through the trip exactly how Uncle Joe stands with reference to this business of improving the rivers. But I don't think it makes very much difference what each individual thinks with reference to the improvement of the Mississippi River. I mean the details of that improvement. I believe that the fact that this expedition has been entered upon has set the public attention so upon this subject that Congress must take some action, and from the fact that Congress must act it seems a result will be reached."

DE LARA RELEASED ON BAIL.

Mexican Lawyer Is Charged with Being Illegally in This Country.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 28.—L. De Lara, a Mexican attorney held by the United States Immigration officers on charges of being an Anarchist illegally in this country, was released from jail to-day on $3,300 bond, pending his hearing before Chief Inspector Ridgeway of the immigration service.

De Lara's bond was signed by two business men.



Imported Cocoas
are higher in price than those of American manufacture.
The fact that our Government collects Heavy Duty on the same ABSOLUTELY does not improve the QUALITY, but only INCREASES the Price.

Hayler's Cocoa
is the perfection of American manufacture and is absolutely the Purest & Best in the World

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

ASTOR DIVORCE EVIDENCE ALL IN

Testimony Taken Secretly and the Referee's Report Will Soon Be Made.

NO DEFENSE BY COL. ASTOR

One Co-respondent Named and Only One Witness Called—Each to Have Custody of a Child.

Although Charles H. Young, the referee in Mrs. John Jacob Astor's divorce suit against her husband, refused yesterday to discuss the case and the lawyers on each side were silent, it was learned from friends of the Astor family that arrangements have already been made for the custody of the children and that practically all the testimony has been taken.

According to these friends, Mrs. Astor is to have custody of Muriel Ava Alice Astor, her 7-year-old daughter, and Col. Astor will take charge of Vincent, the son, who is at present cruising with his father on the yacht Nourmahal in West Indian waters.

From the same source came the information that Mrs Astor has named only one co-respondent and that only one witness will figure in the proceedings. This witness, it is said, is an attaché of the Astor household, and lawyers on both sides have already heard the testimony.

Mr. Young, it is said, will soon be ready to file his report to the court. There is little doubt what the result of this report will be, for all was carefully arranged beforehand, it is said, and Col. Astor will offer no defense.

It was also stated yesterday that there would be a division of property instead of alimony, but that Mrs. Astor would probably not get the Fifth Avenue house nor the country estate at Rhinebeck-on-the-Hudson. For some time it has been the gossip at Ferncliff that Col. Astor had intended starting work on a new manor house there last Summer, but had abandoned the plans at the last moment. The present manor house is a small brick building. Partly in keeping with the Astor wealth, built by William Astor in the days when house parties were not so fashionable as they are at present. It was because of the insignificance of the small lodge that Col. Astor built the large clubhouse a few years ago. It is said, however, that this never appealed strongly to Mrs. Astor, and that because of her dislike to it her husband promised to build a new manor house.

The estate at Rhinebeck was one of the dearest possessions of Col. Astor's father, and it is said to have been his wish that it should never pass out of the family. It is also said to have been the father's wish that the mansion in Fifth Avenue remain a family possession. While these two properties will be retained by Col. Astor, there are other valuable possessions, it is said, which will come into the hands of Mrs. Astor and her daughter.

Mrs. Astor's friends say that she will probably make her home abroad after the final settlement of the divorce proceedings. Although the Fifth Avenue house is not to be hers, she is said to be directing the alterations there, merely because she is familiar with the designs selected before the divorce procedings began.

Whitney Goes to Sing Sing Still Single.

Ralph H. S. Whitney was taken up the river to Sing Sing yesterday to serve his indeterminate sentence of from five to ten years. Despite various appeals and many reproaches he is still single. The chaplains at the Tombs refused to marry him to Grace Maidhof. The plan to marry them by proxy failed, the law requiring the persons concerned to take out a license themselves.

The Estey name is too valuable after sixty years of honor to permit Estey makers of the present day to make anything but a first grade piano and sell it at a reasonable price. The fact is that Estey pianos are fair-made and fair-priced.

7 West 29th Street, New York

Think Right about an
ESTEY PIANO

BATONYI DECREE HELD UP.

Court Reserves Decision on Wife's Plea to Have Divorce Confirmed.

Supreme Court Justice Dowling reserved decision yesterday on the motion of counsel for Mrs. Frances Bourke-Roche Batonyi for an interlocutory decree of divorce from Aurel Batonyi, the horseman, based upon the jury's findings last week in her favor.

Mrs. Batonyi came into court accompanied by her lawyers, ex-Judge W. M. K. Olcott, J. Henry Work, and David May, and took the witness chair.

"Did you consent to connive in, or procure the offenses alleged to have been committed by your husband?" asked Mr. Olcott.

"I did not," replied Mrs. Batonyi.

"Have five years elapsed since you discovered this conduct on his part?" was the next and last question, to which she answered "No."

Justice Dowling asked Mr. Olcott if there was to be an application for alimony now, and was told that there was not, but that the right was reserved to ask for it at some future time, if so desired. Morris Cukor, attorney for Mr. Batonyi, said he was opposed to the confirmation of the jury's verdict, and desired to enter an exception. He received permission to file a brief in opposition. He followed this by a request for thirty days' stay of proceedings, and sixty days in which to apeal should the court confirm the verdict, both of which were granted. Mr. Batonyi was not in court.

Mother and Children Deported.

Mrs. Gabrielle Olbrecht and her two small children, Victor and Emile, were ordered deported to Germany yesterday for fear they would become public charges if permitted to stay. The woman arrived here some days ago on the Red Star liner Vaderland on her way to join her husband, August, a coal miner in Alberta, Northwest Canada. He did not claim his wife or send money to pay her railroad fare. It was learned he was out of work and unable to care for her.

JUST PUBLISHED

ROBERT HICHENS'

Greatest Novel

Bella Donna

A Powerful Story of the Desert and the Wonderful Valley of the Nile

Two Editions Sold Before Publication

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

J.B. LIPPINCOTT CO. PUBLISHERS PHILADELPHIA

A Novel of Yankee Humor, Pathos, and Love

KEZIAH COFFIN

a novel by

JOSEPH C. LINCOLN

Author of "Our Village," "Cy Whittaker's Place," etc.

Quaint illustrations in pen and ink by Wallace Morgan.

"In Keziah, who gives her name to the book, we have the same shrewd, capable, humorous woman that Mr. Lincoln has drawn frequently for our delight, only this time he shows with equal faithfulness the more serious and pathetic side of her character."—*New York Sun.*

"From the inimitably humorous beginning to the final chapter, never once is the reader allowed to emerge from the pleasant delusion that he has been transported bodily to Cape Cod and set down among some of the most delightfully quaint and eccentric characters that America can produce."—*Newark Evening News.*

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, NEW YORK

Best & Co.

Seasonable and Reasonable

Suits and Overcoats for Young Men and Boys

These Suits and Overcoats for cold weather wear have been tailored with the same undivided attention to the requirements of Young Men and Boys, which has made our Clothing (for Thirty Years) the criterion of Style and Quality.

The reasonableness of our prices is made possible by our complete manufacturing facilities and the magnitude of our Clothing Business.

Young Men's Suits in Cheviots, Serges, Cassimeres and Fancy Unfinished Worsteds; 15 to 20 yrs..... *$16.50 to $25.50*

Young Men's and Boys' Overcoats, Medium and Long; double and single-breasted models, with and without velvet collar, also styles which button to neck; 10 to 20 yrs..... *$12.00 to $25.00*

60-62 West 23d Street

Half of the Glass sold in New York as
Cut Glass
is pressed in a mould.

Dorflinger's
is not.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant.
Electrical supplies—lamps, irons, chafing dishes, heaters, bells sold and installed.
Both work and merchandise are of the highest quality—both guaranteed.
C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
709 Sixth Ave., near 41th St.

The Buffalonian
$8 Lv. Desbrosses St.....7:45 P. M.
West 42d St.....7:55 "
Ar. Buffalo.....7:15 A. M.
West Shore R. R.

CHIRIS OLIVE OIL
The Best For Invalids

READY NEXT MONTH

The Song of the English

Elaborately illustrated by W. Heath Robinson.

A sumptuous edition of Kipling's famous poem.

Net price, $7.50.

From "THE PUZZLER"

"The Celt in all his variants, from Builth to Ballyhoo,
His mental processes are plain; one knows what he will do.
And can logically predicate his finish from the start.
But the English—ah, the English! They are quite a race apart."

The *New York Sun*
says of
RUDYARD KIPLING'S
New book of stories,

Actions and Reactions

"Among the eight tales will be found some as good as he has ever written: a charming idyll of the English country, a fine dog story, a successful experiment in terror . . . . . His verses have their old-time power and swing."

All Booksellers. Illustrated. $1.50.

DOUBLEDAY PAGE & CO. NEW YORK.

The Pocket Edition of Mr. Kipling's books in full flexible leather, per volume, net $1.50.

Send for List.

Doubleday, Page & Co., 133 E. 16th St., N.Y.
Please send me your free 180-page "Guide to Good Books."
Name .....
Address .....
T.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Macys

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Evening Gown Made of Syrian Scarves

2d Floor.

A beautiful tight-clinging model, made of shining Syrian Silver Scarves, richly trimmed with silver applique and silver balls, folds of black velvet on bodice and around bottom of the skirt create a singularly striking effect.

$169.00

Other Gowns made of Syrian Scarves to your special order--also Wraps and Hats.

GEBHARDT DENIES OTHER MARRIAGES

Anna Luther's Slayer Refuses to Add New Chapters to His Confession.

SLEUTHS SEEKING EVIDENCE

They Will Dig Up the Yard at His Home To-day in the Search for Clues.

Frederick Gebhardt, alias Otto Mueller, the confessed bigamist, and slayer of Anna Luther, refused yesterday to make the further confession of victims he had promised to Coroner Savage, on the night before. But the Coroner hopes soon to compel a complete avowal from the prisoner.

After eagerly reading all the morning newspapers and the list of victims they linked with him, Gebhardt denied all knowledge of the women. He smiled unconcernedly at each name the Coroner recalled to him, and, with a stolid shrug of his shoulders, refused to talk. He did, however, admit his Sing Sing record and marriage to Anna Link in 1895, despite his earlier denials. He blamed the matrimonial agencies for his falling into crime and his subsequent discovery.

Meanwhile the Brooklyn detective bureau is tracing up every clue to possible further victims of Gebhardt's marriages. His garden and cellar at Astoria will be subjected to a more thorough digging up to-day. Owing to the fact that Gebhardt seems to manifest hostility toward no one except his present wife, the police hope that she may have further knowledge of his past, and will try to get it from her. At the inquest Gebhardt confessed that he had married Anna Luther merely because he hated his present wife. He chose for the ceremony the second anniversary of his earlier marriage. According to Mrs. Gebhardt, he seemed to feel a kind of justification for his hatred of her in her refusal to turn over her real estate to him, for he often complained to her relatives about her. Finally, she said, he beat her repeatedly, tried to get grounds for a divorce, and told her of "seven previous wives underground."

According to Coroner Savage, Gebhardt's first inquiry, after eating a hearty breakfast, is always for the morning newspapers. These have hitherto been supplied to him whenever he asked, but the Coroner yesterday countermanded this privilege, in view of the fact that Gebhardt, reading of his supposed victims before the authorities have had a chance to question him about them, seems to be forewarned, and is able to deny all knowledge of them with perfect nonchalance.

"I believe," said Coroner Savage yesterday, "that we shall get him to admit knowledge of Mrs. Marie Katz, Emma Schroeder, and other women who have been mentioned as his dupes or victims, as soon as we get a little more substantial evidence against him. He denied his prison sentence and earlier marriage to Anna Link also until we obtained the police records. I believe the hope of clemency will lead him to make a clean breast of his whole history ultimately.

"It seems most probable to me that the man who posed as Otto Mueller, an architect, to Anna Luther is the same one who as Reinhold Mueller, an architect, duped Mrs. Katz. To me there is nothing in his action or speech to indicate insanity or anything but a low type of criminality. I think just for money was at the bottom of all he did. Having found that it succeeded the first time, he repeated the experiment again and again, until finally he was tripped up."

Coroner Savage said that the report emanating from the Brooklyn Detective Bureau on Wednesday night, that Gebhardt had already confessed to the murder of two wives besides Anna Luther, was incorrect. The Coroner said he had merely notified Capt. Coughlin that when he questioned Gebhardt about a triple murder by one Mueller at Worcester, Mass., the man implied that he would tell all about his victims the next morning. The Massachusetts murder turned out to have been committed in 1898, while Gebhardt was in Sing Sing.

A Mrs. Mueller of 923 St. Nicholas Avenue sent the Coroner a picture of herself and her husband, who had deserted her in 1898. The picture bore some resemblance to Gebhardt, but he stolidly denied any knowledge of the woman. At the inquest, which will be continued at Islip to-day, it is believed that friends of Mrs. Marie Katz, as well as Mrs. Minnie Rosenau Mueller, who thinks she married Gebhardt in Russia fourteen years ago, will appear and try to identify him.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 28.—The West Brookfield tragedy of twelve years ago, in which Francis Newton, a farmer, his wife and daughter were murdered, Chief of Police David A. Matthews of this city believes is about to be cleared as the result of the partial identification of Gebhardt, alias Otto Mueller, held by the New York police for murder. Police officials in this city think that Gebhardt, alias Mueller, is none other than Paul Mueller, who committed the triple murder in West Brookfield during the early morning of Jan. 9, 1897.

GIRL LOSES LINCOLN MEDAL.

Trophy She Won in The Times's Essay Contest Dropped in a Car.

Sixteen-year-old Mildred Ostrofsky, who was one of the successful competitors in THE TIMES Lincoln Essay Contest last Spring, has lost the medal which she received from THE TIMES for her essay.

When she competed for one of the Lincoln medals she attended the Washington Irving High School. She is now employed by a business house in the Shubert Building, at Thirty-ninth Street and Broadway. She lives at 69 Walton Street, Brooklyn, and it was while going home on Wednesday night that her medal was lost.

She boarded a crowded Broadway car at Thirty-ninth Street. When she left the car at Fourteenth Street, meaning to transfer to Williamsburg, an impulse made her put her hand to her throat, and she found that the medal, which, like a brooch, she had always worn there, was gone.

She does not believe that the medal was stolen. She has made inquiries at the Lost and Found Bureaus of the street railway company at Fourteenth Street and Fiftieth Street. Her name, "M. Ostrofsky," is on the medal. She has asked THE TIMES to publish her loss.

GIRL ROUTES 40 NIGHT RIDERS

Fires Gun When They Beat Down Doors to Get Her Father.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct., 28.—A girl armed with a double-barreled shotgun put to flight forty night riders when they broke down the door of her father's house.

The riders appeared at the home of George Kreitz, evidently with the intention of whipping him. When entrance was refused the door was beaten in with an axe and crowbar. Kreitz's young daughter, standing ready with the loaded shotgun, discharged both barrels. The masked men fled. Kreitz recognized several of the men and arrests are expected.

Before appearing at the Kreitz home, the riders went to the farm of a neighbor, Benjamin Longnecker, and shot through the windows. Bullets narrowly missed members of the family. Longnecker and Kreitz sold their tobacco crops to independent buyers and refused to enter the pool of the Burley Tobacco Society.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL OPENED.

Among Contributors to Paris Institution Are J. P. Morgan and Helen Gould

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The American hospital built and equipped through the generosity of the American colony in Paris was formally opened to-day in the presence of American Ambassador White, Minister of Education Doumergue, who represented the French Government; members of the Board of Governors, and the medical staff.

The hospital, the need of which has long been felt, is beautifully situated at Neuilly, and is surrounded by spacious grounds. It contains twenty-five beds, many of which have already been endowed. Among those who have thus contributed are J. P. Morgan, W. K. Vanderbilt, and Miss Helen Gould.

HEROIC WORK SAVED MANY AT FATAL FIRE

Efforts of the Firemen and Police Alone Prevented Greater Loss of Life.

THE TIEDTS SUFFOCATED

Bookmaker's Wife Found Seated in a Window Dead—How a Mother Saved Her Baby.

Investigations made yesterday by the officials of the Fire Department into the cause of the fatal fire at 203 East Fifteenth Street, in which Herman Tiedt, a bookmaker, and his wife were burned to death, disclosed the fact that only the heroism of the firemen and police saved others from perishing.

According to Marshal Steery's aids, P. Kilgallen, W. J. Lawlor, and H. W. De Malignon, the fire originated through some one carelessly throwing a lighted cigarette on the carpeted wooden staircase, which smoldered for some time unnoticed and then blazed up to the top floor, aided by the draft blowing through the open scuttle on the roof.

The rooms were let out furnished to the tenants by the housekeeper, Mrs. Geisler Parreyhs, who lived on the second floor. She was the only one carrying insurance on personal property in the building.

Tiedt paid the life insurance for himself and wife at 7 P. M. on Wednesday night, only a few hours before they were suffocated by the smoke rolling in a dense volume up the staircase.

According to the stories told by the firemen and police, the most heroic act was that performed by Elmer Peters, a bookmaker, in trying to save his wife from the flames. They occupied the top floor front, which was on fire. Peters managed to get his wife to the window and placed her on the sill.

The crowd in the street shouted to him to hold on while the firemen were getting a ladder up to the window to bring them down. Peters clung heroically to his wife, with the flames scorching his back. At last she let herself go into the arms of a fireman on the ladder, but slipped through and dropped to the sidewalk. Weakened by the tension of holding his wife, who weighed 175 pounds to his 140, Peters fainted and fell headlong to the street. Fortunately, a sign broke his fall, and he escaped with nothing worse than severe bruises. Fireman Lawlor carried them into Cushman's bakery, at Fifteenth Street and Third Avenue, for first aid until an ambulance arrived from Bellevue Hospital.

Another difficult piece of work for the rescuers was in persuading Mrs. Margaret Doran, who lived with her two children at No. 205, next door, on the top floor, which was on fire, to come down the ladder with her baby. Her eldest child, 6 years old, was taken down in safety, and the mother would only consent to go after the fireman had promised to allow her to carry her three months' old baby in her arms.

In the excitement, John Billings, who lived on the second floor at No. 205, became alarmed, and, against the cries of the firemen to wait for the ladder, jumped out of the window to the street. He struck a tailor's sign, which broke his fall and tossed him into the basement. At Bellevue Hospital yesterday it was found that he had injured his back and fractured his skull. Cora Kelly, one of the tenants in No. 205, returned from a party at 1:45 A. M. and saw the smoke pouring from the locked door of No. 203. She aroused the neighbors and a crowd collected, she said, but it was 1:59 before an alarm was turned in, and by the time the fire engines arrived, four minutes later, the staircase and top floor were aflame.

When the firemen got to the top floor they found Tiedt lying dead on the floor and his wife sitting dead on the window sill.

Some years ago the top floor was used as a poolroom, and the one window in the rear was barred. A partition divided the room from the scuttle in the roof, which was open. The firemen of Truck 3, under Capt. Shannon, worked hard to save the lives of the tenants, and it was owing to their coolness that so many were saved.

It was said at Bellevue Hospital yesterday that out of the fourteen men and women who were taken there, suffering from contusions and burns, three had gone home and the others would recover. The damage was estimated to be about $2,000.

NEW ELECTRIC MOTOR HERE.

First Big Locomotive for Use in the Pennsylvania's Tunnels Arrives.

The first of the Pennsylvania Railroad's new electric locomotives, which are being specially built to draw passengers under the East and North Rivers over the heavy grades of the Pennsylvania tubes, reached Long Island City yesterday.

The locomotive in appearance looks like two-passenger coaches spliced together. It has ten windows on each side, weighs 168 tons, and is said to be capable of pulling a heavy freight train at the rate of sixty to seventy miles an hour. It was built at the Pennsylvania shops in Altoona and will be known as the "Pennsylvania" locomotive. It is built in two sections, with two cabs and two running gears, each section having eight wheels.

A novel feature of the new type locomotive is the use of a single motor for two pairs of drivers. It is the largest railway motor in weight and power ever constructed. It is set high above the roadbed, secure from snow, water, and dirt. It weighs, without gear, 45,000 pounds. The controller of the locomotive can be moved by the tap of a finger. But the moving of the lever starts a current equal to that available in a hundred trolley cars. It has 4,000 horse power. The locomotive is fitted with four contact shoes. Its construction is steel throughout. Each of its two sections has a bell, sandbox, and whistle, the latter being blown by air. Twenty-three more of the locomotives are now being constructed at the company's shops at Altoona. No. 3,998, the one which arrived at Long Island City yesterday, will be used for making tests over the electrified lines of the Long Island Railroad.

NEW JUDAISM IN ENGLAND.

Claude G. Montefiore Proposes Abolition of Ceremonial Practices.

A religious movement affecting the Jews of England has been inaugurated by Claude G. Montefiore, a scion of a Sephardic family celebrated for its piety and many benevolences. As the head of the Jewish Religious Union, Mr. Montefiore has issued a pronouncement which has caused dismay among his orthodox co-religionists, and even among those who belong to the moderate reformed body of Jews. Not only does Mr. Montefiore cast off all allegiance to the rabbinical code, which has always been regarded as a fence built around the Mosaic dispensation, but he exhibits a tendency to discard even the Pentateuch itself. The new movement has as yet no place of worship or even a minister, but those responsible for it announce their intention to supply these needs.

The basis of the new Judaism is a declared adhesion to the spiritual substratum of the old faith, with the maintenance of the Levitical fasts and festivals. The ceremonialism of Judaic practices is to be abolished. Old forms, old beliefs, old customs, are to be abrogated.

Neo-Judaism, as promulgated by Mr. Montefiore, is to consist in practice, of a single communion with the God of Israel.

5 Hours to Washington

When in a hurry to get to Baltimore or Washington at the end of a business day, do it in comfort by taking the

"Royal Limited"

It leaves Liberty St. at 4 o'clock, West 23d St. 10 minutes earlier. It affords travelers every convenience. Pullman vestibuled throughout. Cafe, Smoking, Dining and Observation Car. *No extra charge for special accommodations or time.*

Other Royal Blue Trains Every Even Hour During the Day.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad

New Jersey Central, Phila. & Reading Ry.

REFUSES TO SEND WALSH TO PRISON

Judge Rules That Chicagoan May Remain at Liberty Under Bonds, Pending Appeal.

NO PLAN TO ESCAPE SHOWN

Attorneys for Financier and Guarantors of $7,000,000 Note, Interest on Which Is Due, Hold Conference.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—John R. Walsh, whose conviction for misuse of the funds of the Chicago National Bank was affirmed recently by the United States Appellate Court, may remain at liberty under bonds, pending an attempt to appeal his case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The decision making this possible was rendered in the Appellate Court to-day, when Judge Grosscup denied the petition of the Government to have the Walsh bond of $50,000 canceled. Mr. Walsh, hitherto, allowed to travel about the country, must now, however, remain in Chicago.

The Government's petition set forth that Walsh, with a sentence of five years' imprisonment confronting him, and with plenty of money at his command, could well afford to leave the country, forfeiting his bondsmen.

In answer, counsel for the defendant, among other things, pledged Mr. Walsh's word that he would at attempt to leave the United States, and that should his petition for a rehearing by the Appellate Court be denied, and should the Supreme Court go against him, he would at once surrender himself.

"Nothing is brought to our attention in the petition," said Judge Grosscup, "that shows any greater likelihood that the plaintiff in error will not remain in the jurisdiction of the court to answer to the final order of the court than ordinarily exists in criminal cases at this stage of the procedure. To sustain, therefore, the prayer of this petition would be to say that no convicted man, whose conviction has been affirmed, shall be allowed to be out on bail pending a petition for rehearing or an application to the Supreme Court for writ of certiorari. This is not the attitude which courts of appeal ought to take toward parties whose appeals have not been finally passed upon. The petition is denied.

"This action does not, however, preclude the Government from keeping plaintiff in error under such surveillance as it may deem proper, nor from asking for increased bail. The matter of increased bail is not before us on this petition."

Mr. Walsh is said to have been placed under constant scrutiny of five Governments agents last night.

After the Court of Appeals had announced its decision, the attorneys representing the Walsh holdings and the guarantors on the note of $7,000,000 now outstanding, interest on which is due, held a conference. The result of the conference was not made known. The Chicago Clearing House Association, which holds the note, according to one of its number, will make no attempt to embarrass the guarantors, and if satisfactory assurance that the interest will be paid is forthcoming, an extension of a few days probably will be granted.

"GET THIS HABIT." WEAR

Brill Clothes

These great, busy Brill stores present many attractive reasons for their rapid growth.

They are stores that are liberal enough to show ten different makers' clothes, besides the clothes produced through their own organization.

They are stores who realize that many of the public want not only smart styles, good fabrics and good tailoring, but also extra values.

Brill stores, through their own organization, close mill affiliations and Brill-directed, no-expense tailoring, provide special value clothes that lead America for extreme values.

Brill stores also provide advanced style models and fabrics, for many Brill models and fabrics are fully six months to a year in advance.

Brill clothes are fairly priced at **$15.00** to **$45.00.**

Brill special value clothes are **$17.00** and **$21.00.**

They represent values that are fully one-third more.

Brill Brothers

CLOTHIERS.

279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers St. UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way.

Harlem Store Open Evenings. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue. 47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Going to the Automobile Race?

We have all the apparel to send you there in comfort. Ready to put right on.

Handsome, good fitting motoring coats that defy the cold and absolutely bar the wind.

Fur coats in great variety; coat-sweaters, gloves, etc.

All at prices that hit you "easy."

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

Supervision

"F. S. & U." shoes have always been made in our own workshops. Every workman there is thoroughly imbued with the "F. S. & U." idea. Every incentive that will help to make a good shoe is provided; every obstacle that would hinder is removed. The results we invite you to judge.

$5 to $10

French Shriner & Urner

183 BROADWAY, Singer Building.
365 BROADWAY, Corner Franklin.
1253 BROADWAY, Between 31st and 32d.
140 WEST 42d ST., Near Broadway.
Brooklyn—367 Fulton Street.
Chicago Philadelphia
Associates throughout the United States.

POLITICAL. POLITICAL. POLITICAL. POLITICAL.

VOTERS!

The Taxpayers Protective Union calls your attention to these records:

ROBERT R. MOORE

Robert R. Moore, Democratic candidate for the office of Comptroller, is fifty years old. He has been engaged in the banking business since 1883. From clerk, at six dollars a week, he rose steadily through the several positions of teller, assistant cashier, cashier, to the vice-presidency of the Gallatin National Bank, which position he held until 1901. In that year Mr. Moore was chosen President of the Bank of New Amsterdam. In 1906 he resigned to organize the Commercial Trust Company, of which he is now President. He is regarded in banking circles as one of the ablest and best informed financiers in New York City.

JOHN F. GALVIN

John F. Galvin, Democratic candidate for the office of President of the Board of Aldermen, is fifty years old, and has been engaged in active business in the City of New York for the past 29 years. He is a large employer of labor, and thorough investigation shows that he is highly regarded in the general business community, and has the respect and hearty co-operation of his employes. He has always been a large employer of Union labor, and has never had a strike. This is his business record: President of the Metal Stamping Company; President of the Automatic Axle Co., of Lancaster, Pa.; President of the Carriage, Harness and Accessory Trades Association of the United States; a Director in the Electrometals Company, Limited, of Niagara Falls; Director in the American Tropical Hardwood Company; a Director in the Travellers' Protective Association, and a member of the Merchants' Association.

WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST

William A. Prendergast, Republican candidate for the office of Comptroller, is forty-two years old.

Thirteen years ago he entered business with the millinery firm of Boyle, Conover & Ednie. *Four months later this firm went into bankruptcy.*

In 1898 he became *Treasurer* of Levake, Brett & Co., with sworn net assets of $125,000. *Nine months later this concern went into bankruptcy,* and was charged by creditors with having concealed its property. On November 28, 1899, the Sheriff of New York County reported that he could find no property of the Corporation.

In March, 1904, he was elected *Vice-President and General Manager* of the International Mercantile Association, with net live collectable assets of over $400,000, according to the report of its Treasurer, and with stock selling at 125. *Four months later this Company went into bankruptcy.* **The total realized on its assets was $29,634.60, against an indebtedness of $467,523.34, and with $150,000 collected from customers for services not yet rendered.**

(See report of bankruptcy Referee U. S. Court, Trenton, N. J.)

It is respectfully submitted that the Democratic candidates for Comptroller and President of the Board of Aldermen are best fitted by training and experience for the respective offices. Their records indicate that their election will best secure to the people of New York City what the Taxpayers Protective Union was organized to bring about, namely, the administration of the City's business affairs on strictly business lines by men of proven capability.—*Taxpayers Protective Union, John E. Connelly, President; Geo. B. Van Clave, Secretary.*

WISSNER PIANOS

are the only real grand pianos in upright form. The basic principles of grand piano construction are incorporated in the construction of the Wissner Artist Upright Grand Pianos through a scientific reversal of these principles.

The fullness of tone, touch and durability are attributes surpassing those in many grand pianos of repute. These marvelous instruments are built in such a manner that they will forever hold their tone qualities.

WAREROOMS
538-540 Fulton Street, Brooklyn
Brooklyn's Largest Piano Store

The Editorial Review

Every Voter Who Desires to Cast an Intelligent Ballot Should Read the November Number of

The Editorial Review

which contains articles on the leading issues of the campaign By

Herbert Parsons
Ford Duane Livingston
George Gordon Battle
Charles P. Whitman

On Sale at All Newsstands. Price 35 cents.

Smith Gray -Clothes-

ABOUT OVERCOATS.

It isn't "just overcoats" you will see here—it will be a series of models in which each fulfills a distinct, useful purpose. These are examples—

A coat suitable for business and evening wear;

A coat practical as a street or driving garment;

A steamer coat, ideal for the man who travels on land or water;

A coat with light weight smartness and winter weight comfort (an achievement).

Other special models, as well as every regulation model, including raincoats, complete a remarkable line. Remarkable, too, in choice of fabrics.

Prices from $18 to $45.

New York Fifth Ave. above 27th St. Broadway at Warren St.
Brooklyn Flatbush Ave. at Fulton St. Broadway at Bedford Ave.

SELLING OUT!
Old-established high-grade Men's
CLOTHING
and FURNISHING SHOP
at 38 New Street,
in the heart of the Financial District.
EVERYTHING AT ½ FORMER PRICES.
$20 Suit or Overcoat, now $10
$30 Suit or Overcoat (Silk Lined,) now $15
Fur-lined Overcoats, English Slipons, Trousers, Vests, and complete lines of Furnishings.
ALL AT ½ FORMER PRICES.
Advertised brands of COLLARS 3 for 25c
ADVERTISED BRANDS OF SHIRTS, $2 and $3 VALUES, $1.00 and $1.50.
A VISIT WILL PAY YOU.
JAMES YOUNG, 38 NEW ST., 1 BLOCK BELOW WALL ST.

Derby Desks
Standard for Comparison
NEW YORK OFFICE
City Investing Bldg., 165 Broadway

OLD CROW RYE
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

7-20-4
10c CIGAR

CARTOONIST FORNARO ON TRIAL FOR LIBEL

Mexican Editor Says He Was Maliciously Wronged in "Diaz, Czar of Mexico."

PLAINTIFF A CONGRESSMAN

According to the Caricaturist He Is Several Other Things Also—Has Fought Two Duels.

Carlo di Fornaro, the caricaturist and writer, was put on trial yesterday before Justice Malone, in General Sessions, on a charge of malicious libel. The complainant is Raphael Reyes Espindola, editor and proprietor of El Imparcial, a Mexican newspaper, who has taken exception to certain remarks about him in a chapter on the Mexican press, in Fornaro's book, "Diaz, Czar of Mexico."

Among other things the indictment charges Fornaro with having called Espindola a libertine, a picaroon, a procurer, a man who has done more harm to Mexico than a brood of rattlesnakes, and has forged an edition of a rival newspaper for the purpose of suppressing it. George E. Joseph is counsel for the defense. Assistant District Attorney Appleton is prosecuting Fornaro.

After testimony had been introduced describing Fornaro's arrest, and the arrangement with Brentano's for the sale of its Spanish edition, Espindola was called to the stand and parts of the Diaz book were read aloud to him.

Espindola admitted that his paper is subsidized by the Mexican Government, but hotly denied each and all of the unpleasant things about him which are plentiful in Fornaro's book.

"Has your paper broken up more homes, spoiled more reputations, and vilified more respectable people than you have hairs on your head?" he was asked.

"Most certainly not."

"Are you a procurer?"

"No; I am a congressman."

He further explained that, although Mexican newspapers had been known to print offensive things about him, he had never sued for libel before, because that was not the way they did things in Mexico. Such disagreements were settled there with less formality and more dispatch. He himself had responded to three different attacks by three different duels, in two of which he succeeded in wounding his adversary, and he would probably have done so in the third had not the authorities interfered.

Fornaro was then called to the stand. Until a short time ago he was Sunday editor of El Diaro, a Mexican newspaper which was organized and conducted in opposition to the Government. He returned to this country to write "Diaz, Czar of Mexico," a pamphlet in which the Government is caustically described. The pamphlet is dedicated to Col. Roosevelt and contains a prefatory warning in which Fornaro dares Diaz to prohibit its sale in Mexico.

In his testimony Fornaro denied having had any personal spite to vent in his book, and said it was simply a protest against conditions prevalent in a country suffering under a one-man tyranny. He further explained that some of the terms used did not have the sordid significance in Spanish which attached to them in English. A procurer, for example, referred to one who obtained benefits from the Government, and had no more unsavory connotation.

He denied having planned to sell the right to suppress his book to the Mexican Government.

"I was afraid," he admitted, "that they might buy the edition from the publishers as they did in the case of—"

He was hastily cut short without the name coming out, and asked to identify certain letters as his own handwriting. He gave them a leisurely scrutiny from beginning to end.

"Can't you tell from the first page whether it is in your own handwriting?" asked Mr. Appleton with some impatience.

"They make such clever forgeries in Mexico," responded the unruffled witness, in the gentle voice which characterized his testimony.

His examination will be resumed at the opening of to-day's session.

At the time of Fornaro's arrest on April 24 reports were current to the effect that the charges made in Espindola's behalf were but a retort from various men whom the author had attacked, but who would find it inconvenient to bring a complaint against him. Some amusement was caused by the serenity with which Fornaro accepted the situation.

"Oh, I say," he protested, when notified of his arrest, "can't you give me time to bathe first?" This was permitted, and the detective had to wait through the processes of an intricate and leisurely toilet. Bail to the amount of $1,000 was furnished by Charles Robertson Smith.

SHOOTS HUSBAND IN JAIL.

Woman Causes His Arrest, Then Fires a Pistol Through Bars.

CHICAGO, Oct., 28.—Two hours after she had caused the arrest of her husband, Abraham Levy, a tailor, on a charge of abandonment, Mrs. Esther Levy visited the cell room of the Harrison Street police station to-day, and before the lockup keeper had a chance to interfere shot through the bars at Levy, inflicting a fatal wound.

In the building at the time were a score of policemen. Mrs. Levy had no difficulty in obtaining permission to visit her husband. She stood in the corridor of the cage talking in a low voice to the prisoner, who remained locked in his cell. Suddenly she drew the revolver which had been concealed beneath her jacket and fired.

She was taken to the women's annex of the station, where she became hysterical, and no explanation for her attempt on her husband's life could be procured.

SCHOOL VACATIONS TOO LONG.

Superannuated Principal Tells Estimate Board How to Effect One Economy.

M. W. Smith, a superannuated school Principal, has written to the Board of Estimate urging that vacations are too long. He also says that the city could save a good deal of money by reducing the cost of examinations and of supervision. With regard to vacations he writes:

"Let the months of June, July, August, and September be considered the vacation period if you choose. During that time open the schools every morning as usual at 9 o'clock and close them at 12. No afternoon session. During the months of June and July allow one-half the teachers to be absent on their vacations and the other half during August and September."

This plan, Mr. Smith suggests, would do away with the cost of Summer schools, and he proposes that the course in Summer be confined to the essentials, such as reading, writing, and arithmetic.

He proposes that the Board of Examiners be abolished and the number of examinations, "many of which" he declares, "are of no advantage, but result in injury to the schools," be reduced. The examiners' work, he thinks, might well be done by the Superintendents.

Mr. Smith concludes by suggesting that no money be appropriated for Supervisors, and that their work be turned over to the Superintendents and teachers.

"DON'T TELL THE FOLKS."

Plea of the Brother, Long Lost, Found at Last, a Prisoner.

Joseph Miller, alias "Herman," and Abe Weiner, alias "Abe the Moke," having been arrested in their room, at 405 East Eighth Street, on the charge of robbing the loft of a cloakmaker, were on their way to Police Headquarters early yesterday morning, handcuffed together, but each had stuck his chained hand into his pocket to conceal the fact. Three detectives followed them.

At the Bowery and Fourth Street a well-dressed man stopped suddenly in front of Miller, his face alight with anxious joy.

"Hello, Joe! Where have you been these six years?" he said, slapping Miller on the shoulder. "Father and mother have been worrying over you. Father is sick, and his wish—his dying wish, for I'm afraid he's going to die—is to see you. So mother sent me out to try to find you. And here you are. They'll be glad."

Miller did not lift a hand. He did not look at the well-dressed stranger. "Abe the Moke" was silent. The three detectives kept quiet.

"What do you want?" finally asked Detective O'Farrell.

"This is my brother Joe," he answered, "and I want him to come home."

"He can't come home; he's a prisoner."

Then the party started on down the Bowery. The stranger said he was a Government employe, but asked the detectives to conceal his name and address. His brother, with the handcuff on, would not talk to him. Just before the party reached Headquarters the stranger said:

"Well, shake hands with me, Joe, won't you?"

"I can't. They were clean when I shook with you last. They will be before I shake with you again."

"Well, give me some word to take home," argued the brother, pleadingly. "What must I tell them? What are your last words to me?"

"Don't tell the folks you saw me—that's all."

$245,000 PROFIT NOT ENOUGH.

Rosenberg Still Holds His 7,000 Bales of Cotton for Rise.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 28.—A $245,000 profit on a purchase of cotton does not tempt George Rosenberg of Fulton, Ark., to sell at present. He is holding his cotton in the confident expectation of a still higher market.

Mr. Rosenberg has had 7,000 bales of Arkansas cotton stored in East St. Louis for a year. He bought the cotton from planters in the neighborhood of his home last year at an average price of 8 cents a pound. Fifteen cents a pound is offered to him now, but he declines to sell.

Since a bale of cotton weighs 500 pounds, Mr. Rosenberg's 7,000 bales, at a profit of 7 cents a pound, would net him $245,000 if he cared to let his holdings go at the present price.

"I am not going to sell now," said Mr. Rosenberg. "I expect the operation of the law of supply and demand to make my holdings go still higher."

Prudential Holds Up Reserve Fund Tax

The Prudential Insurance Company made formal refusal in Newark yesterday to pay taxes to that city on its special deferred dividend reserve fund, for which the company was assessed $14,894,416, the full value of the fund. Tax Receiver Robert L. Ross, however, received checks from the Prudential for large sums, one for $213,531 representing the tax on $11,292,583 not included in the reserve fund. The city's stand in the mater is expected to be announced in a few days.

First Snow Flurry of the Autumn.

The upper end of Manhattan had its first snow of the season yesterday morning. There were only a few flakes, but they were there, cold to the cheek and forehead, and glistening for a moment on the pavement before vanishing. Later in the day there were snow flurries about The Times tower, the evanescent flakes sifting in upon the window sills. Those which went on downward, however, turned to mist before reaching Broadway.

GET BATTLESHIP OUT OF A NARROW RIVER

New North Dakota, 21,000 Tons, Slips Through Draw with Sharp Turn Ahead.

TIDE WAS RUNNING STRONG

Not a Scratch on Her Sides—Vessel on First Trip Out of Fore River to Try Out Turbine Engines.

Special to The New York Times.

QUINCY, Mass., Oct. 28.—The 21,000-ton battleship North Dakota, America's second super-Dreadnought, left the Fore River yards this morning and put to sea to give her engines a "shaking down" in deep water. Thousands of people, who thronged the Quincy and North Weymouth shores and secured every vantage point on the tops of buildings along both banks of the river, watched the big ship go out.

There was no little excitement among them, too, for not only did the large steel bulk have to pass through the drawbridge of the Quincy Point Bridge, which is 100 feet wide, with the tide running strong, but a sharp turn just beyond the bridge had to be made successfully to get the ship into a space where she could find plenty of water and room to turn in. The North Dakota has 510 feet of length, a breadth of over 83 feet, and draws 26 feet of water, so that manoeuvring in a space 600 feet long and 100 feet wide was a delicate business.

Capt. Edward E. Evans handled the battleship. It had been confidently predicted that he could not take the vessel through the draw without hitting. However the North Dakota slipped through the draw without scratching a plate. When her amidships was in the draw it was impossible to place a shingle between the vessel's side and the piling of the bridge, but she never touched. She was only two and a half minutes performing the feat.

Once past the bridge the battleship threaded the narrow windings of Weymouth, Fore River and Hull Bay, and headed for Provincetown. The trip to the tip end of Cape Cod to-day was for the purpose of giving the North Dakota her builders' trial, in the course of which her turbine engines, the first installed in any American battleship will get a thorough trial, and an effort will be made to have them send her through the water at a speed in excess of her contract requirement of twenty-one knots an hour.

The North Dakota will return to-night or to-morrow morning to Boston Harbor and will go into drydock at the Charlestown Navy Yard to be prepared for her official trial off the Maine Coast next week.

Memorial Window for Russell Sage.

A memorial window executed for Mrs. Russell Sage, in memory of her late husband, is now on exhibition at the Tiffany Studios, Forty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue. It will be put in the Sage Memorial Chapel just completed at Far Rockaway.

POLITICAL. POLITICAL.

CONCERNING CHARLES S. WHITMAN

We, the undersigned members of the Bar of the City of New York, certify that we have knowledge of the character and professional attainments of Charles S. Whitman, candidate for District Attorney of the County of New York; and that we believe him, in point of experience, ability and integrity, to be qualified to discharge the duties of that high office:

BENJAMIN F. TRACY	ROBERT W. deFOREST
GEORGE L. RIVES	HENRY L. STIMSON
CEPHAS BRAINERD	HOWARD TOWNSEND
CHARLES H. BECKETT	M. LINN BRUCE
ROBERT GRIER MONROE	WILLIAM N. COHEN
HORACE E. DEMING	CHARLES C. NADAL
WM. CHURCH OSBORN	LOUIS MARSHALL
MATTHEW C. FLEMING	JOHN E. EUSTIS
HENRY deFOREST BALDWIN	NOAH C. ROGERS
ARTHUR VON BRIESEN	CARL L. SCHURZ
OTTO A. ROSALSKY	BRONSON WINTHROP
JAMES R. SHEFFIELD	JOHN C. CLARK

MASS MEETING

BY THE DEMOCRACY OF NEW YORK COUNTY TO RATIFY THE DEMOCRATIC CITY AND COUNTY TICKET AT

DURLAND'S RIDING ACADEMY

7 WEST 66TH ST., NEAR CENTRAL PARK WEST,

NEXT

SATURDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 30, AT 7:30 O'CLOCK

HON. WILLIAM J. GAYNOR

Will Address the Meeting.

The Other Speakers Will Include

Robert R. Moore, Esq., **John F. Galvin, Esq.,**
Hon. George Gordon Battle, **Hon. Joseph Haag,**
Hon. Thomas F. Grady.

ADMISSION WITHOUT TICKET.

CITIZENS UNION MASS MEETING

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN CONCERT HALL

26th Street and Madison Avenue,

TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 P. M.

SPEAKERS:

OTTO T. BANNARD,	JULIUS HENRY COHEN,
WM. A. PRENDERGAST,	CHAS. S. WHITMAN,
JOHN PURROY MITCHEL,	TRISTAM B. JOHNSON.
GEORGE McANENY,	

WM. JAY SCHIEFFELIN, Chairman of the Citizens Union, will preside.

ADMISSION FREE

A few boxes left; as long as they last can be had on application.

Telephone—305 Gramercy
252 Fourth Avenue

POLITICAL. POLITICAL. POLITICAL. POLITICAL.

WHAT MR. HEARST WILL DO IF ELECTED MAYOR.

Speaking in Murray Hill Lyceum on Monday Evening, William Randolph Hearst Said:

My Friends—The campaign is progressing apace.

I have been accused of having hindered the fight for 80-cent gas, of having been loaded down with gas stock, of having bribed a boss for a nomination, of having suppressed the facts in the Sugar Trust investigation, of having done no valuable work in Congress and of having betrayed my friends among the workingmen.

I am here to-night with the avowed intention and definite purpose of NOT answering these accusations, of NOT discussing my personal achievements and of NOT indulging in any more of the self praise that is affected by candidates in political campaigns.

If I have done anything that was worthy of your attention, you know the true facts in the matter, and if you do not know the facts, then that alone is sufficient proof that the achievement was not worthy of your attention and is not worthy of discussion.

But while I will not discuss at any further length what I have done or tried to do in the past, I will not allow false statements to be made of what I intend to do in the future.

I alone am able to say what I will do if elected Mayor, and I alone am authorized to speak on that question.

And I am free to speak, as I do not have to wait for any boss to make up his mind or to make up my mind.

It has been stated that I would make various appointments, among them the reappointment of General Bingham as Commissioner of Police.

These statements are absolutely untrue and unauthorized.

I have nothing to say as to the personal honesty of General Bingham, but apart from his honesty he is not at all the kind of man that I would appoint as Police Commissioner.

In that position is required a man not only honorable but experienced and level-headed and entirely free from race prejudice or religious intolerance and with innate and equal respect for all American citizens.

I cannot properly say exactly whom I would appoint, but I can say whom I would not appoint and what kind of man I would try to find for the place.

I would try to find among the police themselves some man able enough and honest enough to be Police Commissioner.

Such a man would start with the experience that it would take another man half of his term to acquire, and if able and if honest in addition to being experienced he would naturally make an ideal man for the place.

The police force cannot be held responsible for the fact that in times past Tammany has not selected from the police ranks a proper man for Commissioner.

Tammany did not want a proper man. Tammany did not want an honest man, and where there was any such man, Tammany carefully overlooked him and picked out some corrupt tool to serve its corrupt will.

It is ridiculous to assume on this account that there is no able, honest and experienced man to be found in the ranks of the police themselves.

I believe that it is among the police that the proper man is to be found, and if elected Mayor I intend to try to find him.

Another matter which relates to proposed policies in regard to the police is brought up by this circular, distributed by Tammany, entitled "Hearst lies about the police." You can always tell a Tammany circular by the refinement of its language.

This circular reproduces an editorial from one of my papers which criticises the police and the authorities for the manhandling of the crowds during the Hudson-Fulton parade.

The editorial criticised the authorities for speculating in the sidewalk space which properly belongs to the people.

It criticised the police for abusing citizens who were perforce crowded in the little space that remained.

But the editorial said that there was no desire to criticise the police unduly, as they only did as they were ordered.

What I desire to say to-night is that if I am elected Mayor the police shall not be ordered to maltreat or insult any American citizen who is not a criminal.

If I had the power I would make an American citizen like a citizen of Ancient Rome, honored and respected all over the known world, and I would begin by making him honored and respected at home.

If I am elected Mayor the police shall never be ordered to behave like the Cossacks of Russia and ride their horses upon innocent, law-abiding citizens.

They shall behave as citizens to citizens in the discharge of their official duty. They shall honor and respect the citizens, and be honored and respected in return.

The heroic firemen and policemen who constantly risk their lives in the service of the State are as much entitled to the admiration and esteem of the citizens as the soldiers who defend the country in time of war.

If I am elected Mayor I intend to see that the police deserve that admiration and esteem, and that they lose no jot of that admiration and esteem through any act of arrogance, injustice or corruption.

Furthermore, as an expression of the esteem and admiration in which the police should and shall be held, I intend to obtain the consent of the citizens to a larger body of police, to better pay for the police, and to a permanent three platoon system for the police.

You may think, my friends, that I am rather hasty in outlining some of the policies of my administration, but I honestly believe that I am going to be elected this time and seated this time.

I got into this campaign somewhat unwillingly, as you know, but vigorously, because I thought it my duty to accomplish three results.

The first was to defeat the indecent Tammany ticket, which was a menace and disgrace to the city.

That I am certain has already been done, and well done.

The second was to disrupt the corrupt compact between the Republican machine and the Democratic machine.

That, I am sure, will be fully and finally accomplished on November second, next.

The third was to give this plundered and prostrate city an honest and efficient business administration.

That I believe I shall be able to do, and we might as well begin to discuss details now.

Mr. Bannard is prattling pleasantly about his business ability. Well and good. But he must not imagine that he is the only business man upon the hustings. I have a few odds and ends of business enterprises myself.

I have over twenty-five years of business experience, and the trusts have not got me yet.

So I think I am entitled to qualify as a business candidate in this contest.

Mr. Bannard is a genial gentleman. I do not wish to speak disrespectfully of him, but I must tell the facts.

And as far as I can see, Mr. Bannard's business experience has consisted in acting as a sort of dummy agent or director in various companies for one of the really big creative business men in Wall Street.

This role of Mr. Bannard may require a high order of business ability and it may not.

We have seen from rather recent revelations that messenger boys had occasionally been used in such cases.

I do not mean to say that Mr. Bannard has not far more ability than any messenger boy. That would be hardly truthful or fair.

But I do mean to say that to date he has merely been employed as a sort of financial cribbage counter, a peg to be put in this or that financial hole by the big men playing the financial game.

If Mr. Bannard is elected he will merely be a peg put in this particular political hole by the big men playing the political game.

I think if you elect Mr. Bannard you will find that his first duty will be to his big financial friend, and his second duty will be to his big political sponsor, and that his third duty will be to you.

I might be in a similar position except for the highly gratifying fact that I have no big financial sponsor, that I have no big political boss, and so my first and only duty is to you.

Therefore, my one desire is to make good to you and to discuss my plans with you.

Therefore, my one desire is to get your transportation systems for you, and to get your water systems for you, and not merely to make contracts or to build for the enrichment of any financial friends or political backers.

Therefore, my one desire is to get your parks for you, to build your schools for you and to locate them where you need them and not where corrupt politicians want them.

Therefore, my one desire is to save water waste and such material waste for you, and to save administrative waste for you and to save purchasing waste for you and to make your money go as far as possible and spend it for your benefit and not for the benefit of political bosses or financial speculators.

Therefore, my intention is to appoint as heads of departments not the selections of any boss or the recommendations of any financial clique, but the ablest independent business men and the most authoritative professional men and the most efficient specialists, engineers and laboring men and the most respected churchmen who can be induced to serve.

Where they will not actually serve in the departments I am going to ask them to serve as an advisory board, so that you and I may have the advantage of the best thought and wisest counsel and ablest executive qualities that are to be found in all this great city.

And so, my friends, with your help and support we shall have no lack of votes upon Election Day, no lack of business ability after Election Day and no lack of beneficial achievement throughout the whole administration.

WHAT HEARST IS PLEDGED TO DO IF ELECTED MAYOR

The Eagle, the leading newspaper of Brooklyn, and one of the greatest newspapers in the United States, has been hitherto a strong opponent of William Randolph Hearst. It has been Judge Gaynor's most distinguished supporter.

The Eagle's leading editorial last night was as follows:

4

Brooklyn Daily Eagle

(Trade Mark "Eagle" Registered.)

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 28, 1909.

What He Would Do.

Mr. Hearst says that, in the event of his election, he will:

Locate schools where they are needed and not where politicians want them;

Save administrative waste and make the money of the city go as far as possible;

Appoint as heads of departments not the selections of any boss or the recommendations of any financial clique, but the ablest men who can be induced to serve, and

Avail himself of the services of an advisory board including authoritative professional men, the most efficient specialists, engineers and churchmen, so that he may have the advantage of the best counsel and the wisest thought and the ablest executive qualities.

This is an admission as well as a programme. It implies that the candidate is not laboring under the delusion that he "knows it all." It shows that Mr. Hearst is not exploiting himself as superhuman, that he realizes there are limits to individual possibilities and that even transcendant genius itself cannot do everything.

Nor is there any doubt that the programme was formulated in good faith. Mr. Hearst has interpreted it in his own business. There are no reasons for supposing that he would not do for the city what he has been doing for himself and—do it well.

that an a
used to
'The Sta
now and

Wh
George H
the Londo
a high pla
countrymen
or has bee
country, exc
ditions. He
own paper
impressions
evidently h
and favorin

In the fir
habit of h
upon our
ed soapb
built on
He cites
our unboun
hard and ef
tically every
ment everyon
best work, th
every one enjo
perity, the exec
workingmen and
marks all classes

The aggregate
per annum exc
finds it to be
000. In othe
the average sa
for each head
cluding child
upon these
our prosper
its justifica
acter.

A Rea
There's n
a ball in
United Stat
ing partne

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....60 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month..... 0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year..... 8.50
DAILY, per Week..... 0.12
DAILY, per Month..... 0.50
DAILY, per Year..... 6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year. 2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50)..... 1.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50)... 1.00
Add $1.10 per month for postage foreign countries daily and Sunday. 80 cents daily only.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 29, 1909.

IS THIS A MORAL AND INTELLIGENT COMMUNITY?

The belief that Tammany's candidates will be elected on Nov. 2 is an affront to this community. Not only an affront, it is an indictment of its morality. That belief must be based on the assumption that the people of New York are willing to condone a long record of past crimes against themselves and to renew the criminals' license for the future. The story of the white slave traffic may be exaggerated, but we have no need to consult current issues of the magazines or of the newspapers to find out what Tammany is. Forty years of graft and looting, intermitted only by occasional exclusion from power, have established the criminal reputation of Tammany. One chief after another, one district leader after another, so many that memory does not recall their names, have grown rich through the practice of Tammany's notorious vices. It is known to everybody that one family potent in the affairs of Tammany Hall and in the politics of the city has extorted uncounted thousands of dollars from the keepers of vile resorts in consideration for protection from law. Vice is Tammany's trade. From that, and from laying hold in countless ways upon the money of the taxpayers, its chief men amass fortunes. Is it not, then, an outrageous insult to this community to say that it is so wanting in spirit, in courage, and in virtue that it is going once more to deliver itself helpless into the hands of this corrupt and predatory band?

On the other hand, those who assume the election of Mr. HEARST seem to us to put as low an estimate upon the intelligence of the community as those who assume the election of Mr. GAYNOR do upon its morals. Mr. BANNARD, not Mr. HEARST, is the alternative to GAYNOR. It is admitted by everybody that the qualities most imperatively demanded of the next Mayor are business capacity, a knowledge of financial affairs, for the finances of the city are confused, and experience in the successful management of great undertakings. In these respects there is no possible comparison between Mr. HEARST and Mr. BANNARD. Mr. BANNARD'S fitness for the office has been abundantly demonstrated. The voters have no evidence of Mr. HEARST'S qualifications.

Moreover, Mr. BANNARD has never had any relation whatever to Tammany save that of a determined opponent. Mr. HEARST once accepted a nomination from Tammany, a nomination secured by an outrageous fraud upon the Democratic Party. THE TIMES would do Mr. HEARST no injustice, but the voters remember that in 1905 he denounced Tammany without stint or measure, as he is now denouncing it, yet in 1906 he was its nominee for Governor, and that nomination could not have been procured for him save by the acts of Tammany. If Mr. HEARST should again aspire to the Governorship would he once more lay aside his abhorrence of Tammany as he laid it aside in 1906, and once more accept its support? Nobody could ask such questions about Mr. BANNARD.

In short, Mr. BANNARD'S title to the confidence of the voters of the city is in every respect absolutely clear. So much cannot be said for his rivals. If the electorate is intelligent, if it is capable of making a wise choice, a choice that its own protection, its own interests demand, inevitably it must elect Mr. BANNARD Mayor.

THE BALLOT.

The grotesque absurdity of the New York ballot law comes to full demonstration this year. It is an imposition upon the voters to put into their hands a ballot nearly five feet long, containing nineteen columns, of which, upon any theory of the suffrage, more than half are unquestionably superfluous.

In our solicitude to safeguard the rights of independent voters and of nominators by petition, we have defeated the very end sought, for, while the independent voter is supposed to be an intelligent being, the amazing ballot which will be put into his hands this year may well baffle him in his attempt to vote for the candidates of his choice. The Massachusetts ballot has been opposed, and with good reason opposed, in this State because of the educational qualification required in Massachusetts and not imposed here. Inasmuch as a very considerable fraction of the vote in this State is illiterate, it has been insisted that the party column with the well-recognized emblem at its head must be retained as a guide for those who cannot read the printed names of candidates. But voters who can read have some rights, and those rights and their convenience are outraged by such a monstrosity as the ballot prepared for this year's municipal election.

Putting aside such anomalies as an entire column devoted to "No nomination," a peculiarity of this year's ballot, which is due to the defeat of Tammany's attempt to steal the Independence League emblem, it must be apparent to any man of common sense that the privilege of independent nominations has been recklessly abused. No proper purpose can be served by allowing the name of Mr. GAYNOR or of any candidate to be put at the head of eight distinct columns upon the ballot. The party machines which have hitherto stoutly resisted sensible ballot reform must see that if not their interests at least the interests of their party are menaced by the hopeless confusion growing out of the mix and muddle of a nineteen-column ballot. We may not find it desirable at once to resort to the severe simplicity of the Massachusetts form of ballot, but certainly the experience of this year furnishes convincing evidence of the need of a radical recasting of the law.

DON'T SET BACK THE CLOCK.

Mr. BANNARD is a popular candidate. He has won a host of friends in this campaign. If the great multitude of men who desire his election will consistently vote for him, and turn a deaf ear to the specious arguments of his adroit opponents who are devoting all their energies these closing days of the campaign to spreading the false idea that a vote for BANNARD is a vote for somebody else, there is no doubt that BANNARD will be elected.

He leads in the race now. Not a single sound argument has been advanced against his fitness for Mayor. There is a scarcity even of feeble, fallacious arguments against him. The only argument heard is that he cannot be elected.

Tammany sagely declares that a vote for BANNARD is a vote for HEARST, while Mr. HEARST'S followers as gravely proclaim that a vote for BANNARD is a vote for GAYNOR. Both are alarmed, and with good reason. BANNARD is gaining every hour, and he will be elected unless one or the other of these contradictory arguments induces a large number of men who want him to be Mayor to vote against him.

Do not be induced. Don't set the clock back when the time has come to renovate and regenerate the city. Vote for BANNARD!

THE FOURTH AVENUE SUBWAY.

For the first time Controller METZ is expected to be absent from a meeting of the Board of Estimate to-day, not accidentally, but intentionally, so that the Board may approve the scheme which he has described thus:

> The Fort Hamilton subway scheme will cost $45,000,000, and the annual carrying charges on that sum would be $5,000,000 a year. The traffic would net only $2,000,000, and Manhattan and the other boroughs would have to make up the other $3,000,000.

Controller METZ has not changed his mind, and nobody else of authority has put forward any better estimate of costs and profits. This consideration, however, is not conclusive against the scheme. Possibly it ought to be built at any cost, but nobody can contend that it should be prosecuted in the manner best adapted to make the operation as costly as possible and to reduce the usefulness of the enterprise.

This subway is urged upon the argument that it is preposterous to suppose or to contend that it would not be as successful and profitable as the existing subway. Yet Wednesday's newspapers contained the proceedings of the Public Service Commission showing that the present subway would not operate under the conditions proposed for the route of which the Fourth Avenue is a link. The Commission divided regarding the extension of the Interborough road northward. The Commission has urged that the Interborough should operate from the northernmost boundary of the city to the ocean, just as is anticipated by some for the Triborough route, including the Fourth Avenue subway. The dissenting opinion reads thus:

> Every far distant, suburban, non-paying line that is added to the Broadway-Lexington Avenue system makes it more difficult to carry through its construction and operation, or, if it is built with city money, more difficult to obtain a reasonable operating contract.

The proposition is to authorize exactly such an unprofitable link in a route without any trunk line connection, without an operator, and under conditions which the Subway has declined for itself. Not one word is said about building this road under economic conditions. It is merely submitted that it is hard that it should be built at the money cost of Manhattan, as a contribution in aid of a borough which contributed $23,000,000 to a budget of $156,000,000, and received back $47,000,000. Other boroughs, of course, are prejudiced by this absorption of credit capacity. And individual taxpayers are affronted by this being done in favor of real estate owners who have been asked and refused to waive their claims of damage to their title, in consideration of retaining their prospective profits and claims to physical damages by construction.

We trust we make it plain that we urge no objection to any business-like prosecution of this public work. It is the scandalous and characteristic defiance of economic considerations which we suggest for the consideration of voters and taxpayers, not of the Board, for it is understood that its mind is made up. It is natural that Tammany with its fate in the balance should wish to make sure of this last bit of graft. It is natural that any candidate before the people should be reluctant to take an unpopular position. But there are a majority who are neither candidates nor Tammanyites. The enactment of such a flagrant job with such inculpatory haste will not be wholly wasted if it convinces them that Tammany should not be trusted during the next administration with the prosecution of public works rivaling the Panama Canal in magnitude and cost.

WAITING FOR THE CARRIAGE.

Mr. ROBERT UNDERWOOD JOHNSON has performed a valuable service in his efforts to reform the method of summoning carriages after the opera or play is finished. The tedious and dangerous waiting in the wet and cold for carriages that have been called but do not answer can be obviated by his simple plan of announcing the approach of the carriage by its number on an indicator within the lobby of the opera house or theatre. Last season this plan was tried, after a fashion, the number appearing on a perpendicular indicator. A horizontal indicator, however, large enough to indicate the approach of six or eight carriages would be much more serviceable.

The electric carriage call, by means of which the numbers of the carriages wanted are displayed in illuminated figures outside of the theatre has been useless. The loud voice of the porter lifted at the curb was quite as efficacious. The carriages are formed in line by the police, and the coachman or chauffeur cannot leave his place in the line. The police regulations by which he is governed are sensible and fair. No favor can be shown to individuals in such a matter. Everybody must wait his turn, and waiting, in the lobbies of the Opera House, with the assurance that the approach of the carriage will be announced in time to get to it without undue speed is no great discomfort.

The trouble has been to know when the carriage is coming. Megaphone and electric calls, and substantial tips to the signal men and porters have been unavailing. It is strange that until now nobody has thought of the way out of the difficulty, the announcement to the waiting party that the carriage is coming rather than the announcement to helpless coachmen in the line that the party is waiting.

AN UNWISE EXPEDIENT.

The last Legislature of Connecticut passed a bill, and its Governor has signed it, to free the State from the infliction of children born to confirmed criminals. Indiana has such a law to prevent the transmission of crime, idiocy, and imbecility to future generations. The Legislature of Oregon has passed a similar bill, and one has been introduced in Illinois. Now comes the very able and respected Judge WARREN W. FOSTER of the Court of General Sessions in this county, advocating in Pearson's Magazine for November the passage of such a law for the State of New York. In the editor's foreword to Judge FOSTER'S article he is recognized as the senior Judge of "the oldest and highest criminal court in America." His opinion is weighty. If presented to New York's legislators it would be influential in support of the theory of "hereditary" criminality.

Yet what the Judge says about the recent progress of penology largely destroys his own argument for the expediency of the measure he proposes. He remarks:

> The first beneficent attempt to minister to the criminal as one "possessed of a devil" or "mind diseased" was made in the State of New York, when the New York State Reformatory at Elmira was created. There the inmates are kept under by the strictest of mental and physical discipline; mental arithmetic and Turkish baths are applied together to create a sane mind in a sound body. They are taught that "honesty is the best policy," the only policy that pays from the practical, worldly point of view. The results have been surprisingly gratifying, only about 20 per cent., the friends of that institution claim, of the felons therein incarcerated having returned to ways of crime.

Nevertheless crime is increasing, Judge FOSTER thinks. He cites figures of the United States Census showing that, whereas the ratio of prisoners to population in 1850 was but 1 in 3,442, it had increased in 1890 to 1 in 757. But the year 1890 is the approximate date of the introduction and spread of the probationary system, of juvenile reformatories like that at Elmira, of children's courts, and indeterminate sentences. If Judge FOSTER will take the trouble to look up the lately published report of the United States criminal census he will find that, while the general population of the country increased 20.84 per cent. in ten years preceding 1900, the prison population actually decreased to 81,772, which is 557 less than in 1890. Now, if 80 per cent., or even 50 per cent., of the criminals in the reformatories are actually reformed, and the Judge concedes that they may be, what becomes of his theory that criminals are tainted and that their children will inherit this criminal taint?

Sound evolutionists, LOMBROSO and HAVELOCK ELLIS to the contrary notwithstanding, long ago discarded the theory that acquired traits, physical, moral, or mental, may be transmitted. What is transmitted in successive generations is chiefly through environment and the force of example from father to son. The records of frightful immorality in the Jukes family, and in other criminal families of which AUBRY, POELLMANN, and STOCKER have traced the genealogies, may be readily explained by taking account of bad family traditions and environment. Bring up their offspring, say, in the Edwards family of New England, subject them to its noble influences, and they, too, would become upright and useful citizens.

There is no innate propensity to crime. Society, by its present methods of dealing with the criminal and of attacking the causes of poverty and disease, is amply protecting itself against the increase of the criminal population. The expedient which the doctors suggest is as unscientific as it is unnecessary.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Woman Wants to Know.

An anonymous writer who describes herself as "an unwilling celibate" asks in the current Independent, "Why do not educated women marry?" The question is phrased a little clumsily, but the article itself is certainly an interesting, and perhaps a valuable, contribution to the literature of an old problem—a problem so old that many, including not a few statisticians, have said in irritation over their own failure to solve it that there is no problem to solve—that educated women do marry as often and well as do their uneducated sisters.

However that may be, the writer of the article under consideration knows that she is educated and at close to the age of 30 is still unwed. She knows, and with what, at least, seems to be frank sincerity tells, many other things about herself—among the things these: She is fairly good looking, she is skillful at housekeeping in all its branches, and likes to do it; she is decently proficient in several outdoor sports, a little weak in the "accomplishments" held distinctively feminine, she thinks it less from inability than from a disinclination to waste her time on trivial tasks of the "fancy work" order or to make poor music instead of listening to good; she likes the friendship and companionship of men, and has had and has much of it, whence she concludes that she is not without favor in masculine eyes; she is so far from holding matrimony and motherhood objectionable or distasteful that she deeply regrets her failure to attain both.

Yet she has had only one offer of marriage, and that long ago, from a man much older than she, to whom her parents objected and whom even their objections did not make her want. She is quite at a loss to know why she lingers, an unplucked blossom, accepts none of the explanations she has heard, and is sure only of the fact that it is not her fault. She inclines to the opinion that it would be well for her and her like—and the future of the race—if women could take a little more active part in the mating process, and did not have to wait till some man asks for their hand, but she recoils with instinctive disgust at the thought of herself violating the established proprieties by joining the huntress type. Her conclusion is:

> The fact that some women who are by all outward tests best fitted to perpetuate the race are not doing so is not their fault, but their misfortune. They have been judged by some other standard and have not had the chance.

We have only one suggestion to make to her—that perhaps, or probably, she confounds acquired, and, therefore, non-transmissible, characteristics with those that are transmissible, and that—well, that the race knows its business and is attending to its own perpetuation with wisdom and success.

Betting on the Elections.

Just how much of importance should be attached to ante-election betting as indicative of knowledge and therefore trustworthy as a forecast, is a difficult and perhaps unanswerable question. We would like to put it aside with the contemptuous statement that betting on elections is illegal, and therefore no good citizens indulge in it or pay any more attention to it than to other forms of law breaking. Not all the men, however, who make election bets can properly be called bad citizens, though, of course, the act itself is bad as well as illegal, and the odds offered and taken do show something as to the state of public mind, and therefore contain a prophetic element.

It can be truly said that many election bets are made less in confidence as to this or that candidate's success than with the purpose and hope of creating expectation of his success in others, and so winning the votes of those who consider a vote "lost" when it is cast for a man who loses. Of the other bets some, and perhaps the majority, are an expression of desire rather than of opinion, and mean nothing except that the bettor believes, because he hopes, that his man is going to win. The small remainder, including most of the big bets not belonging to the first mentioned class, are presumably made by men who have taken what they consider efficient measures to secure advance knowledge as to how people are going to vote. This is what may be called the professional betting. It is done by shrewd, but not very intelligent, men, and their precautions against acting on false or inadequate information are often illusory. They make no real canvass, but trust to tips and hints obtained from inner political circles. These are often deceptive, intentionally or unintentionally.

Everything taken into account, there is little to be learned from studying the odds, especially when, as now, rumors of bets are much more numerous than are the real wagers. It is a miserable form of argument at best, and it is lamentable that the law against it is, and must long remain, unenforceable in all, except rare cases.

Is Mars in Trouble?

It is a reminder of old days, of early nineteenth century days, to hear the British scientists talking about sudden changes in the appearance of Mars, indicative of disturbances, indeed, since they have been violent enough to cause effects visible from the earth. The cataclysmic or catastrophic theories of planetary development have been so thoroughly discredited by the investigations and observations of recent years, and their abandonment by serious students of nature has been so nearly complete, that this revival of them is rather shocking to the mind.

American astronomers, who have devoted many times more attention to Mars than those of all the other countries put together, are reluctant, it will be noticed, to believe that their British brothers have correctly interpreted the phenomena they recently saw—or think they saw. A cynic or humorist might suggest that the Britons, tired of seeing how much popular interest has been excited by the American controversy over the existence of life on Mars, have decided to say: "Well, however it may have been hitherto, there is no life on Mars now, so let's drop the subject." But of course that's nonsense.

MRS. PANKHURST'S VIEWS.

She Will Not Criticise American Women Before She Knows Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I in justice to Mrs. Pankhurst correct at one or two points the interview which appears in to-day's TIMES? I was present at every interview which took place with Mrs. Pankhurst, and she never used such words as that the suffrage movement in America had fallen "far to the rear," that it was "belated," that our women were "behind, far behind" English women, and "unfitted for enfranchisement."

Never once did she use words that could honestly be twisted into such meanings.

Mrs. Pankhurst is a very wise woman, and if she thought such things she would not utter them. Throughout the interview she met the questions intended to draw criticism of America from her with the invariable reply that she was wholly ignorant of American conditions, and was quite sure American women were quite capable without outside advice of solving their own problems.

HARRIET STANTON BLATCH.

New York, Oct. 24, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to thank you for a fair account of the meeting at Carnegie Hall, assembled to hear Mrs. Pankhurst. I have wondered why some of our newspapers treated the occasion in a humorous vein. Was it really funny, this public hearing of the views of a remarkable and heroic woman? Perhaps, because I am a woman, I lack a sense of humor. A newspaper woman once told me that when about to report any sort of "woman's meeting" she was invariably instructed by her editor to present the subject amusingly. I suppose the reason for this editorial policy is because, when she is serious, a woman (to a man's mind) is always amusing, or must be made to seem so. It must be pleasant to have that point of view, because there are so many women who are serious, and who therefore must be funny. George Eliot once remarked, however, that a difference of taste in jokes was a great strain on friendship.

LA VRAIE VERITE.

New York, Oct. 27, 1909.

Mrs. Pankhurst's Meeting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to congratulate THE TIMES upon its admirable and unprejudiced account of the meeting addressed by Mrs. Pankhurst in Carnegie Hall on Monday evening, Oct. 25. The large and enthusiastic audience and the crowds turned away from the doors gave a numerical idea of the popular interest. As for Mrs. Pankhurst's speech, which one man called "statesmanlike," it was undoubtedly the ablest presentation of the English suffragette movement to which New York has ever listened.

Surely from the standpoints of size, enthusiasm, and popular interest the meeting merited a conspicuous position and an adequate report in the daily press. And that position and report THE TIMES, and THE TIMES alone, gave it.

E. F.

New York, Oct. 27, 1909.

"MARKED" BALLOTS.

Those Appearing in Certain Districts Should Be Promptly Protested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The voting public ought to be warned this year against marked ballots. Many people do not understand the meaning of the term, or else fail to grasp its significance.

Under the Australian system of voting booths a man could receive money from both leading parties and still vote for neither. Money will not be paid for votes unless the ballot itself will prove that it has been marked in the way agreed upon beforehand. The slightest sign on the ballot itself, which may be noted by some one in collusion, and which may be ignored by inspectors and official watchers, answers the purpose of a voucher for money paid or promised.

About polling places in dangerous districts you may frequently notice certain persons, within the guard rail during the counting, who do no protesting, but keep their eyes glued on the ballots. These men may well be suspected of being in touch with district leaders of corrupt tendencies. The usual marks when within the circle are dots and single or double parallel lines. The law is explicit that a black pencil must make a single cross, but from 5 to 20 per cent. of the ballots will have extra distinguishing signs in certain districts.

Various New York and Chicago newspapers have printed samples of these markings. The public should think on the subject, and wherever such ballots are found they should be protested, as fradulent, regardless of the party which defends them.

CHARLES S. HARTWELL.

Brooklyn, Oct. 26, 1909.

AN INDIGNANT WIFE.

They Asked Her to Divulge How Her Husband Intends to Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was just summoned to the door to answer various questions propounded by a young man as to my husband's politics, what ticket he expects to vote at the coming election, &c.

No matter how much a woman may know of her husband's political opinions, she is not apt to impart the information to a stranger without credentials, who asks entirely impertinent questions. May I ask by whose authority the city is being canvassed during the day time to gain by queries to women an estimate of the coming vote?

I naturally refused to answer, as I hope most women would do, but had I been a man asked the same questions by a total stranger, my replies would certainly have been couched in strong language.

I should be very glad for information as to why and by whose authority women are being pumped for information as to their husbands' politics.

HOUSEKEEPER.

New York City, Oct. 25, 1909.

SUBWAY POLICIES.

Concerning Public Plunder, Private Capital, and Service Board's Attitude.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the city is "going broke" in building subways, why should Seventh Avenue not come in for part of the plunder? Certainly, there is no other location where one is of such vital importance. But, notwithstanding the shouters the city has no money for subways, and don't want any so long as there is an abundance of private capital to build them.

The trouble is that the Public Service Commission doesn't lay out routes that capital is willing to build, and then it finds fault with capital instead of with itself.

The Brooklyn Fourth Avenue subway is looked upon as a "job," and denounced in Brooklyn as well as Manhattan. While the Lexington Avenue project is an example of spite against the Interborough, as it parallels the company's present line within a block or so for four miles and a half. If the Board of Estimate and Apportionment should authorize this line the Interborough would be justified in bringing an action against the city for a reduction of rentals.

C. C. HICKOK.

New York, Oct. 28, 1909.

Judge Parker's Qualifications.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it not be well at this time to put forward the name of the Hon. Alton B. Parker to fill the vacancy now existing in the Supreme Court of the United States?

Mr. Parker is pre-eminently qualified as a lawyer and jurist of long experience; he is comparatively a young man; he is a distinguished member of the Democratic Party and of the legal profession, and last but not least, he is from New York State, the wealthiest and most populous of the judicial circuits, and the one furnishing the most important and far reaching cases.

S. SAMUELS.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 28, 1909.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The substance of the amendments to the State Constitution and of the canal referendum, to be voted on next Tuesday, together with THE TIMES'S advice to voters on these propositions, is printed below:

AMENDMENT NO. 1—VOTE "NO."

This amends Article VI., Section 12, of the Constitution by inserting this provision:

"Each Justice of the Supreme Court shall receive from the State the sum of $10,000 per year."

It further provides that Justices assigned to the Appellate Divisions in the Third and Fourth Departments shall receive extra compensation, and that the Justices of the First and Second Departments shall receive what they now receive.

This amendment is objectionable in principle, because salaries should be fixed by law, not by the Constitution. The increase of $2,800 in the salaries of up-the-State Justices is reasonable and deserved, but it should be made by act of the Legislature, although, of course, no Judge's salary could then be increased during the term for which he was elected. It is necessary to change and readjust salaries from time to time, but it takes always two and sometimes three years to amend the Constitution. Matters subject to comparatively frequent change should be excluded from the organic law.

AMENDMENT NO. 2—VOTE "YES."

This amendment relates to debts of the State and provides that:

"The Legislature may from time to time alter the rate of interest to be paid upon any State debt which has been or may be authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section, or upon any part of such debt, provided, however, that the rate of interest shall not be altered upon any part of such debt, or upon any bond or other evidence thereof which has been or shall be created or issued before such alteration."

This amendment would permit the State Legislature to meet the varying conditions of the money market, just as private borrowers meet it. It was found impossible to sell the 3 per cent. State Canal bonds in the months following the disturbances in 1906. Delay in public works undertaken by the State is very costly, far exceeding any increased interest charge due to the exercise of the proposed legislative authority to fix rates which would sell the bonds. The ratification of this amendment would be simple business prudence on the part of the people.

AMENDMENT NO. 3—VOTE "NO."

This amendment provides that the Legislature may confer certain powers now exercised by County Supervisors upon "county auditors or other fiscal officers authorized to audit bills, accounts, charges, claims, or demands against the county." Little or no information is forthcoming as to the reason for this amendment. It is reported that State officers at Albany know nothing about it. Unless some convincing statement of its motive and purpose is made, the people of the State would be well justified in voting against it.

AMENDMENT NO. 4—VOTE "NO."

This amendment relates to the constitutional debt limit of cities. Its intended and chief effect will be to permit the City of New York to exclude from the debt limit calculation bonds issued "for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit or dock purposes." Under the recent decision of the Court of Appeals it appears that New York City now has a borrowing power of approximately $100,000,000. In the present condition of the city's credit, and having in view its already excessive debt, this is quite as much as the municipal authorities under any administration should have the power to spend. If the amendment should be ratified, nobody can say in what volume bonds could be or might be issued for the construction of docks and subways. The amendment requires that the new undertaking should be self-sustaining, but a subway at first operated at a profit sufficient to pay the interest and sinking fund charges might later on be operated at a loss. The bonds then would have to be included in the 10 per cent. limit, and, if we were already near that limit, the inclusion of tens of millions of additional bonds would cause it to be exceeded. This amendment is a dangerous departure from the policy which set up the safeguard of the 10 per cent. limit, and it should be rejected by the people.

CANAL REFERENDUM—VOTE "YES."

The referendum provision sanctioning the issue of $7,000,000 of State bonds for the Seneca and Cayuga Canal improvement, should be approved, as that is a necessary part of the barge canal construction.

Not a Physicist.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a poem of thought by W. F. Longacre in THE TIMES of Friday, on the sledge that reached the pole, he says: "The frost that made the swift mercury congeal," and being physical myself rather than poetical, I should like to inquire if mercury is used in polar thermometers. Don't they use spirit thermometers in order to prevent the condition of congelation which the poet mentions? I hope they do, because I think no poet has a right to know both physics and poetry.

L. J. W.

New York, Oct. 26, 1909.

CARE AND THE CAT.

(A Lay Sermon in Verse, to be Read Slowly and in All Seriousness.)

"Care killed a cat." * * * "Care killed a cat."
I ponder oft this truth.
But—why a cat? Why not a rat?
Why not a man, when it comes to that?
Care killed a man, forsooth!

A lesson here! You've seen, dear friends,
This so-called, "care-killed" cat,
Which hours—days!—(seeming care-free) spends
Close by the open fire which lends
Warmth to the genial mat.

Nine lives has this domestic pet.
Nine times it lives—and dies?
Above its corse we oft forget
It may be resurrected yet,
To draw its ninthly sighs.

Nine stanzas we might pen, each one
A cat's epitome;
Yet eight biographies all done,
We are in doubt as to this one
Final mortality.

We do not know what kind of cat
Care killed—Maltese or Manx?
What matter, friends? We're certain that
No matter what the breed of cat,
Care hewed it from the ranks!

We are not told the kind of care
That was of death the cause.
There was no thinning of its hair,
We are not sure there was a care,
But—probably there was!

"Care killed a cat"—a nine-lived cat!—
Nigh deathless, we might say.
Ah! Pause, my friends! If care did that—
Slew all the nine lives of a cat!—
What chance the human way?

One life have we. The cat had nine,
With never toil nor hurry.
And yet care came to undermine
With carking line. Ah! heed the sign,
Dear friends, and cease to worry.

At least, if we must worry still—
We're frail and prone to that—
Be't wife, or work, or any ill,
Beware the care that comes to kill.
Reflect upon that cat!

STEPHEN CHALMERS.

WED COLLEGE GIRLS, MISS THOMAS SAYS

Asserts They Make Men the Best Wives and Have the Most Children.

HEALTHIEST OF ALL WOMEN

President of Bryn Mawr Denies They Stay in the Drawing Room and Neglect the Kitchen.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 28.—Miss M. Cary Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr College, says that the college woman is the best kind of a woman for a wife. She denies the assertions that college women know too much to do housework; that their training has fitted them only for the drawing room and the library; that they are a leisure-loving class, who stay home reading novels and allowing their homes either to be cared for by servants or to go uncared for. In other words, she says the college woman is the ideal mate for a man.

Miss Thomas's address at the meeting of the Alliance of Collegiate Alumnae was received with cheers from the hundreds of men and women in attendance.

"My statistics on the college women of America," she said, "show that of 3,636 from whom I obtained my information, 22 per cent. admit that their studies have made them nervous, but then we must consider the natural nervousness that comes from long study, and consider that 23 per cent. of non-college women are of nervous dispositions. Thirty-three per cent. of the college women say they studied too hard while in college; 32 per cent. of the college men say the same thing. Thirty-three per cent. of the college women say they gave too much attention to social calls, teas, parties, and other social duties during their college years.

"Statistics show that when men are educated in the same institutions with women there are no greater number of marriages than when the men and women have separate schools. They also show that 778 out of 1,000 college women enjoy excellent health, and only 8 out of every 1,000 college women have poor health. College women have better health than non-college women.

"And what of the children? One-third of the husbands of college women have higher salaries on the average than the husbands of women who have never attended college. College women have an average of three and six-tenths children; non-college women, three and five-tenths children. So college women are in the lead slightly, although they marry later in life than women who never attended college. They marry stronger men, they choose more wisely. A large per cent. of colege women marry late in life.

"Of college women, two-thirds have gone into the professions; 30 per cent. do their own housework. College women are a fraction taller, averaging 5 feet 4 inches, than their non-college sisters.

"All these facts go to show the usefulness of the college life and the superiority of college women. I, for one, hope that every mother can send her daughters to college, for it makes them better mothers, better social factors, and certainly more learned women."

Miss Elizabeth Adams of Smith College and Mrs. John Huddleston of New York also made addresses to-day at the sessions held at the University of Cincinnati. Addresses were made to-night by Dean Bentley of Clark College and by Dr. Albert Ross Hill of the University of Missouri.

ICE TRUST'S VIEW OF ITSELF.

Its Admitted Control of the Business in Five Cities Revealed.

John A. Sleicher, editor of Leslie's Weekly and Director of the American Ice Company, was the chief witness yesterday in the trial of that corporation before Supreme Court Justice Wheeler for attempting to create a monopoly in restraint of trade.

Mr. Sleicher was Chairman of a committee appointed in 1903 by the stockholders to make an exhaustive examination of the properties and condition of the American Ice Company throughout the country. This committee made a report in pamphlet form. From it James W. Osborne, for the prosecution, read several extracts yesterday describing at length the competition and the cutting of prices in 1900.

"But the independents suffered more than the American Ice Company," said the report, "and one by one they have disappeared. The company, embracing as it does the control in five of the largest cities in the United States of a domestic necessity of increasing consumption, the property must have a great commercial value."

Parts of the Directors' minutes for the Fall of 1899 were also read. They referred to the resignation of several of the incorporators, whom the prosecution has already described as "puppets and dummies," and the election in their places of Charles W. Morse, John B. Schoonmaker, and Wesley M. Oler, the successive Presidents of the corporation.

The prosecution placed in evidence more than a hundred bills of sale from small independents to the American Ice Company. Mr. Osborne pointed out that this had been so wholesale a process that a printed form was used.

JUDGE CASTIGATES JURORS.

Indignant at Acquittal at Goshen of Alleged Accomplice in Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 28.—The jury in the murder trial of Alphonse Albanese at Goshen was denounced scathingly by Supreme Court Justice Morschauser this morning when it returned a verdict of "Not guilty." Albanese was charged with having assisted in the murder of two men near the city last January. Justice Morschauser was surprised at the verdict.

"This verdict is a great outrage," he said. "It doesn't meet with my approval, nor do I believe that it will meet with the approval of the citizens of this county. It is a great injustice to the people, and how you could have rendered such a verdict on your conscience and oaths I cannot understand. I do not see how you can face your fellow-townsmen after rendering such a verdict on the evidence in the case. The case was clearly and ably presented to you by the prosecution, and the verdict is an outrage on justice. If verdicts like this are to be rendered by jurors upon such evidence as was presented in this case, then neither life nor property will be safe in Orange County. You are discharged."

MARQUIS HERE TO WED MISS HENNING

De Charette Brings Some Gifts, but Leaves Family Jewels Because of High Duty.

THE CEREMONY ON NOV. 11

Romance Connected with the Engagement—Bride to Become Chatelaine of Three Homes in France.

The Marquis Antoine de Charette, accompanied by the Marquis Bouthillier de Chavigny, and bearing some gifts for Miss Susanne Henning, the beautiful American girl whom he will wed a week from Thursday, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Teutonic, and was met at the pier by Miss Henning and her father, James William Henning.

A recent dispatch from Paris told how the young Marquis was coming over with chests and cases of presents, heirlooms, jewels, gold and silver plate, and the like, bringing them to the bride-elect from his relatives in Europe. From his cousin, the Queen of Portugal, he was bringing a rare old jewel, and costly trinkets were on their way from the Duc d'Orleans, the Duc de Chartres, the Comte and Comtesse de Paris, the Duc de Rohan, and many other members of the deposed French royalty and ancient nobles of the Faubourg Saint Germain, to say nothing of presents from Baron Alphonse de Rothschild and others. The Marquis denied this yesterday.

"The duty would have been too great. I was forced to leave them," he said. "It would have been nice, romantic, poetic to bring them here, but one must consider the absurd duty which your country exacts, and, anyway, we are going back to Paris to live right away, and madame can have her presents there."

He also denied that he had brought over the famous and costly family jewels that will become the property of his bride upon their marriage, saying that the risk would have been too great a one. "I have only a few simple gifts with me," he added.

"One gift, which I cherish especially," the Marquis said, "and which awaits us on our return to France, is a beautiful sword, with a gold hilt incrusted with diamonds, which my father's comrades of the Papal Zouaves sent to me. I should hope some day to draw it in defense of my country, although it is perhaps too valuable to use for such purposes. My father, Gen. Baron de Charette, was, as you may know, at one time commander of the Pontifical Zouaves at the Vatican, and I appreciate the sentiment in which it was given."

"Two other lovely gifts are a chain of amethysts which King Charles X. gave an ancestress of mine, and a gold service which belonged to his majesty. Then there is a diadem of laurel leaves in diamonds, which my aunt, Mlle. Henriette de Charette, has given to Miss Henning."

The count wished the date of the wedding corrected, it having been erroneously stated that the ceremony would take place on Wednesday, Nov. 10, in the cathedral. "We have chosen Thursday for our lucky day," he said, "and it falls on Nov. 11." The Marquis being a Roman Catholic, of course, necessitates the Catholic ceremony.

Besides the valuables just mentioned be it said that Miss Henning will soon become chatelaine of three lovely homes—an apartment in Paris, a villa at Cannes, and a charming chateau in Brittany, which for 800 years has been the home of the Charettes.

It is at Basse-Motte, Chateau Nef, Ille-et-Vilaine, near St. Malo, and only eight miles from Dinard, one of the most fashionable of all European watering places. Here at the old chateau the Charettes have entertained such important persons as the King of Naples, Queen Amelie, the widowed Queen of Portugal; Prince von Buelow, Prince von Hohenlohe, the Princess of Wales, the Duchesse d'Eu, the Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and among Americans, Mrs. Robert Goelet.

Plans for the wedding have been completed. Marquis de Chavigny will act as the best man, and Miss Henning will have several attendants, whose names she does not choose to make known at the present time. The ceremony will be followed by a wedding breakfast at the Plaza, where Mr. Henning and his daughter have been stopping since their return from Europe.

There is quite a little romance connected with the whole affair. Miss Henning met her fiance, who, through his mother, is connected with the Polks of Tennessee, and with President Polk, more than two years ago in Louisville when driving at the horse show there. A speedy courtship followed, which culminated in Miss Henning's trip abroad last Spring and the quick announcement of their engagement.

It is one of the few international marriages based wholly on friendship, on the part of the young couple, neither being possessed of any great amount of wealth.

"JOLLY BACHELORS" ON VIEW.

Yale Campus Shown in Lew Fields's New Musical Comedy.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 28.—"The Jolly Bachelors," a Lew Fields production, was given its first presentation at the Hyperion Theatre to-night. The words are by Glen MacDonough and the music by Raymond Hubbell, and the show was billed here as a musical moving picture in seven films. The first scene met with a warm welcome here, because it represents the Yale campus and the old brick row, and a Yale contingent of 500 students cheered it.

The piece is built around the slender plot of four bachelors who wager $10,000 each to speak the truth for a month, and all go to New York City in order to keep their wager more effectively.

The cast includes Al Leach, Robert Dailey, John T. Kelley, Joe Welch, Joe McShane, Emma Carus, Stella Mayhew, Elfie Fay, Josie Sadler, and Gertrude Vanderbilt. The costuming and stage settings were elaborate. The piece will go from here to Philadelphia.

Faire Normande at Waldorf on Nov. 20

With the advance of the season great interest is being manifested in the Faire Normande, which takes place on Nov. 20 at the Waldorf-Astoria for the benefit of the Ecole Maternelle Francaise at 346 West Thirty-eighth Street. The entertainment is being arranged by the patronesses of the organization under the Chairmanship of Mrs. F. Brooks-Cherbulles. Young women and matrons in Normandy peasant costumes will preside at the various booths. The costumes and table decorations have been purchased in France by Mme. Brooks-Cherbulles, who has just returned from a trip abroad. Many pretty Parisian novelties will also be displayed. The especial feature for children will be a Guignol, and there will be also enjoyable games. A Sevres vase, a gift of the President of the French Republic, in recognition of the work of the school, will be sold at auction during the evening. A dance for young people will close the festival.

German Singers Here for Metropolitan

Robert Blass, bass, and Julius Bayer, tenor, of the German division of the Metropolitan Opera Company, arrived yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Barbarossa.

Mrs. Henry Clews Sails for New York.

Mrs. Henry Clews sailed for New York Wednesday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Grape-Nuts

FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

WHITNEY HOME FOR SALE.

That Which James Henry Smith Acquired Is to Go at Auction.

The house at 871 Fifth Avenue, which the late James Henry Smith bought from the estate of William C. Whitney, together with its contents, including art treasures, which cost between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000, is to be sold at public auction. The buyer of the house will have the privelege of purchasing whatever furnishings he may desire before the remainder is sold also at auction.

This brownstone house was turned over to Stanford White when Mr. Whitney bought it. That architect entirely remodeled it. Mr. Whitney refitted it with art treasures, which he had selected during various trips to Europe. Panelings from European palaces, wrought iron work from Florence, marbles from Roman temples, and carvings from cathedrals are all included in the decorative scheme. The house was completed in 1900, and early the following year Mr. Whitney gave an entertainment in it for his niece, Miss Helen Barney.

After Mr. Whitney died his estate sold the house to James Henry Smith, together with a large part of its furnishings, for $500,000. Mr. Smith added many art objects to take the place of those taken away by Mr. Whitney's children.

Mr. Smith died in 1907, and the terms of his will directed that the property should be sold.

The house has a frontage of 55 feet on Fifth Avenue and extends back into Sixty-eighth Street 200 feet. Its entrance is covered by a wrought iron grill, which was formerly in the Doria Palace. The grand staircase is made of rare imported marbles. The main hall is lighted with stained-glass windows of the sixteenth century. Included in the list of paintings are works by Van Dyck, Costa, Cranach, Murillo, Gainsborough, Diaz, and John La Farge.

HEWLETT—SCHOONMACHER.

The wedding of Miss Althea Livingston Schoonmacher, daughter of the late Capt. Cornelius Marius Schoonmacher, U. S. N., and Mrs. Schoonmacher, to Louis Hewlett, took place yesterday in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, in the presence of relatives and friends of the couple only.

The Rev. William M. Grosvenor, rector, assisted by the Rev. George A. Strong, officiated at the ceremony, which was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's mother, 202 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Marius Schoonmacher Darrow gave his cousin in marriage. Miss Schoonmacher wore a gown of white satin draped with point lace, and her veil was of tulle. Miss Virginia L. Schoonmacher and Miss Katharine M. Watson of Washington were the bridesmaids. They wore white silk crêpe with hats of white lace. Walter J. Hewlett was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Robert Hewlett, Theodore K. Wilmerding, Lewis Armstead, and Stephen W. Linnington.

CLARKE—ALDRICH.

The marriage of Miss Helen Hudson Aldrich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Aldrich of 271 West Seventy-second Street, to Talcott Hunt Clarke of Buffalo took place yesterday afternoon in All Angels' Episcopal Church, West End Avenue and Eighty-first Street. The Rev. J. Neyett Steele, an uncle of the bride, officiated, assisted by the Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend.

Miss Aldrich, who wore a gown of white satin and point lace and carried lilies of the valley, was attended by the Misses Maude H. and Mary A. Aldrich, Edith Van Santvoord, Beatrice Mahoney, and Ethel Haldsted. They wore white net, dotted with gold, over white satin.

Archibald Clarke was best man. The ushers were Thomas Russell, Henry Rennell, Richard Freeman, S. Wyman Aldrich, William Spalding, and Blair Buck. The reception was held at the residence of Mrs. Aldrich.

HARDENBERGH—NICHOLS.

The wedding of Clarence Morgan Hardenbergh to Miss Margaret Baxter Nichols, daughter of the Rev. Dr. H. B. Nichols, rector of Holy Trinity Church, and of Mrs. Nichols, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the church. Dr. Nichols officiated, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Richards of the Brick Presbyterian Church. Francis Baxter Shepley gave his niece in marriage.

Mrs. Henry Hutchins of Boston was matron of honor, and the maid of honor was Miss Avis Putnam of New York. The Misses Sarah Barney, Florence Harrison, Helen Griffith, Mary Otheman, Violet Bond, and Edith Bond were the bridesmaids. Dr. Henry Hutchins was best man, and the ushers were Henry L. McCall, James Griffin, J. Donaldson Nichols, Penrose Hallowell, Cyrus Barnum, Shepley Nichols, and Macy Sperry.

WILSON—SHIRLEY.

Miss Grace I. Shirley, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William F. Shirley, was married to Lester G. Wilson, yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas' Protestant-Episcopal Church. Mrs. Frank C. Hollister was her sister's only attendant. Percy H. Wilson was best man, and the ushers were Rufus G. Shirley, Cornelius F. Pinckney, Archibald G. Monks, Abbott C. Crelen, and Frederick W. Grant, and David M. Meyers.

Following the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, and the Rev. J. Godfrey Wilson, brother of the bridegroom, there was a reception at the home of Mrs. Hollister, 264 West Seventy-seventh Street.

GOULED—HEILBRON.

Miss Marie Heilbron, formerly of Chicago, was married Wednesday evening at her future home, 3 Eldorado Place, Weehawken, N. J., to Felix Gouled of that city. Peter Gouled, the bridegroom's brother, was best man and Mrs. Peter Gouled was matron of honor.

PFRIEMER—EVANS.

Miss Emily Mary Evans, eldest daughter of Capt. Henry E. Evans of the Ninth Coast Artillery, was married on Tuesday to Charles Joseph Pfriemer. The ceremony was performed in St. Joseph's Church, Tremont, the Rev. E. J. Higgins, assisted by the Rev. Peter Farrell and the Rev. J. Cummings, officiating.

Social Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Austen Gray closed their Newport season yesterday, and are in New York for the Winter.

Miss Bessie S. Claflin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Claflin of New York and Morristown, and a cousin of Miss Beatrice Claflin, will be one of the coming season's debutantes.

Mrs. Benjamin Griffin of 41 West Fifty-eighth Street, will introduce her daughter, Miss Marjorie Ely Smylie, at a reception on Saturday, Dec. 4. Miss Smylie is a daughter of the late Major Charles A. Smylie, who died six years ago in the Adirondacks, and is a greatniece of ex-Mayor Smith Ely. Mrs. Griffin will give a dance for her daughter at Delmonico's during the Christmas holidays.

J. Barton Willing left Newport for Boston yesterday, and on his return will be the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Jacob Astor in New York.

Mrs. Daniel S. Torrance has returned to her residence, 379 Fifth Avenue, from Lenox, where she passed the Summer.

Mrs. Frederick Bourne will introduce her daughter, Miss Marjorie Bourne, with a dance in December.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Charles Frohman will begin rehearsals of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's play, "The Fires of Fate," next Monday. The play will receive its first American performance early in December.

Cohan and Harris have an option on a musical comedy by Miss B. Morse Meyers, a New York girl, who is only 19.

The six Tyrolean Kiddies who appear with Sam Bernard in "The Girl and the Wizard" at the Casino are to give a special tabloid performance of the piece after the matinee of Saturday, Nov. 13.

When Frank Daniels in "The Belle of Brittany" comes to New York, Miss Winnie O'Connor, the English actress, will make her first appearance here.

A new four-act play of American life by John Webster, a grandniece of Mark Twain, will have its first performance on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 4, at the Empire Theatre, by students of the American Academy of Dramatic Art.

A condensed version of Schiller's "Joan of Arc" was given by Miss Madeline Rivers and her company last evening at the Berkeley Theatre under the auspices of the Jeanne d'Arc Suffrage Association.

Robert de Flers and Armand Caillavet, the authors of "Inconstant George" and "Love Watches," have notified Charles Frohman that in less than three months they expect to have completed the French play in which Miss Billie Burke will appear in Paris, acting the part of an American girl attempting to speak French. The play, if successful in Paris, will later be done in English in America with Miss Burke then playing the role of a French girl speaking broken English.

BOY NEARLY KILLED BY TWO BULLDOGS

Mother Dog and Pup Attack Him and Surgeons Say He's Disfigured for Life.

SHUT IN A ROOM WITH THEM

Children Say the Dogs Had a Grudge Against Him for Throwing Stones at Them.

Nine-year-old Milton Wyman, of 1355 Webster Avenue, the Bronx, on whose hands time lay heavily yesterday morning trouble with his eyes having kept him from school, wandered out into the rear yard of the row of tenements in which he lives, and Charles Jenette, of No. 1353, called to him.

Milton saw Charles's brother Alfred, nine years old, and the sister Grace, six years old, in the window of their flat and heard within the excited yelps of the Jenette bull terrierpup Buster and the terrier's mother. That sounded like fun. He clambered up to the window sill, cap on head, and black glasses over eyes by the doctor's orders, and jumped down into the kitchen.

He was bigger than the other children, older than two of them, and naturally won the lead. He began to play with Buster. But whether it was the black glasses or something else, Fanny, the mother dog watched him suspiciously.

The boy held up his cap for Buster to jump for, and Buster did jump, but Fanny snarled. Buster's jumping almost knocked Milton down and he ran through the other rooms of the flat, Buster giving chase, and snapping at his heels. In one of his snaps he caught the boy's leg hard, and broke the skin.

Milton screamed and kicked out. Buster snarled angrily, and as the boy ran back into the kitchen, sprang and tore his right cheek. In a moment Fanny, too, leaped at him, and the next moment he was on the floor, Buster tearing at his other cheek.

The boy was crying and screaming; the other children screaming too, tried to kick and pull the dogs off, the dogs snarling, and snapping arms and legs.

Mrs. Wyman was washing in her flat next door. She heard the yelps and screams, raised her head, listened, then ran downstairs. She knew that Mrs. Jenette was out, but wasn't aware that her boy was with the Jenette children, for never before had he gone there. She hurried up the steps of next house.

Just then ran Charles Jenette into the hall, throwing the door open, and all covered with blood, his arms above his head, screaming with terror, her son, and, springing at his shoulders one either side, the two bulldogs.

Just as Fanny caught his thigh the boy fell against his mother's legs. She struck and kicked at the dogs. Buster jumped at her throat, and tore her collar. She beat them back, but they kept jumping, with clicking claws, at her and the boy. At that moment from behind, there came a stamping up the steps. The next a man grabbed at Fanny's throat and Buster drew back. Milton sank to the floor.

The man was Robert Zink, a young grocer from across the street, at 1,354 Webster Avenue. He had passed just as the dogs and boy came out of the Jenette flat and heard the yelps and cries. He knelt on the struggling, snapping Fanny, and Alfred and Charles, catching Buster's collar, dragged him struggling back into the flat and shut the door. They heard him leaping against the door inside and yelping. He had smelled and tasted blood.

Mrs. Wyman, her bleeding boy in her arms, ran to a drug store. There his ten bad wounds were washed in a solution, and later he was taken in an ambulance to Fordham Hospital. The dogs were chained up in the house. A doctor from the Board of Health, examining them later, said they were perfectly healthy. Hearing this at the hospital the surgeons said the boy would soon recover, but that he would be disfigured for life.

According to the Jenette boys young Wyman had thrown stones at the dogs one time and another, and they did not like him.

HER INCOME $3 A YEAR AT 70.

Widow of Virginia Physician Appeals for Something to Do.

A widow nearly 70 years old, entirely dependent for support on her own efforts except for an annual $3 which she receives as interest on the fund laid aside for her own burial expenses, yet with a horror of being a recipient of charity, has written this appeal to THE TIMES from her home at Irvington, Lancaster County, Va.:

To the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES:

I am informed that you are interested in getting positions for "old people." I am quite sure that all the old people in the world would do you homage for the kindest of all charities on this earth, when old people have been set aside as we have been in this century. 'Tis sad but true, as I speak from experience in a business way.

Twenty-six years ago, after the death of my husband, who was a country doctor of forty-four years' practice, I commenced to be a "bread winner." I have no children, but I succeeded in maintaining independence until my age precluded all hope; for the last two years I have been a burden, I fear, on my friends. I am nearly 70, full of energy, healthy, and try to be cheerful under all circumstances, willing to do all that I can for myself and others, and one aim in my life is to avoid being a "cranky" old woman. "Civilized man cannot live without cooks," neither can civilized woman live without a little money, sometimes. This is really amusing, but my annual income is just $3, interest on a fund in bank set aside for my funeral obsequies, which nobly keeps me in shoe leather. That is much to be thankful for. For poverty nobly born is better than poverty barefooted. I do not agree with old Solomon.

Do you think there is any sane person who would have a "fore de war" old woman, and a "rebel," too, in their home? I have filled positions as matron in schools, institutions, taught small children, and traveled once with a wealthy woman in the West for seven months. My lines have always fallen in pleasant places, but my responsibilities have been at times as much as I could bear. Of course, now I would like, if such a thing is possible, something to do. Do you think I could get something not too strenuous?

Do you advertise in your paper for these old "cast-offs"? If you do, kindly let me know your terms and I will remit and thank you forever if you succeed. I can give you all the necessary references desired, and my rector, Mr. R. L. Coombs, Lancaster County, Va., will substantiate all that I have written you. May blessings rich and numerous attend your kind efforts. Oh, I hope that I have not infringed too long on your valuable time, and that you will pardon me if I have done so.

THE TIMES will insert an advertisement for her, forwarding the replies to her at Irvington, Va.

Mrs. Hayes's Ashes at Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 28.—The ashes of Mrs. Margaret Howell Jefferson Davis Hayes, daughter of the Confederacy, arrived here en route from Colorado Springs, Col., this morning and were taken to St. Paul's Episcopal Church, where they will remain until to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, the hour set for the funeral. The coffin was borne from the train to the hearse, and from the hearse to the church, by prominent citizens who are Confederate veterans. With the remains were J. Addison Hayes, husband of Mrs. Hayes; Mrs. Gerald B. Webb and Miss Lucy Hayes, Mrs. Hayes's daughters, and Dr. Webb. Jefferson Davis Hayes, Mrs. Hayes's son, who lives now in New York, will be here in the morning.

ALL LOST ARTICLES

Should be advertised without delay. The best medium for Lost and Found Advertising is The New York Times. This is daily demonstrated by the fact that The Times Lost and Found column restores many lost articles. Costs little. Go to any Advertising Agent or telephone 1000 Bryant. All Times Lost advertisements receive a free insertion in the Lost and Found Bulletins posted in over 1,000 public places throughout the city.

MME. GADSKI DEPLORES.

Too Few Opportunities Yet for Singers in America, She Says.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Oct. 28.—Mme. Johanna Gadski, who sang in Carnegie Music Hall to-night, this afternoon gave an interview deploring the fewness of opera houses in America. In part she said:

"There is absolutely no need for an American singer to go to Europe to complete her musical education. But she has to go in order to be heard. Here are so few opera houses. Hammerstein and the Metropolitan cannot take every one.

"Ah, there would be such great opportunities for your coming singers in America if you had opera houses in every town as we have in Europe. In Germany every town supports its opera house. The girls and young men sing in small towns, then they go to large towns, and still larger, until, maybe, they sing in Berlin.

"But here are only the great houses to sing in. There is no place to start. You see? Rich people of the towns should build and start the houses. At first, maybe, there will be a loss, but soon the gain will come. The children will be educated, the grown folk will think ah, once a week I will see the opera, and they will live for that. They will love music better when they hear the best. It is that way in Germany. And so we all love music. It will come, I know, even here in America. But you must let it grow."

SURPRISES DIRECTOR DIPPEL.

Mme. Meitschik, Russian Contralto, Arrives from Europe Unannounced.

Mme. Anna Meitschik, the Russian contralto, who is to be one of the features of the season at the Metropolitan Opera House, walked into that institution yesterday and greeted her directors. It seems that she had arrived on Tuesday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, but as she was not expected nobody had recognized her, and she went to her hotel and had a good night's sleep before presenting herself at the theatre.

"Did you come over on an aeroplane?" asked Mr. Dippel when he saw her. "We expected you on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie on Nov. 2."

This is said to be the first occasion in the history of the Metropolitan that a singer has arrived unannounced, and whose coming has not been known for a day after her arrival.

IN THE GALLERIES.

The Water Color Club's exhibition this year is a very neatly woven and homogeneous fabric in which the good work stands out in low relief upon a background of inoffensive and undemonstrative mediocrity. Some of the work—a little of it—is very good, indeed, as for example "The Spinning Girl in White," by Hilda Belcher, which has taken the prize, and which is as delicate a product of refined wision and competent craftsmanship as one need ask. The scheme is in grays and whites, darkening to blue on the one hand and warming into rose and violet on the other. The touch is clean and true, the sentiment delightful, and the drawing full of research.

The landscapes in the exhibition are in a minority and the flower-studies that once abounded on such occasions are almost negligible so far as numbers go.

The landscapes and portraits of places which are in the pastel medium are perhaps more impressive than the water colors, in spite of the fact that under no circumstances can the obdurate chalk be compelled to give either the cool glimmer of early morning or the moist air of the evening, or any surface that reflects with brilliancy.

Where the subject is as tactfully chosen as in Elmer Livingston MacRae's "The City in Winter" pastel will do wonderful things, and this particular picture is an eloquent proof of its capacity to render the beauty of snow-filled air and buildings wrapped in mists. The chalk apparently has been used on brown linen, the slightly roughened texture of which gives an interesting variety to the surface. The storm is dashing across the city and the dull crimsons and blues and grays of the multi-colored buildings burn like nearly extinguished fires through the thick atmosphere—a fine example of tone and color.

A second canvas by the same artist, in a similar manner of execution, is the "East River," a composition of much complication well managed, in which the bridge makes perhaps too solid a line of crimson.

"October," by Alice Judson, is a pastel on brown paper in which the brilliant color of Autumn foliage is represented without the gaudy effect that was once more common than now in our pictures of American Autumns.

Shirley Williamson's "The Old Tree" is an example of very intelligent use of a rough surface in varying the effect, and Cullen Yates in "Fallen Heavens and Misty Sky" uses a technique that appears to be pasted over water-color and that carries well at distance. Howard Russell Butler's "Autumnal Sunset" is in a new vein and shows color in shadow, well managed and an agreeable design. "Spring Clouds" by Walter Besig, shows trees blown by a strong wind and a man leading cattle up a hill. The effect of motion is strongly suggested, but the foreground is rather empty and the composition is somewhat too large in scale for its interests.

Colin Campbell Cooper's water-color version of "Columbus Circle, New York" is a fine treatment of exceedingly difficult detail. The sky is not quite so well managed as it is in most of his pictures of city streets, but the excellent drawing of the houses and streets and the rich and varied color, make the picture a notable contribution to the artists' series of city subjects.

A remarkably distinguished group of small pictures is shown by H. M. Camp. They are only a few square inches in area, but the effect of space and the delightful arrangement of the lights and darks give them much more than ordinary interest. The "Grandfather's House" a white building on a hill under a cloudy sky—is treated in the simplest possible manner, the white mass of the house set between a dark cloud and a dark foreground, but the few elements of the composition combine in an impression of great dignity. The "November" also, seen across the room, conveys the sense of a sky that enwraps the earth and a broad sweep of horizon, with a spaciousness that many big pictures might envy. The most notable of the group is, however, the "Northern Streamers and Comet," in which the action takes place in the sky alone and a victory is gained fairly comparable to that of Whistler in his famous rocket pictures.

Alexander Robinson's pictures, of which there are several, are executed in his usual bold manner, but with more than his usual success in avoiding a confused effect with the mosaic of color. F. Luis Mora in his street scenes from Sevilla, Madrid, Valencia and other Spanish cities, uses his medium with a crisp touch and shows a remarkably fine color sense in combining the brilliant hues inseparable from his subjects.

Other landscapes and street scenes that detain the attention in a first survey of the rooms are Charles Warren Eaton's "A Venetian Night" and "Glimpse of Lake Como," Frank C. Mathewson's scenes of Caudebec and Rothenburg, Alice Schille's outdoor markets, C. P. Gruppe's "November Day," Mary C. Trask's clear-cut, well-drawn little "Flower Market," Jane Petersen's street scenes, a couple of small lovely landscapes by Henry C. White, and Mr. Dufner's landscapes with figures.

Among the flower subjects, Elizabeth R. Hardenbergh's "Phlox" and Mary Vander Veer's study of petunias reflected in a mirror are of special interest.

The figure subjects which are numerous and good will be noticed later.

"Bhot Atcha"

Our great East Indian

Furniture Polish

A fine article for treating fine polished surfaces.

LEWIS & CONGER.

130 & 132 West 42d St., New York.

Braus Art Stores

Pictures - Frames

434 5th Ave. (near 39th) & 30 East 23d St.

MAJOR GEN. R. P. HUGHES DEAD

Former Commander in Philippines and of Department of California.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 28.—Word was received here this afternoon of the death of Major Gen. Robert P. Hughes, U. S. A., retired, at Overbrook, Penn., where he had been living. Gen. Hughes's body will probably be brought here for interment.

Major Gen. Robert P. Hughes was born in Pennsylvania on April 11, 1839. Soon after Fort Sumter was fired on Mr. Hughes left the Jefferson College in Pennsylvania, where he was a student, and enlisted in the Union army. He was commissioned, First Lieutenant in 1861, Captain in the following year, Lieutenant Colonel in 1864, and for meritorious services in the assault of Fort Gregg in Virginia in the following year he was brevetted Colonel. Throughout the rest of the war Col. Hughes served on the staff of Gen. Terry.

When peace was declared Col. Hughes married Miss Clara Terry of New Haven, Conn., a sister of Gen. Terry. He did not, however, give up his army work. He was appointed a Captain in the regular army in 1867, serving with the Eighteenth Infantry Regiment. In 1885 he was appointed an Inspector General with the rank of Major, and one month later was raised to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. Col. Hughes was assigned to the Philippines in 1898, and was later made a Brigadier General and Chief of Staff of the Eighth Corps.

He was Provost Marshal General of Manila and its suburbs in 1898, and later was appointed on the commission which brought about peace with Gen. Aguinaldo and his forces. In 1900 Gen. Hughes was transferred to the Department of Visayan Islands, where he was commander, and in the following year he was brought to this country and made Commander of the Department of California, where he served until his retirement from the army on account of age in 1903. In the year previous he was made a Major General on account of his services in the civil war. After the death of his wife in 1893 Gen. Hughes spent his furloughs at the home of the Misses Terry in New Haven.

EMANUEL EINSTEIN DEAD.

Retired Manufacturer and Interested in Jewish Charities.

Emanuel Einstein, a retired manufacturer and brother of Henry L. Einstein, President of The New York Press, died yesterday at his home, 45 East Seventy-second Street. He was born in this city fifty-five years ago and was the son of Lewis Einstein. For many years he had been active in commercial life and was Vice President of the Raritan Woolen Mills and President of the Somerset Manufacturing Company. He was deeply interested in charitable institutions and his work as Director of the Hebrew Technical Institute gave him the greatest satisfaction.

While he kept a city home he passed much of his life in recent years in Pompton, N. J. Besides the widow a son and a daughter survive him.

The funeral will be held on next Sunday from the city home. The burial will be in the family plot in Salem Fields Cemetery, Jamaica Avenue, Brooklyn.

Joseph H. Turner.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 28.—Joseph H. Turner, General Agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad, died at his home here early to-day after a brief illness. Mr. Turner was born at Columbia, Va., on Nov. 7, 1854. After a general school education he entered the offices of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company at Memphis, Tenn., as a clerk. He became chief clerk of that office in 1882, and in the following year was made depot ticket agent. In 1887 he left the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company to become contracting agent for the Memphis & Charleston Railroad Company. In 1890 he left Memphis for Atlanta, Ga., where he became contracting agent for the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad Company. In 1902 he was made commercial and General Agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad.

Mrs. Frances Potter.

Mrs. Frances Potter, widow of the former Bishop of Pennsylvania, the Right Rev. Alonzo Potter, who was the father of the late Bishop of this city, the Right Rev. Henry Codman Potter, died on Wednesday at her residence, Flushing, L. I. She was 88 years old, and the second wife of the late Bishop. She was the daughter of Alfred and Frances Barnwell Seton. Her funeral will be held at St. George's Church in Flushing, L. I., on Saturday. The burial will be at Throgg's Neck.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES LUCAS, who was a guard at the Old Capitol Prison in Washington at the time that Abraham Lincoln was assassinated, died in Lafayette, Ind., on Tuesday, aged eighty years. He was in the posse which followed J. Wilkes Booth on the night of the assassination, and guarded the assassin's body in the prison and on the gunboat on which it was removed. He was a member of the court-martial which later tried the other conspirators.

Col. CHARLES EDMONSTON THORBURN, a Mexican War and civil war veteran and a former Governor of the consolidated Stock Exchange, died on Wednesday, at his home, 215 West 51st Street, in his 87th year. He was graduated from Annapolis, and was a midshipman during the Mexican War. When the civil war broke out he resigned from the United States Navy and entered the Confederate Army, having been a native of Virginia. At the close of the war he came to this city. He was a member of the Aztec Society, the Society of Foreign Wars, and a Past Commander of the Confederate Veteran Camp of New York.

HARVEY E. SMITH, the oldest resident of Millburn, N. J., is dead at his home there, aged 92 years and 7 months. Had he lived to Nov. 17, he would have celebrated his ninety-third birthday. Infirmities due to old age resulted in heart failure. Mr. Smith had lived in Essex County all his life. Mrs. Smoth, to whom he was married in 1839, died in January, 1907. His grandfather was Capt. Samuel Allen of Revolutionary fame. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Edward Reeve of Millburn.

Mrs. MARION WALSH, 73 years old, died yesterday from an attack of apoplexy at the home of her nephew, Frederick C. H. Bull, on Gordonhurst Avenue, Upper Montclair, N. J. Mrs. Walsh was the wife of Cornelius Walsh, who was the Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey against Joel Parker in 1871. At the time of Mr. Walsh's candidacy, he resided in the house known as Bellmount, in Belleville. This house is still standing.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DURKIN.—Oct. 21, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh J. Durkin, a son.

GRIFFIN.—Oct. 21, to Mr. and Mrs. George C. Griffin, a daughter.

Married.

CARVER—WHITTIER.—On Wednesday, Oct. 27, 1909, by Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, Elisabteh Eaton, daughter of Mrs. George A. Carver, to Thomas Tupper Whittier, both of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DREYFUSS—BURNS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 27, at 770 St. Nicholas Av., by the Rev. George Ashton Oldham, Adele Georgette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Burns, to Philip Mortimer Dreyfuss.

FOWLER—DAVIS.—Oct. 28, 1909, Marion Davis to Harold Benedict Fowler, by the Rev. H. H. Beattys, at Mount Vernon, N. Y.

GOULED—HEILBRON.—On Oct. 27, at 3 Eldorado Place, Weehawken, N. J., Miss Marie Heilbron to Mr. Felix Gouled.

HARDENBURGH—NICHOLS.—In Holy Trinity Church, New York, Oct. 28, 1909, by the Rev. H. P. Nichols, D. D., assisted by the Rev. William R. Richards, D. D., Margaret Baxter, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Nichols, to Clarence Morgan Hardenburgh.

HEWLETT—SCHOONMAKER.—At Church of the Incarnation, Oct. 28, by the Rev. William Mercer Grosvenor, D. D., Althea Livingston Schoonmaker, daughter of Mrs. Schoonmaker and the late Capt. Cornelius Marius Schoonmaker, to Louis Hewlett.

PFRIEMER—EVANS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 26, in St. Joseph's Church, Tremont, by the Rev. E. J. Higgins, assisted by the Revs. Peter Farrell and J. Cummings, Emily Mary, eldest daughter of Capt. Henry E. Evans, Ninth Coast Artillery, to Charles Joseph Pfriemer.

WILKES—CLARK.—On Wednesday, Oct. 27, at the Watchung Avenue Congregational Church, Montclair, N. J., by the Rev. Thomas Travis, Sara Isabella Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Clark, to Dr. Arthur Chalmers Wilkes of Irvington, N. J.

CLARK—KEATING.—Oct. 27, Lillian Keating to William H. Clark.

COLLETT—WESTLAKE.—Oct. 27, Jennie W. Westlake to Samuel D. Collett.

HAGGERTY—JILLSON.—Oct. 27, Emilie Jillson to Joseph F. Haggerty.

HALL—MAYHEW.—Oct. 26, Amy B. Mayhew to Arthur Hall.

McCOTTER—MORRISON.—Oct. 27, Emilie Morrison to Herbert McCotter.

McKEEVER—YOUNG.—Oct. 27, Marie Young to Joseph McKeever.

MANCHESTER—LANG.—Oct. 27, Mae Lang to E. A. Manchester.

MERTENS—BURKE.—Oct. 27, Viola Burke to William B. Mertens.

MILBANK—LITTLE.—Oct. 27, Edith Little to Harold Milbank.

POLHEMUS—NOLAN.—Oct. 25, Agnes Nolan to M. Polhemus.

SIMPSON—MASON.—Oct. 27, Madeline Mason to Robert Simpson.

TAYLOR—MASEMANN.—Oct. 27, Grace Masemann to Howard C. Taylor.

WHITTIER—CARVER.—Oct. 27, Elizabeth Carver to Thomas T. Whittier.

WILLIAMS—CARPENTER.—Oct. 27, Hazel Carpenter to Harry P. Williams.

Connecticut.

JEWELL—PEARSALL.—Oct. 24, Waterbury, Laura Pearsall to Walter E. Jewell.

KEANE—KENNEDY.—Oct. 20, Danbury, Beatrice Kennedy to Patrick Keane.

LONGAN—McDONALD.—Oct. 27, Hartford, Mary McDonald to Peter J. Longan.

LOWDEN—PARKER.—Oct. 26, Stamford, Edith Parker to S. G. Lowden.

MORRIS—STEWART.—Oct. 26, Bethel, Agnes E. Stewart to Benjamin F. Morris.

Long Island.

STUMP—BORGES.—Oct. 27, Woodside, Louise Borges to George F. Stump.

SUHR—STRUSS.—Oct. 27, East New York, Minnie Struss to William Suhr.

New Jersey.

DOUGHTY—KOPPENBERG.—Oct. 26, Rose Koppenberg to Raymond Doughty.

DUDLEY—BURTT.—Oct. 27, Clara Burtt to Lester Dudley.

GARLAND—SHAPER.—Oct. 27, Glen Ridge, Dorothy Shaper to Henry S. Garland.

JAEGER—CARSON.—Oct. 26, Plainfield, Edna Carson to Harry Jaeger, Jr.

KLINE—CLARK.—Oct. 27, Long Branch, Kate Clark to Raymond Kline.

MURPHY—LEBER.—Oct. 27, Newark, Nellie Leber to Eugene Murphy.

SITLER—COOPER.—Oct. 26, Jersey City, Blanche Cooper to James F. Sitler.

Died.

ADAMS.—In New York Hospital, on Wednesday, Oct. 27, 1909, Clara Walton, wife of Henry C. Adams, daughter of Mrs. J. Edgar Corliss, and granddaughter of J. Howard Wright. Services at her

YALE TEAM UNDER HIGH PRESSURE

Dashing Play of 'Varsity, with Capt. Coy as Chief Factor in Scoring.

THREE TOUCHDOWNS MADE

Harvard Leaves Cambridge To-day for Annual Contest with Cadets at West Point To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 28.—Reeling off touchdowns at the rate of one in every five downs, the Yale 'Varsity raced through the scrubs' line this afternoon in the most effective display of high pressure they have been able to get up this Fall. In the fifteen minutes in which the regulars fought there were sixteen scrimmages, in which the three scores were made. The first touchdown required five plays, the next only four, but the third took seven. Coy was the main factor in the scoring. He was at full back, but was flanked by two third-string players, Henry Holt and Meade Robinson. In making all three touchdowns the 'Varsity put the ball in play in midfield and negotiated 55 yards for a goal. Coy made the first touchdown, breaking through tackle into the open for a 40-yard run, which was the prime factor for the score. He seemed to have the touchdown assured when Ford Johnson, the scrub quarter back, downed him. Robinson shot outside tackle for the touchdown.

In almost every detail the first touchdown was duplicated in making the second. Coy broke through tackle for a 30-yard run, and Robinson deftly dashed outside tackle for a 20-yard plunge and the score. Logan picked up one of Capt. Coy's onside kicks for a 30-yard gain in getting the third touchdown, which Savage, who had gone to half back on the Varsity, took over the line.

Morris, the third-eleven centre, made an excellent showing as snapback for the 'Varsity. Cooney was detained at recitations and Hyde has not recovered from his recent injury.

Ten minutes were given the 'Varsity on the defense, the scrubs taking the ball in midfield and being ordered to keep it until they forced it over for a touchdown. They made little headway, and Coy and Savage were placed on the scrubs to head the attack. Each smashed through for 10-yard gains, Savage finally breaking through for the score. The coaches were Frank Butterworth, Brink Thorne, and Vance McCormick.

For the first time this season the weight of the Yale players was officially given out, as follows:

Coy, 190 pounds; Philbin, 172; Kilpatrick, 188; Hobbs, 206; Logan, 165; Vaughn, 157; Lilley, 187; Goebel, 206; Andrus, 208; Cooney, 210; Johnson, 155; Howe, 152; Daly, 175; Hyde, 178; Brown, 190; Savage, 184; Francis, 176; total, 3,000.

Princeton Plays Stronger Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 28.—Another long period of scrimmaging was held by the football squad this afternoon. The 'Varsity again played a strong game and four touchdowns were made through the scrub line, two by Hart, one by Garrett, and one by Gill. Three times the ball was given to the scrub on the 'Varsity 10-yard line, only to be held for downs. The ends showed up better to-day than at any time during the season and Frantz, who again had a turn in this position, did great work in breaking up interference. Baldwin, Gill, Welch, and Van Dyke were the other ends used. Hart, Sparks, and Garrett played in the back field and were later replaced by Cunningham, Mathews, Sawyer, Reed, and Woodie, while Dawson played at quarter. Most of the regular line men were not out to-day, as the coaches decided to give them a rest.

Harvard Eleven Comes Here To-day.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 28.—Light practice was the Harvard eleven's final preparation this afternoon for the game with West Point Saturday. The combination of McKay at left tackle, L. Withington at left guard and Leslie at left half back was tried and worked so successfully that it will be used Saturday. The squad will leave at 1 P. M. to-morrow for New York, spending to-morrow night in that city and going to West Point Saturday morning. The line-up as announced to-night for Saturday's game will be as follows:

Houston, left end; McKay, left tackle; L. Withington, left guard; F. Withington, centre; Fisher, right guard; Fish, right tackle; L. Smith, right end; O'Flaherty, quarter back; Leslie, left half back; P. Smith, right half back; Minot, full back.

Fordham and Georgetown Next.

Coach Gargan put the Fordham squad through a short, snappy practice yesterday on Fordham Field, in preparation for the game with Georgetown at American League Park next Tuesday. Many of the regulars were excused from work. Sargon, Leary, Collard, McCaffrey, G. Walsh, and E. Walsh were the only 'Varsity men out. George Walsh delighted the under-graduates present by appearing in moleskins. The afternoon was divided into two half-hour periods of signal drill, when all the 'Varsity timber was cleared away, leaving a substitute eleven on the field. Coach Gargan has arranged a game for the scrubs next Saturday with Peekskill Military Academy, at Peekskill.

Reports from Washington indicate that Georgetown is coming to New York with a fast team, intent on carrying Fordham's scalp back to the capital. Prominent alumni and under-graduates of the Southern university have arranged for a Georgetown cheering section to lend encouragement to their heroes.

High School Boys Against N. Y. U.

Dewitt Clinton High School football team yesterday lined up against New York University for a practice game. No scoring was allowed, although the scrimmage lasted for three-quarters of an hour. New York's two 'Varsity half backs were not in the line, Gorsch and Elliffe both having suffered slight injuries in the practice with Fordham. Brennan was also prevented from entering the game, Davis taking his place. Shanley and Moore, the two substitute half backs, made a creditable showing.

That the 'Varsity men may encounter as many different forms of play as possible, Olcott has invited several strong high school teams to play his men. To-day the High School of Commerce will meet N. Y. U. on Ohio Field. On next Tuesday, (Election Day,) N. Y. U. will play Wesleyan on Ohio Field.

GOLF NOTES OF INTEREST.

According to Miss Dorothy Campbell and the other foreign visitors who practiced there yesterday, the course of the Garden City Golf Club is the best they have seen in this country. The champion of Great Britain and America did not go after a score because of the high wind which whistled across the links, but in the opinion of those who watched her the North Berwick girl would be seen at her best there because of the straightness of her game.

The Hooper plate, in competition for several years at the Nassau Country Club, has been won outright by H. L. Pratt, who recently secured his third leg on the trophy. Others to win at various times were C. Jennings, 1; W. L. Hicks, 2; F. N. Doubleday, 1; Findlay S. Douglas, 2; H. W. Maxwell, 2; A. W. Rossiter, 2, and H. L. Pratt 3.

Mrs. John D. Hibbard of the Homewood Country Club has been nominated as President of the Women's Western Golf Association. Mrs. W. Franze Anderson, former Western champion and sister to Robert Gardner, the National amateur title holder, has been renominated for the position as Vice President, while Mrs. Thurston Harrison of Westward Ho is the choice to succeed Miss Julia Hunt as Secretary.

Tom Anderson, Jr., the clever young professional, who has figured prominently in no less than eight open tournaments and championships this year, recently reeled off a score of 72 over the links of the Forest Hill Field Club. Despite the fact that it was his first visit Anderson made the homeward journey in a remarkable 32. The course record is 70.

Indications are that there will be quite a shifting of professionals in this vicinity between now and next Spring. Jack Pearson is to leave the Richmond County Country Club for a new club in the West, and it is reported that a number of "pros" have applied for the job at the Staten Island Club. The Inwood Country Club near Rockaway is also negotiating with a number of good men.

It is understood that Will Anderson, present Western open champion and four times winner of the National title, is desirous to return East. In the recent Portola golf tournament over the Ingleside links, near San Francisco, Anderson won first money, defeating McDonald Smith, a younger brother of Alec Smith, in the final round by 5 up and 3 to play. Anderson defeated George Sargent, the National open champion, by a similar margin in the semi-final. The winner is at present connected with the St. Louis Country Club.

INSURANCE REPORT OUT.

Business of Assessment Associations and Fraternal Orders Shows Growth.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Part IV. of the Insurance Department report was to-day given to the public by Supt. of Insurance Hotchkiss. This volume covers the business of 1908 of the assessment, life, and accident associations and fraternal orders and societies doing business in the State of New York. The statements of these associations and orders as published have been audited, not only as to their general financial items, but also as to their security holdings.

Since the beginning of the present year the department, under Section 63 of the insurance law, has taken over the property and business of two assessment associations, one fraternal order, and one live-stock insurance company.

The comparative figures for the years 1907 and 1908, covering the above classes of corporations, are as follows:

ASSESSMENT ASSOCIATIONS.

	1907.	1908.
Number	37	34
Assets	$14,751,038	$15,007,457
Liabilities	13,190,629	13,169,008
Received from members	6,779,761	7,380,097
Other income	756,836	860,238
Total income	7,536,587	8,241,235
Claims and other payments to members	4,413,855	4,635,902
Expenses	1,588,348	1,677,681
Total disbursements	6,002,203	6,313,583
Total certificates in force	318,638	332,985
Certificates in force in New York	94,313	97,658

FRATERNAL ORDERS OR SOCIETIES.

	1907.	1908.
Number	67	70
Assets	$64,737,011	$76,715,408
Liabilities	8,418,138	9,871,523
Received from members	68,023,639	70,037,647
Other income	2,751,286	3,400,989
Total income	70,774,925	73,438,636
Claims and other payments to members	53,971,280	55,216,885
Expenses	7,502,140	7,867,999
Total disbursements	61,473,420	63,084,884
Total certificates in force	4,157,372	4,407,368
Certificates in force in New York	727,800	681,759

WATERS-PIERCE RESTORED.

Texas Will Gain Some $9,000,000 as Result of Oil Company's Exile.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, Oct. 28.—Having convinced the State Attorney General that it no longer has stock held by the Oil Trust, the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, which a year ago was driven from Texas and fined $1,800,000 for violation of the anti-trust laws, will be permitted to return and resume business in Texas. That is it will be permitted to bid at the public sale of its physical property which the State confiscated when the company, which paid its big fine, was convicted.

The company has about perfected reorganization. H. Clay Pierce, the President, has purchased the stock formerly held by the Standard Oil and will remain at the head of the new concern. The State will ask not less than $5,000,000 for the property formerly owned by the Waters-Pierce Company, and the new organization will pay it rather than have some other company buy in the property.

Thus, including the earnings from the receivership appointed by the State, the penalties, and sale price the Waters-Pierce Company will have contributed nearly $9,000,000 to the State Treasury as the result of its trust experience.

USED JIU JITSU ON WIFE.

American Woman Says Husband Tortured Her, and Gets Divorce.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Charging that her husband, Kazan Cho Yo, author and former instructor in the University of Tokio, had crippled her by applying jiu jitsu methdos, Mrs. Greta A. Cho Yo, American wife of the Japanese, obtained a divorce with alimony to-day.

The young woman testified that she had lived with Cho Yo for two years after their marriage in 1904, and was compelled by injuries he inflicted to leave him and to abandon her musical studies.

"He was most cruel to me," said Mrs. Cho Yo. "On one occasion, when I was ill, he raised my arms high above my head, and held them until I was in torture. At other times he shook me and tossed me around the room until I was almost unconscious.

"My back and neck were injured and my arms nearly paralyzed. My spinal vertebrae and several ribs were displaced by this treatment, and I have almost despaired of recovering. Formerly I practiced many hours a day at the piano; now five minutes of practice pains me."

Cho Yo wrote a book on chess which is recognized by chess experts.

TWO HURT IN AUTO CRASH.

Owen and Chauffeur Knocked Unconscious by Falling Electric Light Pole.

Persons who saw a big automobile coming down Broadway near 136th Street at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon saw the car suddenly skid to one side, despite the frantic efforts of the chauffeur to hold it straight, and crash with great force into a tall iron electric light pole at 135th Street. The car was smashed and the upper half of the pole fell upon the bodies of the chauffeur and man riding in the tonneau.

The injured men were Hugh H. Baxter, a wealthy retired merchant of 426 Pelham Road, New Rochelle, and his chauffeur, Oliver Coursele. They were cut by fragments of glass from the broken globe of the light, and the blow from the pole knocked them unconscious. Dr. Goldman of 601 West 135th Street, who had seen the accident from his office window, with the help of Bicycle Policemen Casey and Wegge, picked up Mr. Baxter and Coursele, and carried them into his office. Dr. Goldman dressed their injuries and then took them in his auto to Mr. Baxter's home, where Coursele lives.

Examination of Mr. Baxter's auto showed that the steering gear had given way.

TWO NEW MOTOR YACHTS

To be Built for New Yorkers by Electric Launch Company of Bayonne.

Orders for the building of two ninety-eight-foot Elco gasoline motor yachts have been placed with the Electric Launch Company of Bayonne, N. J., to be built from the company's designs and be ready for delivery on April 15, 1910. They are for Albert E. Smith and J. Stuart Blackton of New York. The yachts will be ninety-eight feet over all, ninety feet water line, sixteen feet beam, and four feet six inches draught. They will be of the flush dead type, having two pole masts with lug sails. Each will have a loco pilot house forward, which will be used as a dining saloon. This will be handsomely finished in selected mahogany. Adjacent to this will be the galley, with crew's quarters forward, and stateroom for engineer and Captain. Watertight bulkheads of steel will separate the engine room amidships from the quarters fore and aft.

Spacious quarters finished in white and dark mahogany will be provided aft for the owner, including a stateroom the full width of the boat, with two brass bedsteads, chiffonieres, and lockers, and adjoining will be a bathroom. The main saloon will be finished in dark mahogany. Three other staterooms will be provided for guests.

The power equipment will consist of two seventy-five horse power, six-cylinder standard gasoline marine engines of latest design and type. The filling of the gasoline tanks will be from the outside of the vessel. Each yacht will have a wireless telegraph equipment and a complete electric light plant will be installed. Besides this the yachts will be equipped with a powerful searchlight.

"Dots" Miller to Play Basket Ball.

"Dots" Miller, second baseman of the Pittsburg Club, is back at his home in Kearny, N. J., and during the Winter proposes to take an active interest in basket ball, so as to be in condition when the Pirates go on their Spring training trip. Hans Wagner wanted Miller to spend the Winter in Pittsburg to play with his Carnegie team, but the second baseman preferred to play with a team nearer home. Miller will be one of five that will take the place of the Buffalo Head team and represent the West

HOTELS MAKE READY FOR THE CUP RACE

Restaurants and Cafes Will Be Open All Night and Breakfasts Served Before Dawn.

PICNIC LUNCHES IN DEMAND

Ices in Pasteboard Racing Cars and Candy Motor Cars and Taxicabs Among the Table Novelties.

As a preliminary to the Vanderbilt Cup Race thousands of automobile enthusiasts in this city will enter into a race early to-morrow morning, not to win the notable cup, but to finish their breakfast in time to reach the Long Island Motor Parkway before the real race begins at 9 o'clock. For the accommodation of these enthusiasts, as well as for the convenience of their own guests, the majority of the big hotels announced yesterday that they were prepared to serve a nocturnal meal.

While the change of time for the beginning of the race will lessen somewhat the freakish starts hitherto made at the hour when graveyards yawn, automobilists will have to breakfast before daylight in order to get parking space at the grandstand and be on hand for the first crack of the gun.

Race-goers from out of town have already begun to pour into the hotels. The first of a party of one hundred automobilists from Pennsylvania, some having motored all the way from Pittsburg, began to arrive last night at the Hotel Knickerbocker, where they will be quartered until the race is over.

Some of the hotels will keep their restaurants open all night, others will close at one o'clock and reopen at four in the morning.

Innovations in the service have been inaugurated at many of the hotels. Ices were being served yesterday in tiny pasteboard racing cars. Motor cars made in colored candies, ranging from a taxicab to a limousine, with real headlights, were also employed in honor of Saturday's event.

The Waldorf-Astoria has arranged to keep the Waldorf palm room open all night. A special breakfast will be served at 5 o'clock.

The parking space in Astor Court has been booked for the accommodation of 150 private cars. These early morning motorists will thus be able to breakfast at 5 and make the start for the parkway by 6 o'clock, enjoying a daylight ride to the grandstand.

Demand for Picnic Lunches.

The Plaza will keep the Fifty-ninth Street café open during the entire night, and, judging from the number of applications already received the café, which is for both ladies and gentlemen, will be taxed to its capacity.

As basket lunches will be in demand on Saturday a special chef has been detailed at the Plaza to prepare an appetizing menu of cold victuals. Advance orders for these picnic lunches have increased for this, the fifth annual cup race.

The ideal lunch this year will consist of cold broiled chicken or squab, hard-boiled eggs, watercress sandwiches, a box of relishes, bread and butter, cake, assorted fruit, and tea or coffee. At least, this is the standard preparation for which the prices range at the hotels at from $3 to $5.

Plenty of folks try to make out that they are automobile enthusiasts when in reality they are just hungering for a cold lunch to be eaten out of doors. The chance only comes now and then. Last year it was no uncommon sight to see a grand dame in the grand stand manipulating her glasses with one hand and holding a hard-boiled egg sandwich in the other. This year the lunch hour promises to be an event, judging from the multiplicity of advance orders.

The Astor will also look after the early morning comfort of guests. Liberal accommodations will be made in the restaurant and grill for those who prefer to make the journey by moonlight. Basket lunches will be made up on application.

Motor cars modeled in candy will mark all the entrances to the small grill, café, and restaurant to-night at the Knickerbocker. In fact, the candy chef was busily engaged all yesterday in turning out the models. A show case in the main lobby will contain candy miniatures of all sorts of automobiles.

The entire kitchen staff will serve patrons, guests, and enthusiasts all night either in the café, grill or restaurant. Orders for 600 baskets have already been made at this hotel, broiled chicken being most in demand.

Moonlight Parties Organized.

Notices were posted yesterday at the Hotel Belmont to the effect that the restaurant and café would continue to serve patrons throughout the night. Advance applications for basket luncheons were coming in fast yesterday.

Over at the Manhattan it was said that the 43d Street restaurant would open at 4 o'clock Saturday morning for early breakfast. A number of private parties are being made up here to motor to the Parkway after breakfasting at this hour, which will mean a moonlight and daylight trip combined.

Up at the St. Regis the kitchen staff will remain on call either for late suppers or early breakfasts. Some of the guests are planning to breakfast at 6 o'clock. Among those who will motor from the St. Regis to the grandstand is the Austrian Ambassador, Baron von Hengelmuller.

The Gotham's guests are showing a lively interest in the event. Breakfast will be served here at daylight for several automobile parties arranged for by the guests of the hotel.

The Holland House café will remain open until 2 o'clock, close, and reopen at 4 for the accommodation of its guests and patrons. Down at the Hoffman a special breakfast will be served at 5. Among the guests here who are looking forward to an early motor trip to the Parkway is T. P. O'Connor, Irish Member of Parliament.

Generally throughout the city the hotels are making arrangements for early breakfasts. There are already visitors who have arrived for the race registered at the Murray Hill, the Park Avenue, Victoria, Imperial, Savoy, Netherlands, Imperial, and Marlborough.

As the race will finish in time for the crowd to motor back to town in time to dress for dinner, the event will prove a continual demand upon the hospitality of the hotels and restaurants, starting to-night at 12 and ending Saturday on the stroke of 12.

Audubon Bank to Open Nov. 1.

The Audubon National Bank, it was announced yesterday, will open for business on Nov. 1 at Broadway and 143d Street, permission to begin business having been granted by the Controller of the Currency. The bank has a capital of $200,000 and a surplus of $50,000. David S. Mills is President. The Directors of the bank are Alexander V. Blake, Jacob Erlich, Louis J. Halle, Emil Kaufmann, George Kavanaugh, Charles C. Lloyd, J. B. Lorge, David S. Mills, J. H. Parker, Emil Schwarz, W. A. Sherman, Maurice Sternbach, and B. F. Werner.

Monotype Company Increases Stock.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Oct. 28.—At the annual meeting of the Lanston Monotype Machine Company held in Alexandria, Va., to-day, it was decided to increase the capital stock from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, and to increase the par value of stock from $20 to $100 per share. Both measures were passed unanimously. The following officers were chosen: J. Maury Dove, President; William M. Laffan, Vice President; W. Arthur Summers, Secretary; J. Sellers Bancroft, Treasurer; Joel G. Clemmer, Assistant Treasurer.

ACCUSES SENATOR RAINES.

New Yorker Says He Was Engaged to Wreck Hughes Newspaper.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Suit to recover pay for promoting the Geneva News Company was begun to-day by Edward A. Moree, formerly a New York newspaper man. Moree charges in his complaint that he gave up a lucrative position in New York at the request of Senator John Raines to go to Geneva, and there either to buy, obtain controlling interest in, or put into financial difficulty The Geneva Daily Times, a Hughes paper. Failing in this he alleges Senator Raines personally introduced him to prominent Republican officeholders in Canandaigua and Albany, and virtually forced them to buy stock in The Geneva News Company, started to run an opposition paper in Geneva.

The complaint states that Senator Raines decided to do this because The Times refused to print articles against Mayor Rose, an independent Democrat. Senator Raines said, Moree alleged, that he would take away the State and county printing from The Times, which subsequently resulted. He also alleges that an action brought by Raines indirectly through another, questioning The Times's title to its real estate, was for the purpose of embarrassing the paper and forcing its owners to sell out to the Republican machine. Moree sues for $450 pay for several months' work for Raines's company, The Geneva News Company.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Train Hits Motor Car, Chauffeur Is Dead, and Physician Injured.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 28.—Harry Toley, a chauffeur, was killed, and Dr. R. F. McGrew, of Carnegie, was probably fatally injured to-night, when a passenger train struck the automobile in which the two men were riding and threw the machine more than fifty feet into a ditch by the side of the railway tracks.

The chauffeur was pinned under the wreckage of the automobile. Dr. McGrew escaped immediate death by jumping from the car just as the train crashed into it. The physician struck on a stone embankment, and fell ten feet to the ground.

STEAMSHIP LINE IS SOLD.

New Haven Reported to Have Obtained the Newport & Wickford.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 28.—The property of the Newport & Wickford Railroad & Steamship Company, which has maintained a steamship line connecting this city with the trains to and from New York at Wickford Junction, was sold at auction to-day to H. J. Wells, President of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company of Providence for $60,000. It was stated that Mr. Wells bid the property in for the bondholders.

It was also reported that the interests controlling these bonds had recently sold their holdings to parties representing the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

DIVIDEND GAINS IN NOVEMBER.

With Interest Settlements, Are $7,000,000 Higher Than Last Year's.

The interest and dividends payable in November by railroad, industrial, and traction corporations, according to The Journal of Commerce, will this year reach $37,367,129, an increase of $7,735,902 over November last year. Of this amount $37,367,129 will be dividend payments, interest settlements contributing $30,000,000. These were respective gains over November, 1908, of $5,235,902 and $2,500,000.

The total does not include dividends by banks and trust companies, nor interest disbursements by the National Government, counties, and municipalities. With these additions, which would foot up to $19,100,000, the total would amount to $106,467,129.

SPECIAL BOND DIVIDEND.

Albany & Susquehanna Holders to Benefit on a Judgment.

The Directors of the Albany & Susquehanna Railroad, which is leased to the Delaware & Hudson, declared yesterday a special dividend of $30 a share out of the money collected from the Delaware & Hudson on a judgment for increased rental obtained by the Albany & Susquehanna stockholders. At the bottom of the latter's contention is the fact that for some years the Delaware & Hudson profited by a reduction in the Alabany & Susquehanna's fixed charges due to a refunding of $10,000,000 of bonds. The money saved in this way ought under the terms of the lease, the stockholders asserted, to have gone to them.

The Delaware & Hudson is itself a large stockholder in the Albany & Susquehanna and will, therefore, share in the special distribution of $30 a share. The decision of the court called furthermore for the payment in future of an increased rental, giving the stockholders of the Albany & Susquehanna the benefit permanently of the saving in interest which was effected by the refunding This saving amounts annually to about 2.40 per cent. on Albany & Susquehanna stock and will result in the road's being able to pay 12.40 per cent. dividends a year in place of the 9 per cent. heretofore paid. The increase will amount to about $10,000 a month.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Rules Laid Down for the Assessment of Duty on Habutai Silks.

In denying a contention raised by Marshall Field & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers ruled yesterday that where goods which have been bought and paid for by weight are dutiable at ad valorum rates, the value upon which the duty should be assessed is to be determined by multiplying the weight of the goods imported as ascertained by the proper officers of the customs by the price per unit of quantity, and upon that amount the duty should be assessed, whether the weight imported is greater or less than the invoice weight.

The merchandise the subject of controversy consists of Japanese habutai silks. The importers make no objection to the imposition of 50 per cent. on the goods, but allege that duty has been computed upon an excessive amount of money. The theory of the importers is that because it is the custom of the trade to buy and sell these goods upon a standard weight per piece of fifty yards for each grade, and the market prices are based upon these standard weights irrespective of slight variations above or below such standards, the duty should be assessed upon the invoiced weights, which are made up according to this trade custom.

General Appraiser Howell says that the memorandum submitted is unverified and cannot impeach the return of weights as made by the appraiser. The protest is therefore overruled.

$2,000 Damages for a Dynamite Wreck.

Wilhelmina Shafer and her five sons obtained a verdict of $2,000 before Supreme Court Justice Dugro yesterday for damages to their home, caused by the explosion of about a ton of dynamite at Homestead, N. J., in March, 1907. William Bradley, a contractor, who was constructing the approach to the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel under the North River, owned the dynamite and stored it in a building near the spot where the work was going on. Workmen who had charge of the house where the dynamite was stored built a fire in a stove to keep the explosive from freezing. The fire exploded its purpose.

WAY CLEAR NOW FOR BROOKLYN SUBWAY

RIGHT TO CONDEMN UPHELD

Metz Now in Favor of It and Will So Vote at To-day's Estimate Board Meeting.

Corporation Counsel Shows the City How to Avoid Danger of Property Damage Suits.

Supporters of the Fourth Avenue (Brooklyn) Subway were much encouraged yesterday by an opinion given by the Corporation Counsel on the matter of easements to the streets involved. It has, it is believed, removed Controller Metz's last objection to the subway, and he is likely to vote for the project at this morning's session of the Board of Estimate.

Mr. Metz, after the decision of the Court of Appeals had made it plain that the debt limit was sufficient for the taking up of the scheme, still maintained that, as in Brooklyn the streets belong to the property owners on either side and not to the city as in Manhattan, it would be possible for them to recover large sums from the city for easements, and he declared that there was nothing to show whether the city would not find itself compelled to pay $15,000,000 or $25,000,000 over and above the cost of the subway.

Borough President Coler maintained some months ago that he could obtain the consents of the property owners to the building of the subway without any difficulty. He has, however, failed to do so. The Corporation Counsel has now declared that in his opinion these easement rights may be condemned in precisely the same manner as any other real estate, and that all that is necessary is the appointment of a condemnation commission by the Controller as soon as the contracts are certified.

"All the objections to the Fourth Avenue subway seem to have been removed," said the Mayor yesterday, after he had heard of Mr. Pendleton's opinion.

Controller Metz declared that he intended, after all, to attend the board meeting this morning, and that he would not delegate his votes to Deputy Controller McCooey, as he had spoken of doing a few days ago.

"I have always been in favor of subway construction," he said, "but suppose we had gone ahead before the debt limit question was settled, and then found that the courts had ruled that the city was bankrupt? It was better to wait a little and make sure. One may lose a little time by sticking to hard facts, but in the long run it pays."

The Fourth Avenue subway will come before the board this morning in the form of a communication from President Coler, requesting that there be placed on the calendar for consideration at the meeting six communications from the Public Service Commission, which were presented to the board on June 5 last year.

These had reference to the contracts on the six sections of the Subway and authorized the issue of $2,850,000 corporate stock in connection therewith. The contractor to whom the first section under the Flatbush Avenue extension from Nassau Street to Willoughby Street was awarded is J. P. Graham, who will construct the railroad for $1,020,476 and the pipe gallery for $101,374.

The contractor for the second section, under the Flatbush Avenue Extension and Fulton Street from Willoughby Street to Ashland Place, is William Bradley, who will construct the railroad for $3,436,610 and the pipe gallery for $58,695. For the third section, under Ashland Place and Fourth Avenue from Fulton to Sackett Street, the contractor is also William Bradley, who will construct the railroad for $3,392,091 and the pipe gallery for $208,135.

For the fourth section, under Fourth Avenue from Sackett Street to Tenth Street, the contractor is the F. E. Smith Contracting Company—railroad $2,283,553 and pipe gallery $206,672. For the fifth section, under Fourth Avenue from Tenth to Twenty-seventh Street, the contractors are the Tidewater Building Company and Thomas Bryson—railroad $1,945,640 and pipe gallery $251,076. For the sixth section, under Fourth Avenue from Twenty-seventh Street to Forty-third Street, the contractor is the F. E. Smith Contracting Company—railroad $2,808,982 and pipe gallery $173,665.

The total cost of the subway will be $15,886,381, of which for railroads $14,886,763 is appropriated and for pipe galleries $999,617. But for the present only $2,850,000 of corporate stock will have to be issued.

EXPLOSION KILLS INVENTOR.

Harry May Victim of Accident to His Waterproofing Compound.

LA PORTE, Ind., Oct. 28.—Harry May, an inventor, who came recently from New York, was killed to-day by the accidental explosion of a secret waterproofing compound used in the manufacture of artificial stone. Elmer E. Harding, owner of a cement block works, to whom May had sold his patent on the compound, was severely burned, but will recover.

The explosion took place in the offices of Harding's cement plant, and the fire which followed partly destroyed the factory.

CUYLER ON SANTA FE BOARD.

New York Man Is Elected to H. H. Rogers's Place.

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 28.—Thomas Dewitt Cuyler of New York was elected a Director in the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company to succeed the late H. H. Rogers at a meeting of the stockholders to-day.

Paul Morton of New York and Benjamin P. Cheney of Boston were re-elected on the directorate.

President Ripley said that the condition of the company is highly satisfactory to the stockholders. The President and the other officers of the company spent the forenoon visiting the local shops, where 3,500 men are employed. Mr. Ripley announced that 500 mechanics will be added to the force in the shops here.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Capt. A. F. Casad, Ordnance, to Fort Pickens and Fort McRee, Fla., to examine guns during next firings, and inspection of armament at those posts.

Col. L. L. Bruff, Ordnance, will make not to exceed four visits per month during November, December, and January, to South Bethlehem, Penn., and not to exceed two visits per month during same period to Reading, Penn., to inspect materials for the Ordnance Department.

Capt. G. F. Jenks, Ordnance, to Fort Monroe, Va., to witness tests of experimental azimuth instruments.

Major C. C. Jamieson, Ordnance, will make not to exceed three visits prior to Jan. 1., to Syracuse, N. Y., to inspect material for the Ordnance Department.

Col. F. Baker, Ordnance, will make not to exceed one visit per week during November and December, to Hartford, Conn., to inspect material for the Ordnance Department.

Capt. J. E. Bloom, Commissary, if necessary, will proceed during November to Ellinwood, Kansas, to inspect subsistence supplies.

The Navy.

Commissioned Captains—F. M. Bostwick, T. S. Rodgers, and V. S. Nelson; Commanders—C. B. Morgan and A. H. Robertson; Lieutenant Commanders—W. R. Sexton; Passed Assistant Surgeons—R. C. Ransdell, J. B. Mears, C. E. Strite, W. S. Kuder, J. P. Haynes, T. W. Reed, C. K. Winn, and T. W. Raison.

Capt. E. H. Campbell, home and wait orders.

Commander R. L. Russell, to special duty, Navy Department.

Lieut. Commander L. R. De Steiguer, to duty as Inspector in charge Fifth Light House District, Baltimore.

Lieut. J. H. J. Ryan, to the New Orleans.

Lieut. F. V. McNair, to command the Bonita.

Lieut. P. W. Foote, to the Connecticut.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Rocket at Norfolk, Eagle at Key West, Brutus at Boston.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

NAJEEB NAJA.—Judge Hand has appointed Lawrence L. Driggs receiver in bankruptcy for Najeeb Naja, manufacturer of embroidery, at 50 West Street, with a bond of $6,000.

L. F. HIGENBOTHAM COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Walter C. Low receiver in bankruptcy for the L. F. Higenbotham Company, artist materials, 61 West Thirty-seventh Street. The assets are estimated at $2,000.

GRILL & CO.—S. Grill & Co., manufacturers of furs, at 50 East Ninth Street, have made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash, and Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against them on Sept. 20.

BARR HAT COMPANY.—Harry D. Barcinsky, who did business as the Barr Hat Company, manufacturer of women's hats, at 8 Bond Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash, and Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against him on Oct. 7. The liabilities were reported to be $18,000.

JOSEPH EVERARD.—Joseph Everard of 27 East 132d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,930, and no assets. He has only two creditors, the larger one being the estate of Peter A. H. Jackson, $4,680, on a lease of a house, 147 East Twenty-seventh Street, made on April 3, 1895, for four years, on which claim a judgment has been obtained against him for $585 for three months' rent.

D. A. MAYER COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Carrie Mayer, who did business as the D. A. Mayer Company, manufacturer of furs, 8 West Twenty-second Street, show liabilities of $14,524, and assets of $2,922, consisting of accounts $222, and proceeds of sale of stock by the receiver, $2,300. Among the creditors are Edgar Lehman, $4,628; L. Rabinowitz, $1,862; Herskowitz & Roth, $2,564, and Otto Erler, $1,585.

BIGGS, YOUNG, SHONE & CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Biggs, Young, Shone & Co., Inc., advertising agents, 30 West Thirty-third Street, by Edgerton, Allen & Dean, attorneys for these creditors: West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company, $2,191; J. E. Linde Paper Company, $142, and Louis De Jonge & Co., $8. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent, and committed an act of bankruptcy by making an assignment on Oct. 6 to William Holmes. The liabilities are $142,247, and the actual assets $38,058.

WILLIAM E. LAWRENCE.—Judge Hough has appointed Charles H. Wilson receiver in bankruptcy for William E. Lawrence, dealer in glass, at 416 West Fifty-fourth Street, on application of N. Hutkoff & Co., creditors, who stated in the application that within the last three weeks he has purchased a large quantity of glass from other dealers and has sold large quantities in bulk to builders and other persons at a loss in order to get rid of the goods. They were also informed that he has assigned all his open accounts, amounting to over $4,000, to the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company, to prefer it. His stock and fixtures are estimated at $1,500.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Atkins, Jennie—S. Hellman, $224.
Baker, Hyman D.—S. Meyerhoffer, $3,391.
Borkowski, Richard, et al.—E. MacCormack, $115.
Brooks, Julius, et al.—L. N. Greene, $216.
Baxter, Harry L.—F. Siolari, $152.
Bernstein, Joseph—A. H. Joline, et al., costs, $107.
Battels, Charles—T. F. O'Connell, $3,427.
Bradley, Edson—G. E. Walter Co., $685.
Barth, Frederick—New York Evening Journal Pub. Co., et al., costs, $197.
Cohen, Morris—Dubois Mfg. Co., $131.
Collins, Thomas A., et al.—J. S. Peckham, $130.
Doyle, James A.—Monticello Distilling Co., $170.
Diugo, Benj. S.—D. J. Greenwald, $724.
De Barbieri, Mary—M. Bozzo, $1,033.
Durland, Kellogg—N. S. Spencer, $408.
Davis, Celia—S. Cohen, $159.
Fenton, Thomas—Stewart Distilling Co., $234.
Fritts, Frederick F.—Colonial Development Corporation, $252.
Feldman, Joseph—O. F. Cluzelle, et al., $135.
Fuchs, David—D. Cohen, $11,095.
Gorham, John M.—H. D. Blakeslee, $143.
Gwynne, Helen S., adm'x, &c., Alice, Edward C. and Erskine, et al.—S. Riker, Jr., costs, $445.
Hyman, Gabriel H.—Potter Printing Press Co., $280.
Hyman, Gabriel H.—Potter Printing Press Co., $280.
Hochstein, Max—National Printing & Engraving Co., $477.
Hill, Bessie, Harry L. and Geo. H., (not summoned,) et al.—H. Sugarman, $229.
Humphrey, Andrew B.—Merchants Exchange National Bank of City of New York, $4,622.
Hunt, George B.—H. C. Plass, $309.
Jacobs, Abraham and Morris—A. Cohen, $116.
Kelly, Mary—A. H. Joline et al., costs, $107.
Korn, Paul, et al.—H. Gross, $519.
Same—Same, $369.
Lowenstein, Louis H., (not summoned,) et al.—H. Sugarman, $229.
Leigh, Mabel F.—F. Livingston, $157.
La Sala, Stefano—K. A. Henderson, $3,353.
McCaffney, Bernard—Sonn Bros. Co., $298.
McMullen, Robert M.—O. J. Gude Co. of New York, $1,249.
O'Brien, John J., (not summoned,) et al.—People's National Bank of Pittsburg, $31,410.
Page, Charles E., et al.—National Lumber Co., $661.
Plotkin, Abraham M.—P. Director et al., $101.
Purpura,

VANDERBILT CUP RACER OVERTURNED

Driver Dingley Badly Bruised and Mechanician Richard Receives Three Broken Ribs.

STRANG DRAWS FIRST PLACE

Fiat Car Will Start the Contest, with American and Simplex Next in Order—Isotta Brings Up Rear.

Vanderbilt Cup Race.

Start 9 A. M., Saturday, Oct. 30.

Course—Between Westbury, Hicksville and Central Park, L. I.

Distance 22 laps, 278.08 miles.—Record—Average speed, 64.38 miles an hour.

Position and Car.	Driver.
1—Fiat	Lewis Strang
2—American	Willie Haupt
3—Simplex	L. A. Mitchell
4—Fiat	E. A. Hearne
5—Atlas	Elmer Knox
6—Apperson	Hugh N. Harding
7—Chalmers	Bert Dingley
8—Alco	H. F. Grant
9—Chalmers	L. B. Lorimer
10—National	J. D. Aitken
11—National	Charles C. Mertz
12—Marmon	Harry Stillman
*14—Fiat	E. H. Parker
15—Buick	Louis Chevrolet
16—Mercedes	Spencer C. Wishart
17—Isotta	Joe Seymour

*No. 13 was elimated.

Wheatley Hills Sweepstakes, Class B.—Distance 15 laps, 189.60 miles.

31—Marion	A. Munson
32—Marmon	R. W. Harroun
33—Columbia	R. W. Wilcox
34—Moon	Philip Wells

Massapequa Sweepstakes, Class A.—Distance 10 laps, 126.40 miles.

41—Chalmers "30"	William Knipper
42—Hudson "20"	George Ainslee
43—Chalmers "30"	Joe Matson
44—Maxwell	Arthur See
45—Maxwell	Thomas Costello
46—Maxwell	Martin Doorley

The first serious accident that has occurred during the preliminary practice for the Vanderbilt Cup happened yesterday morning, when Bert Dingley's Chalmers-Detroit car overturned. Dingley escaped with slight bruises, but Harry Richard, his mechanician, fell under the car and was crushed. He was hurried to the Nassau Hospital, at Mineola, where it was found he had three ribs fractured. The house physician stated last night that Richard was resting comfortably and will probably recover.

Scores of spectators witnessed the accident, which occurred at the first bridge on the Motor Parkway. Dingley was driving more than sixty miles an hour when his machine left the track, turned twice over, and landed in a ditch. To the spectators it was remarkable that both Dingley and Richard were not instantly killed, as they were thrown a distance of twenty feet when the car turned turtle.

Charles Stutz, in his Marion racer, had a narrow escape. He lost a tire and skidded off the course, but with great driving skill he prevented a second accident and kept the machine from plunging into the crowd of spectators that had gathered to watch the practice work.

Spencer E. Wishard, the amateur driver, was out in his Mercedes for the first time, and covered a lap in 12:06. Many of the drivers were very cautious, owing to the poor condition of the back stretch. Aiken, in a National, made the circuit of 12.64 miles in 10:59. This was the fastest time made in yesterday's workouts. Mitchell, in a Simplex, was credited with a lap in 10:55, but there is some doubt about the accuracy of the time.

The Chalmers-Detroit cars made several rounds of the course, but did not make any fast time. Lee Lorimer's time of 11:49 was the best of the quartet. The Fiats, driven by Parker, Hearn, and Strang, did several laps each, but none got under twelve minutes. Of the others, Chevrolet, in his Buick, negotiated a lap in 12:02; Harry Grant made several circuits in his Alco, and Joe Seymour, in Clifford V. Brokaw's Isotta, traveled around the course for observation purposes.

In the absence of W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Manager A. R. Pardington presided at a meeting of the contestants in the race at the Garden City Hotel last night. All of the racing drivers and crews of the contesting cars were present, as were the members of the Technical Committee and Starter Fred J. Wagner. The chief object of the meeting was the drawing for the order of start in Saturday's race and the issuing of the final instructions to the drivers. Manager Pardington after the meeting stated that the arrangements for Saturday's race were completed, and that never in the history of the Vanderbilt Cup races had so much money been spent in guarding the safety of the drivers and protecting the spectators from harm. A. L. McMurtry, the Chairman of the Technical Committee, told the drivers what they could and could not do to their cars during the race, and announced that the cars would be weighed in and examined at Garden City at 5:30 this morning.

Starter Fred. J. Wagner then explained the meanings of the various flags and announced that the cars would be started at 15-second intervals, or four cars to the minute. It was also announced that the small cars in the Massapequa Sweepstakes event would be started first, the Wheatly Hills class second, and the big cars in the Vanderbilt Cup last. There are twenty-six entries in all, sixteen in the Vanderbilt, four in the Wheatly Hills, and six in the Massapequa class. In the Vanderbilt Cup class Lewis Strang in the Fiat car drew No. 1 and will start first, while the American driver, Willie Haupt, drew No. 2; the Simplex No. 3, the Hearne Fiat No. 4, Grant in the Alco drew No. 8, Chevrolet in the Buick No. 15, and Seymour in the Isotta No. 17.

How to Reach the Course.

New York to Grand Stand.

Cross Queensboro Bridge, from foot of Fifty-ninth Street to Long Island City; turn right to Crescent Street to end of street turning left at parked section of cross street. Proceed over Jackson Avenue to approach to Thompson Avenue Viaduct, leaving Queens County Court House on the right. Cross viaduct into Thompson Avenue. Follow Thompson Avenue into Hoffman Boulevard. Follow Hoffman Boulevard to Hillside Avenue, turning left at Disbrow's garage. From this point the route is identical with that from Brooklyn. Note—Motorists from New Jersey should take Pennsylvania Ferry at Jersey City to Twenty-third Street, Manhattan, turning left to Twenty-fourth or Twenty-fifth Street, thence crossing the city, and proceed to Queensboro Bridge, foot of Fifty-ninth Street.

Brooklyn to Grand Stand.

Leave Long Island Automobile Club at main entrance to Prospect Park. Eastern Parkway to Bushwick Avenue, turn right. Bushwick Avenue to Highland Boulevard, turn left, (brick pavement.) Highland Boulevard, passing reservoir down hill, to Fulton Street. Cross trolley tracks into Dresden Street. Turn, left on Ridgewood Avenue, following Ridgewood Avenue under elevated railroad to end of street. Turn right one block. Turn left on Rockaway Road, (macadam,) crossing Long Island Railroad to point where trolley car is met. Turn left on Broadway, (macadam.) Follow Broadway over Long Island Railroad tracks to Ozone Park to Lefferts Avenue over Long Island Railroad tracks to point where Long Island Railroad tracks and trolley converge. Proceed one block, passing Carnegie Library to Hillside Avenue. Turn right on Hillside Avenue, passing under Long Island Railroad. Pass Disbrow's garage. Pass Peace Monument in Jamaica. Pass Jamaica Estates to Queens Road, (indicated by signboard.) Turn right. Follow Queens Road to Jamaica Avenue. Turn left one block, following trolley, which bears to the right on Queens-Hempstead Turnpike, passing Belmont Park, passing through Elmont and Valley Stream to Franklin Square to Hempstead. Keep straight on, passing new bank building on the right and Long Island Railroad on the left, into the Bethpage Turnpike. Follow Bethpage Turnpike east to a road which has been oiled, at which turn there is an arrow indicating left turn to grand stand and reserved parking space. The route from Disbrow's garage is indicated by blue arrows thirty inches long and six inches wide bearing these words: "Motor Parkway Grand Stand."

Staten Island to Grand Stand.

Motorists from Staten Island are advised to take South Ferry adjoining and close to Staten Island Ferry to foot of Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn. Proceed directly up Atlantic Avenue to Bedford Avenue, passing under the elevated railroad at Flatbush Avenue and leaving the armory of the Twenty-third Regiment on the right as they turn into Bedford Avenue. Proceed up Bedford Avenue to and passing the Grant Monument in Grant Square to Eastern Parkway, which will readily be recognized by the Slocum Equestrian Monument at the intersection of Bedford Avenue and Eastern Parkway. Turn left, proceeding as suggested for motorists from Brooklyn.

These roads are the most direct and the streets will be freer from traffic than others during the early morning hours.

MOTOR CYCLIST KILLED.

Amateur Thrown from Machine While Speeding at Dallas, Texas.

DALLAS, TEXAS, Oct. 28.—While speeding a practice mile, Eugene J. Marsh, an amateur cyclist of Dallas, was thrown from his motor cycle and instantly killed at the State Fair grounds race course this afternoon. Marsh was riding fifty miles an hour when a tire burst and the rider was thrown against a fence.

The State Fair automobile meet is under the sanction of the contest board of the American Automobile Association. The fastest mile of the day was made by De Hymel, in a Stoddard-Dayton. He completed the course in 51 3-5 seconds.

Robert Burman, driving a Buick car, won four races of the six run.

In the fifty miles free-for-all stock chassis race, Burman won in 51 minutes 26 2-5 seconds. Dewitt in a Buick and George Clark in a Jackson failed to complete the half century. Burman stopped to change a tire during this race.

AUTOISTS AT ROANOKE.

"Ty" Cobb Attracts Most Interest Among Southern Crowds.

ROANOKE, Va., Oct. 28.—The forty-five cars making up the New York-to-Atlanta good roads automobile party which left New York Monday morning, reached Roanoke, the half-way point, this evening, and will leave to-morrow for Winston, N. C. The run to-day was from Staunton, Va., a distance of ninety-two miles. At Lexington the visitors witnessed a special battalion drill by the Virginia Military Institute cadets and visited the tomb of Gen. Robert E. Lee. Dinner was taken at Natural Bridge.

All along the route through the valley of Virginia crowds have thronged the village streets and country lanes to view the novel procession. The first car to reach Roanoke carried "Ty" Cobb, the baseball player, and he has proved the centre of attention since his arrival. Cobb made a brief speech at the Hotel Roanoke to-night.

Cross and Stone in Tame Bout.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 28.—Harry Stone and Leach Cross, both of New York, to-night boxed fifteen gentle rounds before the Eureka Athletic Club. While neither did any damage, Stone landed three blows for every one Cross sent home, and the latter was repeatedly hissed by the large attendance for his failure to fight. The referee, Joe Gans, called it a draw. At one time he stopped the bout to warn the men to fight.

Xavier A. A. Monthly Games.

The athletes of the Xavier Athletic Association last night competed in the first set of monthly games of the Winter season. The programme consisted of ofur events, with the mile and a half run in the open the feature. First place in this race was taken by J. Jordan, who started with a handicap of 10 seconds. The summary:

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by J. Walsh, (6 inches.) with an actual jump of 4 feet 11 inches; C. E. Clark, (4 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 5 feet; W. Mantan, (10 inches.) third, with an actual jump of 4 feet 5 inches.

Standing Broad Jump, Handicap.—Won by C. B. Clark, (scratch,) with an actual jump of 9 feet 2 inches; J. Reynolds, (6 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 8 feet 6 inches; W. Smith, (9 inches,) third, with an actual jump of 8 feet 2 inches.

Potato Race.—Won by W. Smith; H. Helland, second; J. Walsh, third.

One and a Half Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by J. Jordan, (10 seconds;) J. Robson, (45 seconds,) second; T. Gribbon, (45 seconds,) third. Time—9:15.

A. A. U. Basket Ball Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Basket Ball Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union to-night at the Irish-American Athletic Club, at which a working plan for the conduct of the sport will be adopted. The promise is that there will be a vigorous campaign in this branch of athletics looking to even greater success than in the yast few years. It has been suggested that the metropolitan district be divided into sections, each under a local committee, which will have the responsibility of registering all basket ball teams which desire to associate themselves with the organization. The relations between amateur and professional sport will be clearly defined, and dates will be set for the amateur championships.

The Automobile Exchange published in Sunday's New York Times contains many bargains in second-hand and slightly used cars at very low prices. Good automobiles at sacrifice rates.—Adv.

Is your boy going to a Hallowe'en party?

Is he going to wear a suit just as good as the other boys there?

Perhaps a bit better?

Sounds like one of our boys' suits.

Norfolk, Double-breasted or Tuxedo.

Overcoats to wear over the boys' party suit.

Regular cut or Tourist.

We've been doing a rushin' business in Russian and sailor suits for small boys.

In Russian overcoats and in reefers, too.

Getting near time for boys to have hockey shoes ready.

We have them, $4.

Llama suits of gray and white—soft, warm and mighty pretty for little shavers.

Jackets $3.50, leggins $3.50, toques 75c., mittens 45c.

Fur-motoring coats for boys who are going to the Cup Race.

Not to speak of everything the boys' fathers wear.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores.
at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

HILL TOP CAPTURES ROSLYN HANDICAP

Long-Chance Outsider Outpaces Field Mouse for Feature Race at Aqueduct.

PATSY WINS FROM RACQUET

Close Racing and Upsets Made Interesting Sport at the Queens County Jockey Club Track.

About the most puzzling results of the season were made at the Aqueduct track yesterday, but for all the upsets and uncertainties the racing was interesting from first to last. The fields were small, but fair-class horses were well distributed through the programme and gave promise of making it easy to pick the winners. The winners proved very hard to find, however, and the greatest surprise of the afternoon was provided in the feature race of the card, the Roslyn Handicap, one mile, for three-year-olds, which brought out the best horses that ran in the course of the afternoon.

August Belmont's fast filly, Field Mouse, light weighted, and supposed to be at her best, was made a warm favorite in a field of five runners, with Shilling up as her rider, the regular jockey for the Belmont stable, Dugan being ill. Field Mouse started at odds-on. Field Mouse from her two-year-old form always has run best in front and when she broke back in the crowd, to the lead away of Hill Top, Shilling at once went on with the Belmont filly in a move for the lead. Hill Top went on, too, at a sharp pace, and the two fillies were tiptoed in a race for the lead from the start. Field Mouse had speed enough to get up and show her head in front at the half mile, but Hill Top, the last chance outsider in the race, had just enough advantage in the weights to hold Field Mouse, and from the half mile Hill Top was coming away again and won easily by four lengths, while Field Mouse tired at the end and was beaten out for second place by Dr. Holzberg.

A queer bit of selling race strategy developed in the second race, a mile, selling, which, though only four horses ran, made remarkable betting. P. S. P. Randolph started the colt Patsy, which always was favorite, while his one real dangerous rival was regarded as Racquet, a colt which the Randolph stable lost in a selling race to the claim of Jule Garson a day or two before. Racquet supposedly was the better horse when in the Randolph stable, and the new owner and his following backed Racquet with great confidence, while the following of the Randolph stable was equally confident. It is probable that a jockey really won the race, for with the two best riders of the Fall season on the rivals, and the race between Patsy and Racquet from end to end, Butwell on Patsy outfinished Shilling on Racquet and Patsy won in a long hard drive by a scant length.

Black Mary, backed by her stable, took the first race in clever style from a closely matched field, the contender at the finish being Pantoufle. Siskin closed from the rear to win an easy victory from Black Mate, the odds on favorite in the selling, mile and a sixteenth, fifth on the card. Everett, steadily backed down and post favorite for the last race, and Galley Slave, both sons of Goldcrest, had the last race between them, Everett winning ridden out. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For fillies and mares, three years old and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.

Mr. Currie's Black Mary, blk. f., 4, by Star Shoot—Maribel, 110, (Scoville,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5 1
Pantoufle, 116, (Bergen,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1 2
Cloistress, 105, (Fain,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1 3
Adriuche, 112, (Shilling,) 7 to 1; St. Jeane, 105, (Garner,) 13 to 10; Court Lady, 105, (Creevy,) 8 to 1, and May Amelia, 105, (King,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time, 1:15 1-5.

SECOND RACE.—For all ages, non-winners of $500 in 1909, special weights, with penalties; one mile.

P. S. P. Randolph's Patsy, b. g., 3, by Peep o' Day—Pink, 109, (Butwell,) 7 to 10 and out 1
Racquet, 112, (Shilling,) 6 to 5 and 1 to 4 2
County Fair, 109, (Bergen,) 30 to 1 and 5 to 2 3
Castlewood, 116, (Scoville,) 100 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time, 1:41 4-5.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; seven furlongs.

Alpine Stable's Bang, b. f., by Plaudit-Bad Hit, 106, (Shilling,) 8 to 1 and 1 to 1 1
Captain Swanson, br. c., 114, (Butwell,) 3 to 5 and 1 to 5 2
Glennadeane, 98, (Glass,) 2 to 1 and 1 to 4 3
Won easily. Time—1:29.

FOURTH RACE.—The Roslyn Handicap, for three-year-olds; one mile.

R. Angarola's Hill Top, b. f., 3, by Clifford-Whiplash, 97, (G. Garner,) 15 to 1 and 4 to 1 1
Dr. Holzberg, 97, (Martin,) 16 to 5 and 7 to 10 2
Field Mouse, 107, (Shillings,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 3 3
May River, 99, (Creevy,) 5 to 1, and Prince Gal, 113, (Butwell,) 12 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:41 3-5.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

J. Bass's Siskin, b. c., 3, by Goldfinch-Duchess of Towers, 102, (King,) 5 to 1 and 6 to 5 1
Black Mate, 105, (Garner,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 4 2
Black Oak, 103, (Leach,) 60 to 1 and 5 to 1 3
The Minks, 108, (Shilling,) 2 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:49 2-5.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds; six furlongs.

Quincy Stable's Everett, ch. c., by Goldcrest-Francolin, 107, (Butwell,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2 1
Ben Loyal, 104, (Creevy,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5 2
Galley Slave, 104, (King,) 7 to 2 and 6 to 5 3
Polis, 105, (Shilling,) 3 to 1, and Turf Star, 112, (Scoville,) 15 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:15.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for all ages; six and a half furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Sir John Johnson	136	Begom 105
Angelus	102	Also eligible—
Quantico	97	Jeanne d'Arc 103
Hoffman	89	Centre Shot 106
Rose Queen	115	Everett 99
May Amelia	90	May River 97

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, selling allowances; one mile.

*Summer Night	100	Bonnie Kelso	103
Right Guard	103	*Blackford	108
Turncoat	108	*Quantico	108
*Anna L. Daley	103	Aunt Jule	105

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; six furlongs.

St. Dunstan	105	Hibernica	105
*Harvey E.	108	Setback	108
Anavri	105	*Helen Carroll	100
Katherine Van	105	Tipster	105
Olevia	105		

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap, for all ages; one mile and a sixteenth.

Beaucoup	116	Sir Cleges	102
Angelus	100	Araqee	104

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners in 1909, selling allowances; one mile.

Miss Alert	102	Troublemaker	105
*Paradise Queen	98	Sanguine	105
*Gild	97	*Danger	100
*La Belle Agnes	80	Blue Pilot	102
Trash	102	Rosimiro	105
*Home Run	92	Bad News	105
Comedienne	102	Wes	102
Michael Beck	100	Goldfinn	105
Orphan Lad	102	Nigger Baby	103
Charida	102		

SIXTH RACE.—For fillies two years old, penalties and allowances; five furlongs.

Imprudent	99	Sticker	109
Jacqueline	104	Cindy	109
Calypte	104	Coonskin	99
Oswego	99	Flying Footsteps	99

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Esperanto Wins for Keene.

NEWMARKET, Oct. 28.—The Ditch Mile Welter Handicap of 200 sovereigns, for three-years-old and upwards, was won by J. R. Keene's Esperanto. St. Egbert was second and St. Justinian third. Thirteen horses ran.

THISTLEDALE IN FORM.

Captures Mount Washington Steeplechase at Pimlico.

PIMLICO, Md., Oct. 28.—The fifth day of the Fall meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club was run in a decided change of weather, high winds and cold prevailing. The Mount Washington steeplechase was won by Thistledale. Woodside and First Up fell. The Stafford Purse with eleven starters was won by Blue Crest. Lorimer lost his rider at the start and ran four miles before he was stopped. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs; purse, $400. Everard, 115 pounds, (Goldstein,) 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Henry Crosscaddin, 107, (G. Burns,) 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Oquetos, 107, (Reid,) 6 to 1, 2 to 1, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Sandy Hill, Woolspun, Vera Violetta, Dr. Pillow, Mispillion, Red Doe, Mary Holland, also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Selling, 1 1-16 miles; purse, $500. Miss Perigord, 108 pounds; (Reid,) 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, first; Campaigner, 109, (McCahey,) 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Elfall, 100, (Grand,) 16 to 5, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, third. Time—1:47 4-5. Earl Rogers, Olive Ely, Chepontuc, Pearly Point, Octopus, Otogo, How About You, Spanish Prince, also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Six furlongs; purse, $500. Fauntleroy, 117 pounds, (McCahey,) 1 to 7, out, first; Bob Co., 114, (G. Burns,) 10 to 1, 4 to 5, out, second; Chilton Queen, 107, (Reid,) 20 to 1, 2 to 1, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:14. Majestic also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Mount Washington Steeplechase; about two miles; purse, $600. Thistledale, 163 pounds, (Donohue,) 9 to 10, 1 to 2, out, won; Vilhalla, 152, (Paterson,) 13 to 5, 7 to 10, out, second; Alamainor, 153, (Mr. D. Kerr,) 4 to 1, even, out third. Time—4:27 2-5. Woodside and First Up also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—The Stafford; 5-8 mile; purse, $700. Blue Crest, 107 pounds, (Reid,) 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, won; Aylmer, 110, (Hinchcliff,) 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Trudo, 110, (Goldstein,) 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, third. Time—1:02 1-5. Howlet, Zymole, Pocket, Inspired, Charles Ball, Lorimar, Dangeress, Miss Raffello, and Jabaker also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $500. High Private, 108 pounds, (McCahey,) 9 to 5, 3 to 5, out, won; Takahira, 105, (Reid,) 8 to 1, 2 to 1, out, second; Bluebook III., (Grand,) 9 to 5, 3 to 5, out, third. Time—1:44 3-5. Philander also ran.

Entries for Pimlico Racing.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; six furlongs. Hedge Rose, 107 pounds; Ross Hampton, 107; Tom Melton, 107; Nancy Pansy, 107; Martinez, 110; Scarpia, 110; Acumen, 107; Sotemia, 107; Compton, 110; Majestic, 107; Kilderkin, 107; German Silver, 107.

SECOND RACE.—Mares, three-year-olds and upward, selling; mile and seventy yards. Silverin, 103 pounds; *Osorine, 95; Taboo, 100; *Pins and Needles, 112; Cumming, 95; Indomitable, 95; *Alice Mack, 90; Neosakaleeta, 107.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds, selling; six furlongs. Racing Bell, 113 pounds; Rose Beaumont, 113; Merry Gift, 113; *My Agnes, 108; Golden Castle, 113; M. T. Green, 113; *Selwick, 111; *Spellbound, 108; Bethlehem, 113; Pocomoke, 116; Inrid, 113; Nod, 113.

FOURTH RACE.—Electric Park Steeplechase, four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Lynnewood, 137 pounds; Ticket of Leave, 142; Sir Bedivere, 137; Stellaland, 150; Defiance, 142; Male Fletcher, 137.

FIFTH RACE.—Two-year-old fillies, Severn purse, selling; five and a half furlongs. *Kyle, 100 pounds; Bellemawr, 99; Inspired, 99; Chilton Queen, 104; Crouse, 99; Hazen Frost, 99; Intrinsic, 109; Phonula, 99; Blue Crest, 106.

SIXTH RACE.—All ages; six furlongs. Profit, 112 pounds: Woodlane, 112; Cheek, 107; King Commoner, 110; Bethlehem, 107; The Monk, 97; Western Lady, 97; Jubilee, 115; Chickasaw, 100.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

AUTO SCHOOL REOPENS.

Sixth Year of Work at West Side Y. M. C. A. Begins Auspiciously.

The automobile school of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association opened for the season last night at the Auditorium of the association building, Fifty-seventh Street and Eighth Avenue. Several hundred members of the class and their friends were present, and interesting addresses were made by prominent autoists and aviators. Augustus T. Post, Secretary of the Aero Club of America, delivered an interesting talk on the "Automobile and Aeronautics." "An Illustrated Look into the Rural Future of the Automobile" was the subject of J. George Frederick's talk. C. Andrade of the New York Trade Association spoke on the outlook of the automobile industry, and William McAdoo, former Police Commissioner of New York City, discussed the relations between the auto driver and the policeman.

Results of Billiard Games.

Albert Cutler of Boston and John Daly of Chicago broke even yesterday in their exhibition games at three cushion billiards at Doyle's Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street. In the first game Cutler ran his string of 40 points in 76 innings, Daly's score being 39. The latter turned tables in the evening contest and won by the score of 40 to 33.

Ora Morningstar gave a splendid exhibition of 18.2 balk line billiards yesterday at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, when he ran out his score of 300 points in 10 innings, with an average of 25 and a high run of 103. His opponent, W. D. Seale, scored but 42 points. Morningstar was not in as good form in the evening game against J. F. Berg, which he won by the score of 300 to 72. His best single contribution was 67, against 20 by Berg.

In preparation for the three cushion billiard championship which will be played at McGraw's Billiard Academy on Nov. 3, 4, and 5, Alfred DeOro, the present holder of the title, played two practice games yesterday, winning both. In the evening he won from Tom Gallagher by a total of 40 to 30, making a high run of 6 against 4 by his opponent. DeOro won from George Moore in the afternoon by a score of 40 to 22. His high run was 5, with Moore getting a best inning of 4.

The Chicago three cushion expert, Byron Gillette, defeated Ridge in the afternoon three cushion match at Maurice Daly's Academy, Broadway and Forty-ninth Street, yesterday, the score being 25 to 15 in a thirty-one inning game. In the evening he defeated Dillune in a close contest by a total of 25 to 22, only twenty-nine innings being required.

M. Isaacs won from F. Reed by a score of 200 to 128 in the 18.2 balk line tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy last night. The high run by Isaacs was 43 and his average 4 12-47. To-night E. Barnes will play H. Hoffman.

Wesleyan Football Men Suspended.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Oct. 28.—There is a flurry in the Wesleyan football team of Middletown because four members of the eleven were suspended for violating a college rule. These were Capt. J. S. Joy, Harry Reynolds, Frank A. Smith, and Henry C. Wilcox. A professor discovered the boys keenly contesting for a poker jackpot in a dormitory at 2 o'clock A. M., and the infraction of the rule was reported, with the result that the boys were disciplined. They are all star players, and the life of the eleven, but their suspension will prevent them from playing in only two games, with Union College on Saturday and with New York University on Ohio Field, election day.

Intermission

Little Cigars

Many times you've wanted a short smoke that is mild and sweet, of the best quality, yet not expensive. SURBRUG'S INTERMISSIONS may fulfill the want.

PUGILISTS READY TO SIGN ARTICLES

Jeffries and Johnson Will Decide To-day on Details for Championship Battle.

NO BAR LIKELY TO MATCH

Negro Says He Has Chased Jim Across Continent to Fight—Both Anxious to Begin Training.

James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson will meet to-day to sign articles for a pugilistic contest, which will settle the much-mooted question of the world's heavy weight Championship. The negro title holder arrived in the city early yesterday morning from Chicago, while Jeffries has been here one week, awaiting the arrival of his prospective opponent. The preliminary details for the contest were decided within a couple of hours after Johnson's arrival.

George Little, Johnson's manager, met Sam Berger, who looks after Jeffries' business interests and insisted that matters be settled yesterday. Berger would not agree to this and insisted that the meeting be held at 3 o'colck this afternoon at the Hotel Albany.

During the absence of Jeffries in Europe, Berger signed the tentative set of articles, in which provision was made for the retired champion to dictate how the purse would be divided. When Johnson arrived in town he made the statement that there would be a winner's and loser's end to the purse, but Jeffries afterwards said he would decide that point, irrespective of Johnson's wishes.

Jeffries says he is anxious to get back on the alfalfa farm in California and that he is desirous of getting down to business without delay. He says Johnson dragged him out of retirement and the quicker the terms of the match are decided, the better satisfied he will be. The blx ex-boilermaker is none too kindly disposed toward the negro, who, he says, has been hounding him for nearly a year.

The colored champion says he does not propose to let Jeffries deal arbitrarily in the matter of terms, as he is the present champion and will insist on certain rights when the match is made. He says he is willing to concede any reasonable demands made by Jeffries, but does not propose to be imposed upon. In discussing the prospect of a fight he said:

"I have been chasing Jeffries across the continent for months. It seems to me to be the old case of Tommy Burns over again. I have to trail people to get them into matches. It is a fact that when traveling had to be done with a view to settling this match, I was the one who has had to go on the journey. I've traveled across the continent from California just to get Jeffries into a match, and I am the champion. I'm here for business and I don't intend there shall be any slipup. I have a vaudeville engagement in Chicago next week and must be back there not later than Sunday.

"Sometimes I am almost compelled to think that Jeffries is bluffing when he talks of re-entering the ring. However, recent developments lead me to think that he will sign up for a fight if only for the theatrical advertising that he can get out of it. I mean business and Jeffries must sign his name to a set of articles and make the match regular in every respect, or I will pass him up. I have a number of good theatrical offers and if Jeffries doesn't show a disposition to do something, I will sign up for more theatrical engagements."

Although the throng that greeted Johnson upon his arrival yesterday morning at the Grand Central Station was not as great as that which awaited his return from the Burns fight in Australia, nearly 5,000 persons were on hand. The entire section of the platform on which the Twentieth Century Limited discharged its passengers was roped, and an extra force of policemen was on hand to keep the crowd in check. There was little need, however, for these precautions for the throng proved to be far from a disorderly one. A side from a few cheers there was little demonstration or crowding as the big negro walked toward the exit of the station.

Johnson entered an automobile with his manager and was driven to the Knickerbocker Building, where the latter paid a short visit to James W. Coffroth, the San Francisco fight promoter, and afterward arranged with Sam Berger for to-day's meeting.

THREE RECORDS IN GAMES.

Columbia Freshmen Win Interclass Meet and New Marks.

In an interclass track meet in which one college record and two interclass records were broken, the Columbia freshmen yesterday, on South Field, vanquished the sophomores, with a score of 70 to 47. In spite of some 'Varsity men on the 1912 team the freshmen succeeded in capturing nearly all the first places.

The two-mile race in which the new college record was made was the most spectacular event of the afternoon. A. H. Smith set the pace for a lap and a half, when Berna, '13, running away from the others, caught and passed himn inside the next quarter and then continued throughout the rest of the run at a fast pace. He finished in 9 minutes 59 4-5 seconds, beating the college record of C. B. McDonald, '06, by 10 1-5 seconds.

Two interclass records were broken by W. F. Roos. In the sixteen-pound shot put he broke the record made by S. P. Nash, '01, of 38 feet 8¼ inches, putting the shot 40 feet 11¾ inches, falling only 11 inches behind the university record of T. B. Johnson, '03 L. Another good showing was made by Roos when he threw the sixteen-pound hammer 126 feet 11 inches, beating the score of G. Wells, '01, by 11 feet 9 inches, and falling below the college record by just 3 feet 1 inch.

The sophomores counted on T. S. Babcock, '12, Captain of this year's 'Varsity track team, to pull off at least thirty points. But in attempting to break a college record in pole vaulting he severely spiked himself and badly sprained both ankles. The summaries:

Half-Mile Run.—Won by H. Berna, 1913; W. Degrouchy, 1913, second; W. L. Cox, 1913, third. Time—2:11 3-5.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by W. Jacobs, 1913; J. L. Ward, 1913, second; W. Mohr, 1913, third. Time—0:10 4-5.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.—Won by J. L. Ward, 1913; H. S. Babcock, 1912, second; A. H. Isaacson, 1912, third. Time—0:28 3-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by H. P. Berna, 1913; E. F. Verplanck, 1912, second; W. Degrouchy, 1913, third. Time—4:42 2-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by V. S. Mallory, 1912; I. Weinberger, 1912, second; M. S. Hickey, 1913, third. Time—0:56 4-5.

120-Yard High Hurdles.—Won by H. S. Babcock, 1912; W. F. Roos, 1913, second; E. Kirby, 1912, third. Time—0:17 4-5.

Two-Mile Run.—Won by H. P. Berna, 1913; K. B. Lamb, 1912, second; W. Cox, 1913, third. Time—9:59 4-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by W. Jacobs, 1913; J. L. Ward, 1913, second; V. S. Mallory, 1912, third. Time—0:24 2-5.

Running High Jump.—Won by W. F. Roos, 1913, with a jump of 5 feet 4 inches; F. Culman, 1912, second, with 5 feet 2 inches; M. L. Roemerman, 1913, third, with 5 feet.

Broad Jump.—Won by J. L. Ward, 1913, with a jump of 21 feet; H. S. Babcock, 1912, second, with 20 feet 4 inches; L. J. Lawton, 1913, with 19 feet 8 inches.

Pole Vault.—Won by H. S. Babcock, 1912, with a vault of 10 feet; M. Salsbury, 1913, second, with 9 feet 6 inches; F. Sanders, 1912, third, with 8 feet 6 inches.

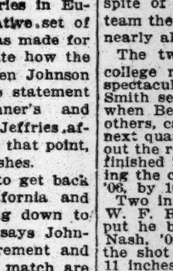
Shot Put.—Won by W. F. Roos, 1913, with a put of 40 feet 11¾ inches; F. Sanders, 1912, second, with 34 feet 2 inches; M. Hickey, 1913, third, with 38 feet 7 inches.

Hammer Throw.—Won by W. F. Roos, 1913, with a throw of 126 feet 11 inches; J. Moore, 1912, second, with 99 feet; H. Bertrand, 1912, third, with 98 feet 6 inches.

Robert J. Collier Comes a Cropper.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Oct. 28.—After enjoying a big hunt breakfast at Louis S. Thompson's Brookdale Farm, near Lincroft, this afternoon, Robert J. Collier, as master of the Monmouth County Hounds, with three whips and a new pack of twenty-two couple of hounds, followed a scent over rough open country to his new farm at Wikatunk. Shortly after the start Mr. Collier's horse fell in taking a high fence, but neither Mr. Collier nor the horse was injured. Other riders were W. S. Jones, Howard S. Borden, Harry Payne Whitney, William A. Hazard, John E. Cowell, Lawrence Waterbury, Thomas S. Field, and Charles Hart. Many automobiles followed the hunters. It was dark when they reached Wikatunk, and the return trip was made in automobiles.



Subject: Overcoats

For the man who lacks a fall overcoat—here are fall overcoats that lack many dollars from their original price. They were $25.00, $27.50 and $30.00. They're now $19.50.

Most of them are silk lined, in black and fancy fabrics—and cravenettes, too.

WM. VOGEL & SON,
Two Broadway Stores { at Houston Street / at 44th Street

FOLLOW
The yellow arrows of *Country Life in America* to the Auto Races.
TO THE RACE
LOOK for the free *Country Life*

Listed Stocks

We are in a position to give you any information you may be desirous of obtaining with reference to the stock issues of Railroad, Industrial or other Corporations. Our statistical files are most complete in this respect, and your communications will receive our prompt and careful attention.

Our Circular **No. 114** gives valuable information regarding **about 80 issues** of stocks of well-known railroad and industrial corporations listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Spencer Trask & Co.

William and Pine Streets
New York

FOR SALE

43 Amer. Brake Shoe Pfd.
5 American Vanadium
50 Atlas Port'd Cement Com.
75 New York Curtain
$25,000 Pacific Gas & Elec. Deb. 6s
100 Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
100 Pheips, Dodge & Co.
100 San Diego Gas & Elec. Com.
100 Safety Car Heat & Light
100 Terre Haute & Peoria Pfd.
100 Texas (Oil) Company
200 Tri-City Ry. & Light Com.
125 Wells Fargo Express
100 Yale & Towne Mfg.

WANTED

100 Babcock & Wilcox
100 Bush Terminal
100 General Motors Com.
50 Oil Fields of Mexico
100 Sen-Sen Chiclets
100 United Cigar Stores
$50,000 Tuolumne Co. & L. E. Equip't 5s, 1932

We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.

*Phones 7460 to 7465 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

6% to 4%

Do you hold bonds paying 4% or less?

You can buy conservative bonds, Municipal and Corporation, yielding 6%.

Correspondence regarding exchange of your holdings for securities of this character solicited.

Send for Circular No. 11,220 T.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
New York Chicago
21 Broad Street. First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

$5,000,000,000

George Paish, editor of the London Statist, estimates the annual savings of the American People at $5,000,000,000, a large portion of which is placed in bonds. As specialists in investment securities we offer our services to investors, whether of large or small means, desiring a large return with safety of principal.

Correspondence Solicited.

F. J. Lisman & Co.,

Members New York Stock Exchange.
30 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE HARTFORD

NEW YORK CITY 6% REVENUE BONDS

DUE NOVEMBER 1st, 1909

WE WILL REDEEM COUPON BONDS OF THE ABOVE ISSUE AT A PREMIUM AT ANY TIME ON OR BEFORE NOVEMBER 1ST.

RISSE & LEVENSON

43 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
Telephone 7038-9 Hanover.

FOR SALE

Int. Nickel Co. 5s.
Int. Nickel Co. Pfd.
DuPont Powder Pfd. & Com.

S. H. P. PELL & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange.
Members New York Cotton Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y.

For Sale

16 Amer. Book ---------- @157
15 Amer. Caramel Pfd. ---- @103
100 Amer. Coal Products ---- @ 81
10 N. Y. Produce Exch. Bank @176
20 U. S. Express ---------- @104
100 U. S. Ind. Alcohol Com. @27¼

Hallowell & Henry

Tel. 4996-7-8 Broad. 52 Beaver St.

WANTED

300 Sen Sen Chiclets
200 Standard Oil-Cloth common

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.

Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere. Tel. 5140 to 5153 Broad, inclusive. 30 Broad St., New York.

CONN. RY. & LT. COM. & PREF.
KAS. CITY, M. & ORIENT BDS. & STKS
LACKAWANNA STEEL
SAFETY CAR HEAT. & LIGHT
TRI-CITY RY. & LT. COM. & PREF.
WESTERN POWER COM. & PREF.

WM. M. CLARKE

20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

WANTED

Bethlehem Steel Co. Notes 1910 1911 1912

Swartwout & Appenzellar

Members New York Stock Exchange.
Telephone 5670 John. 44 Pine Street.

N. W. Halsey & Co.

BANKERS

Bonds for Investment | 49 Wall Street, N.Y. Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

SEN-SEN CHICLET

STOCKS AND BONDS.

SEYMOUR, PETERS & SANFORD,

34 PINE ST.
Tel. 1350-1351 John.

Detroit, Jackson & Chicago 5s

MEGARGEL & CO.

BANKERS
5 Nassau St. New York.

Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis 7s due July 1st, 1910

WANTED

COGGESHALL & HICKS

115 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

POUCH & CO. 1 NASSAU ST. Members New York Stock Exchange.

Washington Westinghouse El. & Mfg. deb. 5s, 1913
Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Div. 3½s

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Close with Gains — Call Money Rates, 3@4 Per Cent.

COPPERS WERE THE FEATURE

Heavy Trading and Sharp Advance in Amalgamated—Time Money Eases—More Gold Engaged for Canada.

The chief reason for the cheerfulness displayed on the Stock Exchange yesterday was to be found in the retention by the Bank of England of the 5 per cent. rate put into effect on the preceding Thursday. At the regular weekly meeting the condition statement rendered disclosed a loss of 2 points in the reserve percentage, but those in charge of the Bank apparently set against this fact the control which the institution is rapidly assuming over the money market, the shipments of gold from this city to Canada and South America for London account, and the quieting down of the speculative markets here and abroad. The movement of prices on the Stock Exchange was generally firm with the exception of two distinct periods of reaction for which openly bearish operations were accountable. The final drive at the market came just before the close, but from the recessions of from 1 to 2 points forced in active shares there were vigorous rallies, and throughout the list of final quotations substantial gains predominated. The authorization of an additional $50,000,000 of stock by the New Haven was the direct cause of a break of 5½ points in the shares of the road, while Baltimore & Ohio, upon the publication of its annual report showing a trifle less than 1 per cent. earned above the dividend paid was heavy. Amalgamated Copper, selling ex dividend, rose 2¾ points, and incident to its strength was the repetition of earlier reports of closer understandings among copper producers. The cotton market was again excited, prices touching new high levels early in the day under heavy trading, but reacting later on general liquidation.

The feature of the day's money market was the marking down of loans for four, five, and six months' money periods from 5 to 4¾ per cent. by a great many prominent lenders. Call money also ruled easy, with a great part of the day's accommodation forthcoming at better than 4 per cent. The banks continue to hold their ground on routine transactions with the Government, their loss in the week thus far having amounted only to $1,817,000. During the course of the day additional engagements of gold, amounting in all to some $800,000, were made for export to Canada.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Electric Securities Co. preferred.
Federal Sugar Co. preferred.
Fidelity Bank.
United Fruit Co. for extra dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Distilling Co. of America on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@4 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 4 per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty days, 4½@4¾ per cent. for ninety days, four and five months, and 4¾ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 4 9-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4% per cent, unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $391,803,786; balances, $22,947,012; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $119,331.

The local banks have lost on their Sub-Treasury operations $1,817,000 since Friday

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8715@$4.8720, sixty days at $4.83@$4.8305, and cables at $4.8765@$4.8770.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ less 1-16@5.16⅞ less 1-64 for cables and 5.17½ less 1-64@5.17½ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼@95¼ plus 1-32 for cables, 95 3-16 less 1-32@95 3-16 plus 1-64 for sight, and 94 7-16@94⅝ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount and par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 10c discount; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 20c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ½d higher in London, at 23 5-16d per ounce, and ¼c higher in New York, at 50¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 43@44c.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

In the sharp advance in prices that marked the close of business, quotations on the Consolidated Stock Exchange exhibited much irregularity, compared with prices on the New York Stock Exchange, some stocks ruling under and others above the other board's figures, this depending upon the degree of nervousness of the short interest in the respective issues. Reading closed at 161⅝, against a last price on the other Exchange of 161; Copper, at 84½, against 84¼; Interborough common at 139⅞, against 139½; Union Pacific, at 200⅛, against 200¼, and United States Steel common, at 89½, against 89⅝.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Allis-Chalmers	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼
12,000	Amal. Cop.	81⅞	84½	81⅞	84½
130	Am. Beet Sug.	46¾	47	46⅝	46⅝
790	Am. Car & F.	70¼	71⅜	70¼	70½
120	Am. Cotton Oil	77¼	77⅝	77¼	77½
30	Am. H. & L. pf	42	42½	42	42½
	Am. Loco.	59¼	59½	59½	59½
4,300	Am. Smelting	95⅜	97¼	95⅝	97¼
310	Am. Sugar	132⅜	133¾	132	133⅜
270	Anaconda Cop.	46¾	47¼	46¾	47¼
600	A., T. & S. F.	121⅝	121⅞	121¼	121½
20	Balt. & Ohio	115	115⅜	115	115⅜
450	Brook. R. T.	76⅜	76¾	75⅝	76⅛
50	Cent. Leather	45⅞	46	45⅝	45⅝
410	Ches. & Ohio	87¼	87¾	87¼	87½
580	C., M. & St. P.	157	157⅜	156½	157⅛
1,190	Col. F. & I.	45	46½	45	45½
240	Con. Gas	140	140	137	137¼
160	Corn Products	20⅝	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞
20	Den. & R. G.	46⅞	47	46⅞	47
90	Erie	33¼	33¼	33	33
300	Gt. Nor. pf.	144	144¼	142½	143¼
2,660	Inter.-Met.	20⅝	20¼	19¼	19⅞
1,720	Inter.-Met. pf.	51	51½	50	50½
450	M., K. & T.	47¾	48¾	47	48⅜
90	Mo. Pacific	68⅞	68⅞	68½	68⅝
80	Nat. Lead	88⅛	88½	88	88
20	N. Y. Air B.	88	88	88	88
290	N. Y. Central	133¾	134⅝	133⅜	133½
10	N. Y., O. & W.	46⅞	46⅞	46⅜	46⅞
880	Nor. Pacific	146⅝	147	145⅞	146½
60	Pacific Mail	40¼	40¼	40	40¼
840	Pennsylvania	148⅝	148⅝	147⅞	148½
210	Pitts. Coal	22¼	22½	22	22⅞
60	Pressed S. Car	49⅝	50¼	49	49
17,200	Reading	161	161⅝	160	161⅜
20	Republic Steel	45⅜	45⅝	45¼	45½
100	Rep. Steel pf.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
510	Rock Island	38⅜	38⅝	38	38½
2,170	Southern Pac.	128	128⅝	127⅝	128⅛
20	Southern Ry.	30	30	30	30
320	Third Av.	20¼	20¼	19⅝	19⅝
15,820	Union Pacific	200¼	200⅝	198⅝	200⅛
40	U. S. Rubber	47	47	46⅝	46⅞
47,200	U. S. Steel	89⅜	89⅝	88⅝	89½
60	U. S. Steel pf.	127½	127⅝	127	127½
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	46⅝	46⅞	46⅝	46⅞
60	Vulcan Det.	31⅜	31⅜	31¼	31½
200	Wabash pf.	51⅜	51⅞	51	51¾
113,500					

MINING STOCKS.

800	Atlanta	.12	.12	.12	.12
100	Best & Bel.	.75	.75	.75	.75
100	Comstock	.32	.32	.32	.32
200	C. C. Va.	1.35	1.35	1.35	1.35
400	Comb. Frac.	.61	.61	.61	.61
500	Gold Dollar	.12¼	.12¼	.12½	.12½
800	Hale & Norc.	.50	.50	.50	.50
800	Jim Butler	.13	.13	.13	.13
100	Mexican	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65
500	Montgom. Mt.	.03½	.03¼	.03¾	.03½
350	Ophir	1.90	2.00	1.90	2.00
1,300	Silver Pick	.09½	.09¾	.09	.09
400	Union Con.	.75	.75	.74	.74
5,350					

BOND.

$2,000	Comstock 4s	21	21	21	21

WHEAT.

20,000	Dec. option	1.04¾	1.05¾	1.04¾	1.05¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Oct. 28, 1909 865,129
From Jan. 1, 1909 176,802,004
Corresponding period last year 148,097,462

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
14¼	14½	200	Allis-Chalmers	14¼	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	+ ⅜
50½	51	100	Allis-Chalmers pf.	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅞	+ ⅞
84¼	84⅝	77,920	*Amalgamat. Cop.	81⅝	84½	81⅝	84¼	+2⅝
46	47	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	46⅜	46¾	46⅜	46⅝	+ ⅜
46¼	46½	700	Am. Beet Sugar	46¼	47	46¼	46⅞	+ ⅝
11¾	12	200	Am. Can	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
82½	82¾	600	Am. Can pf.	82⅜	82⅝	82	82	- ⅝
70½	70⅝	8,200	Am. Car & Foundry	69⅝	71⅜	69⅝	70⅝	+ ⅞
118½	119	375	Am. Car & Found. pf.	118½	118⅝	118½	118½	+1
77¼	77½	3,500	Am. Cotton Oil	77	77⅝	77	77⅜	+ ½
42	42½	1,435	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	40½	42½	40⅝	42½	+2
25	26	100	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	25	25	...
15½	15⅝	1,900	*Am. Linseed	16¼	16¼	15½	15½	- ⅛
38½	43	400	*Am. Linseed pf.	41	41	39⅝	39⅝	- ⅛
59	59¼	1,710	Am. Locomotive	59	59½	59	59	+ ½
115	116	200	Am. Locomotive pf.	115	115	115	115	...
6½	8	100	Am. Malt.	7	7	7	7	-2
48½	49¼	300	Am. Malt pf.	49⅝	49⅝	49¼	49¼	- ⅛
97	97¼	13,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	95½	97¼	95½	97¼	+1⅝
110⅜	111	600	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	110⅞	111	110⅝	110⅞	+ ¼
90½	91	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	90½	90½	90½	90¼	+ ¼
100	102	100	Am. Snuff pf.	101	101	101	101	+ ¼
61½	61¾	3,969	Am. Steel Foundries	60⅛	61⅞	60¼	61⅝	+1⅛
133½	134	4,200	Am. Sugar Refining	133	133⅝	132¾	133⅜	+1
140⅝	140¾	2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140½	140⅝	140½	140½	...
34⅝	36	300	Am. Woolen	35⅞	36⅝	34⅞	34⅞	+ ⅛
47⅝	47½	3,500	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	46¼	47⅜	46¼	47⅛	+1⅛
121⅝	121⅞	16,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	121¼	121⅝	121⅛	121¼	+ ¼
103⅝	104¼	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	104	104	104	104	...
136	137	200	Atlantic Coast Line.	136½	136½	136¼	136¼	-1⅜
115¼	115½	2,100	Baltimore & Ohio	115½	115⅝	115½	115⅝	+ ⅛
93	94	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	- ⅛
3⅞	4½	100	Batopilas Mining	4	4	4	4	- ½
32	32½	500	Bethlehem Steel	32	32¼	32	32¼	...
76	76¼	2,350	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	76⅛	76½	75⅝	76	+ ⅛
138	142	120	Brooklyn Union Gas	138	138	138	138	-4½
184⅝	184½	1,750	Canadian Pacific	184¼	184½	183⅞	184¼	+ ½
45⅝	45⅞	2,500	Central Leather Co.	45⅝	46	45½	45⅝	- ⅛
87⅝	87⅞	9,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	87¼	87¾	87⅛	87⅝	+ ⅜
68¾	69	400	Chicago & Alton	68	69½	68	69½	+1½
18¼	18½	500	Chi.Gt.West.3d ass.pd.	18⅝	18½	18¼	18¼	- ⅛
29	31	100	Chi.Gt.West.pf. A, t.r.	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	+1⅞
22¾	23	300	Chi. Gt. Western pf. B 3d ass't pd.	23	23	23	23	+ ¼
157¼	157⅝	11,150	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	156⅝	157⅝	156½	157¼	+ ¼
173½	100	Chi, Mil. & St. P. pf.	174	174	174	174	- ¼	
210	225	5	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	225	225	225	225	...
45¼	45¾	6,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	45	46½	45	45¾	+1
78¼	79	200	Col. & South. 1st pf.	78½	78⅞	78½	78⅞	+ ⅞
77⅜	78¼	110	Col. & South. 2d pf.	78	78	78	78	...
80¼	80⅞	125	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	- ¼
138¼	138½	6,800	Consolidated Gas.	140	140	137	137	-2⅜
20⅜	21	300	Corn Products Ref.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	- ⅛
85½	84⅝	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	+1½
183	183¼	200	Delaware & Hudson.	183⅝	183⅝	183½	183⅝	- ⅛
46⅜	47¼	1,100	Denver & Rio Grande.	47	47⅛	46⅜	47	+ ⅝
83⅝	84	250	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	84	84½	84	84¼	+ ½
36¼	36⅜	200	*Distillers' Securities.	36½	36¾	36¼	36¾	+ ¼
32⅜	33	1,300	Erie	33	33	32¾	32¾	+ ¼
46⅜	47¼	400	Erie 1st pf.	46⅝	47	46⅝	46⅞	+ ⅜
162½	163½	200	General Electric.	163¼	163½	163¼	163½	+1¼
143⅛	144	9,700	Great Northern pf.	144	144⅝	142½	143¼	- ⅛
79¼	80	2,500	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	79⅝	80½	79½	80	+ ⅛
146¼	147¾	200	Illinois Central.	147¼	147½	147¼	147½	+1½
19⅞	20	71,700	Interborough-Met.	20⅜	20⅝	19⅝	19⅞	- ¼
50½	50¾	24,300	Interborough-Met. pf.	51	51⅝	50¼	50½	- ⅝
102	105	2,600	Int. Harvester.	99¼	102½	99¼	102	+3
123	125¼	600	Int. Harvester pf.	124½	125	124½	125	+ ½
15⅝	15⅞	300	Int. Paper.	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	- ¼
61	62	200	Int. Paper pf.	62	62¼	62	62¼	+ ¾
49⅜	50	3,100	Int. Steam Pump.	49	50	48¾	50	+1¼
88½	88¾	500	Int. Steam Pump pf.	88⅞	88⅞	88¼	88⅝	+ ⅛
50¼	51	210	Iowa Central pf.	50½	50¾	50½	50¾	- ¼
43⅜	43¾	100	Kansas City South.	43⅜	43⅝	42½	43⅜	- ⅛
69	70⅛	100	Kan. City South. pf.	70	70	70	70	...
104¼	104⅝	200	Laclede Gas.	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝	...
53	57	165	Lake Erie & West. pf.	56	56	56	56	+3
151¾	152¼	500	Louisville & Nash.	152	152	151¾	152	+ ½
90	90⅝	200	Mackay Cos.	90⅝	90⅝	90¼	90¼	- ¼
141	143	910	Manhattan Elevated.	142	143	142	142	...
22¼	22⅝	100	Mercantile Marine pf.	22	22	22	22	- ⅛
20	24	200	*Met. Street Railway.	24	24	24	24	+4
54	54½	200	Minn. & St. Louis.	54	54½	54	54½	+1
136	136½	500	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	136¼	137	136¼	137	+1⅛
152	154	610	M., St. P. & S.S.M.pf.	150⅞	153½	150⅞	153½	+2¾
48⅜	48½	17,200	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	47¾	48½	47¼	48½	+1⅜
74⅝	74⅝	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	74½	74½	74½	74½	+ ½
68⅛	68¾	800	Missouri Pacific.	68¾	68¾	68¾	68⅞	+ ¼
112	114	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	114	114	114	114	...
20¼	21	400	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	20⅞	20⅞	20⅜	20⅝	- ⅛
88	88¼	1,000	Nat. Lead Co.	88	88⅜	88	88¼	+ ⅛
110¼	110⅜	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	110½	110⅞	110¼	110⅜	+ ⅛
22½	22⅝	300	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	22¾	22⅞	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
86⅜	88	400	N. Y. Air Brake.	87	87	86	86⅜	+ ¾
134	134¼	4,100	N. Y. Central.	133⅜	134½	133¼	134	+ ½
88	89	100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	89	89	89	89	...
162½	164	1,500	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	160	169	162	163½	-5½
46¾	47	400	N. Y. Ont. & West.	46¾	47	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅛
94¾	95⅛	900	Norfolk & Western.	94⅞	95¼	94⅞	95	- ¼
78	79	150	North American	77⅞	78	77⅞	77⅞	+ ⅛
146¼	146⅜	12,700	Northern Pacific	146⅞	147	145½	146½	+ ⅛
39	40¼	500	Pacific Mail	40¼	40¾	40	40	- ¼
50	51	3,220	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	49¾	51⅜	49¾	50¼	+ ⅛
148¼	148⅜	38,400	Pennsylvania R. R.	148⅜	148¾	147¾	148¼	+ ⅛
114½	114⅝	600	People's Gas, Chi.	114⅞	114⅞	114½	114½	+ ⅛
94¼	94¾	500	P., C., C. & St. Louis.	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	- ⅜
21⅞	22	4,700	Pittsburg Coal	22	22⅜	21⅞	22	+ ⅛
62	62½	1,100	Pittsburg Coal pf.	62½	62½	62¼	62¼	+ ¼
49¼	49⅜	3,600	Pressed Steel Car.	49¼	50¼	49	49⅜	- ⅛
46⅜	47½	1,100	*R'way Steel Spring.	46⅝	47⅜	46⅝	47¼	+2½
161	161¼	84,700	Reading	161⅞	161⅜	160	161	+ ⅛
96	99	300	Reading 2d pf.	98	98	98	98	+1
45⅝	45½	3,200	Rep. Iron & Steel.	45½	45½	45	45½	...
103⅝	104	1,000	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	104½	104½	104	104	- ⅛
88⅝	88½	5,100	Rock Island Co.	88⅝	88⅝	88	88¼	+ ⅛
78⅝	78½	4,600	Rock Island Co. pf.	78⅛	78½	78	78¼	+ ⅛
71	71¼	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	71	71	71	71	...
56¼	56½	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	57	57	56¾	56¾	- ¼
29	29¼	300	St. Louis Southwest'n.	29	29½	29	29	...
67¾	68	300	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	67	67¾	67	67¾	+1¼
120¼	121	50	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120	120	120	120	...
128	128⅛	16,210	Southern Pacific	128	128½	127½	128	+ ¼
30¼	33½	200	Southern R'way ext.	30	30	30	30	+ ½
69¼	69⅝	400	South. R'way pf., ext.	69	69⅜	69	69	+ ½
35½	35⅝	600	Texas & Pacific.	35½	35⅝	35¼	35⅝	+ ⅛
88	91	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr.	89½	89½	89½	89½	+ ⅛
19⅜	19¾	1,500	Third Avenue	20⅜	20⅜	19¼	19½	- ½
53¼	53⅜	1,500	Tol., St. L. & West.	52½	53½	52½	53½	+ ½
69	70	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	69¾	69⅞	69¾	69⅞	+ ⅛
12	13¼	400	Union Bag & Paper.	13	13	12⅛	12⅞	- ⅛
200¼	200¼	75,700	Union Pacific	200¼	200⅝	198⅝	200¼	...
102½	103	900	Union Pacific pf.	103	103	103	103	...
116¾	116⅝	2,800	United Dry Goods.	115	116⅝	115	116⅝	- ⅛
110⅝	111	1,400	United Dry Goods pf.	111¼	111⅝	110½	111	- ⅝
41⅜	42	600	United Rys. Inv.	41⅜	42	41	42	...
71¼	71½	800	United Rys. Inv. pf.	70¼	71⅞	70¼	71⅞	+1⅞
85	86	200	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	85¼	85½	85¼	85½	+ ⅛
81⅜	82¼	500	U. S. Realty & Imp.	81⅛	81½	81⅛	81⅜	+ ½
46	46¼	700	U. S. Rubber.	46	46¾	46	46⅜	+1
117½	118½	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	118	118	118	118	+ ½
83¾	84	130	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	84	84	84	84	...
89⅝	89⅞	242,200	U. S. Steel.	88⅜	89⅝	88⅜	89⅝	+1⅜
127½	127¾	2,100	U. S. Steel pf.	127	127⅝	127	127½	+ ¾
47⅜	47¾	1,200	Utah Copper	47	47½	47	47⅝	+1⅜
46¼	46¾	1,200	Va.-Caro. Chemical.	46½	46¾	46¼	46¼	+ ½
31¼	31½	800	Vulcan Detinning	31⅛	31½	31¼	31½	+ ½
77	79	755	Vulcan Detinning pf.	73¼	78	73¼	78	+4
19⅝	20	400	Wabash.	19⅞	20	19⅞	20	...
51⅝	51½	2,500	Wabash pf.	51½	52	51¼	51⅝	+ ⅛
21	21⅜	750	Western Md., 2d paid.	21	21⅝	21	21¼	+ ¼
75¼	75⅜	400	Western Union Tel.	76	76	75⅜	75⅜	+ ⅛
85	85½	400	Westinghouse E. & M.	85	85½	85	85½	+ ½
18	19½	800	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	17½	18	17½	18	+1½
49	50	300	Wisconsin Central.	50	50	50	50	+ ⅛

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¼	101
2s, c., 1930	100½	101½
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102
3s, c., 1918	101½	102½
4s, r., 1925	116⅝	117
4s, c., 1925	116⅝	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	99⅞	100½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	100⅜
Dist. Col. 3-65s	107	..
Adams Exp.	232	..
Al. & Sus.	224½	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	100	106
Am. B. S. pf.	95	98
Am. Coal	100	140
Am. Cotton Oil pf.	106	108
Am. Dis. T.	10	30
Am. Expres.	230	250
Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	7⅝	8
Am. Snuff.	250	300
Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	126	128
Am. T. & C.	75	85
Am. Th. pf.	99⅞	100
Am. Woolen Co. pf.	102⅝	103

NEW TELEPHONE PLANS.

Latest Company Declares Its Intention of Branching Into Telegraph Field.

The interests identified with the recent organization in New Jersey of the Continental Telephone and Telegraph Company, a $50,000,000 corporation incorporated by Philbin, Beekman & Menken, were made known yesterday. The new company, according to its own statement, is to be the successor of the National Long Distance Telephone Syndicate, and plans to take over some of the principal long distance and local independent systems in New York and the Middle West. The company will also enter the telegraph field. John A. Howard of Wheeling, West Va., and Max Koehler and Herman Stifel of St. Louis are interested in the company.

Blake & Knowles, Pfd.
Lackawanna Coal.
Fidelity Ins. Co.
Hanover Fire Ins.
Safety Car Heat. & Lt.
Sears-Roebuck.
American Tobacco Co.
Braden Copper 6s.
Internat. Nickel Co.
Internat. Nickel 5s.

Bought and Sold.

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.

25 BROAD ST. 'PHONE 5500 BROAD. NEW YORK

WANTED
Public Service Corporation Perpetual Ctfs.
United Electric Co. of N. J. 4s

FOR SALE
Hackensack Water Co. 4s
New York & New Jersey Ferry 5s
Hudson County Gas Co. 5s
Listed securities carried on margin.

B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
'Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

ESTABLISHED 1886.
Curtis & Romaine
80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Members { Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y. / New York Cotton Exchange. / New York Produce Exchange.
STOCKS, BONDS COTTON, GRAIN.

Guaranteed Bonds Yielding 6% Income.
White & Co.
Bankers, 25 Pine St., New York.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.
Securities Bought and Sold.
Henry Bros. & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway, N. Y. City. Telephone 204 Rector.

McCURDY HENDERSON & Co.
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

J. M. Fiske & Co.
Established 1896.
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway
Telephone 4400-1-3 Broad. New York

1852 1909
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York
Members N.Y. Stock Ex. Investment Bonds

Warren Gzowski & Co.
COBALT STOCKS.
MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE,
25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK. 4 COLBORNE ST., TORONTO.
Offices Connected by Direct Wire.
INTERNATIONAL TRACTION 4½ BONDS.
BUFFALO GAS 5% BONDS.
RUBBER GOODS MFG. CO. PFD.
MORRIS & ESSEX STOCK.

MALCOLM STUART
60 Broadway, NEW YORK. Telephone 155 Rector.

THE HOGGSON BUILDING METHOD
HOGGSON BROTHERS Inc.
Designers and Builders of Fine Residences
7 East 44th Street, New York

Warren W. Erwin & Co.
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York.
54-56 Broad St., New York
STOCKS & BONDS

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
135 Broadway, New York City
Capital, - - $1,000,000
Surplus & Profits, 1,500,000
To each of our depositors having a check account is sent a monthly statement showing in detail all deposits received and checks paid, the amount of interest credited, and the balance at the end of the month. With the statement are enclosed all cancelled checks.

CHARTERED 1866.
Brooklyn Trust Company
175 Montague Street, 1205 Fulton Street } Brooklyn.
Cor. Wall St. and Broadway, Manhattan.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
356 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 3d Ave. & 148 St.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
15 EXCHANGE PLACE, JERSEY CITY, N. J
Capital, Surplus and Profits over $3,000,000
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
INTEREST PAID ON CHECK ACCOUNTS

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account
STRONGEST IN WORKING CAPITAL

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS ... $12,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Copper the Market Feature.

While the trading in Steel shares was heaviest, amounting again to more than a quarter of the total volume of transactions, the unusual activity in Amalgamated Copper, as well as the persistent strength of the stock, reflected in its final advance of 2¾ points, selling ex dividend, made Copper the real market feature. A number of interesting reports were set afloat in connection with the movement in the Copper shares, the most picturesque of these being that which had President Corey of the Steel Corporation resigning to become President of the Amalgamated Copper Company. More substantial facts were the demand in the loan crowd for the stock and its scarcity there after the close of the market, and the general strength of all Copper issues in Boston, the primary market.

***

Bear Raiders Beaten Off.

Encouraged by their success on Tuesday afternoon, a clique of bears undertook another raid on the market in the final half hour of trading yesterday. Union Pacific was directly under fire, and in the course of the movement dropped some 2 points, while United States Steel, which was also attacked, lost practically all of the gain it had painfully made earlier in the day. Just at the critical moment somebody began to buy stock, and the market faced about in such decided fashion that after the close of business the bears were outspoken in their criticism of the manipulative tactics of this "somebody." The truth seems to be that what the more powerful interests in the Street really want is the soft pedal on speculation, although bulls and bears alike find it practically impossible to realize this.

***

The Drop in New Haven.

How far Wall Street is from the good old days of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and St. Paul "rights" could be no better illustrated than by the reception accorded to yesterday's announcement that the New Haven stockholders had authorized an increase of $50,000,000 in the road's capital, the new stock to be offered to holders at 125. New Haven, on sales of 1,400 shares, dropped from 169 to 162, closing at 163½, thus netting a loss of 5½ points on the day. It is just possible that mixed with this indisposition to wait for the coming rights on the stock there was a little resentment of Mr. Mellen's remarks to an inquiring stockholder, the burden of which seemed to be that the Directors were the New Haven Railroad. Of course, a great many railroad Presidents still believe this to be true, but times have so changed that it is quite out of fashion to give expression to the opinion.

***

Canada Takes More Gold.

Three additional shipments of gold coin to Canada, yesterday, increased by $800,000 the amount which Canada has withdrawn from New York in the shape of gold coin during the present movement. The American Exchange National Bank sent $500,000, the National Park Bank $200,000 and the Bank of New York $100,000. All of this gold was withdrawn from the sub-treasury against the surrender of gold certificates. Canada's need of gold coin at this season arises from the demands for currency made upon the Canadian banks for crop moving and other purposes. The banks, in turn, import gold from the United States to strengthen their reserves.

***

Home-Coming American Stocks.

A large amount of American securities, until recently carried in London, are now on their way to this side, their transfer to this market being forced by the up-turn in the English money market. The Mauretania, due to arrive today, is expected to bring in large consignments of stocks, and other steamers within the next few days will probably swell the total considerably. Estimates of the amount of our stocks which are now being brought to this side run as high as $15,000,000. This home coming of our stocks is a familiar sequel to a rapid advance in discount rates in London. While money is easy on the other side, many holders of stocks find it profitable to carry them there, but when money in London becomes as dear as, or dearer than, money in New York the stocks are brought to this side and carried here.

MORE FREE PIERS DEMANDED.

Maritime Interests Urge the City to Stop Diversion of Trade from Here.

Representatives of shipping and mercantile interests met yesterday at the Maritime Exchange to devise means to increase the dockage facilities of the city. After a general discussion of the needs for more free piers and the desirability of cutting down the present rates of pier leases, resolutions were adopted calling upon the city authorities to grant larger facilities to the shipping interests so as to circumvent the diversion of trade to Boston and other Atlantic ports.

C. H. Callaghan of the Maritime Exchange acted as Chairman of the meeting. Frederick Bolander was Secretary. Other business men present were: Welding Ring, President of the Produce Exchange; MacDougall Hawks, former Dock Commissioner; Fred S. Gardner of the Board of Trade and Transportation, F. B. Dalzell of the Association for the Protection of Commerce, J. H. Donnelly of the Manufacturers' Association, Robert McCreery and F. H. Tracy of the Lighterage Association, C. R. Norman, President of the Maritime Association, Capt. W. C. Clark of the Harbor Terminals and Transportation League, and Capt. A. W. Smith, President of the Marine Society. Other representatives were from the Coal Trade Association, the China Trade Association, and several minor marine organizations.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The forecast for Friday and Saturday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States, is as follows:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Western Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi—Fair Friday and Saturday, not much change in temperature; moderate northeasterly winds, becoming variable.

Eastern Florida—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, with showers in southern portion; moderate northeasterly winds.

Louisiana—Fair Friday. Saturday partly cloudy; light, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, except possibly showers along the coast; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Utah—Partly cloudy Friday, possibly showers and cooler Saturday.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; cooler by Saturday night.

Arkansas—Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

Tennessee—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; slowly rising temperature.

Kentucky—Fair Friday and Saturday; rising temperature.

Ohio, Indiana, and Lower Michigan—Fair Friday and Saturday; rising temperature; light, variable winds, shifting to southeasterly.

Illinois—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; rising temperature; southeasterly winds, increasing.

Upper Michigan—Fair and warmer Friday, Saturday, increasing cloudiness and warmer, with showers in northwest portion; southeasterly winds, increasing.

Wisconsin—Fair Friday, probably followed by increasing cloudiness Saturday; rising temperature; increasing southeasterly winds.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, with showers in northeast portion; warmer Friday; increasing southeasterly winds.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday, partly cloudy, with warmer in eastern portion.

Missouri—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday, probably fair, with warmer in eastern portion.

North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy Friday, with warmer in eastern portions. Saturday, unsettled and cooler.

Nebraska—Fair Friday, with warmer in eastern portion. Saturday, partly cloudy and cooler.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

More Cheerful Tone Follows Conclusion of Settlement in London.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Money was in restricted supply and dearer on the market to-day, and discounts were firm.

On the Stock Exchange, with the settlement satisfactorily concluded, the uncertainty which has prevailed disappered and a more cheerful tone developed in most departments, consols rising fractionally, while other British shares, foreigners and Kaffirs, showed a hardening tendency at the close. The bank statement proved about as expected and did not affect the trading. Buenos Ayres and Pacific Rails were the weak features.

American securities opened a fraction over parity. Later the market improved under the lead of Canadian Pacific, Union Pacific, and United States Steel. At noon prices were steady and from ⅛ to ⅜ above yesterday's New York closing. This was the brightest section and the early advance was maintained on the unchanged bank rate. United States Steel improved one point in the afternoon on Wall Street buying and the whole market closed firm. Copper shares were good in sympathy.

Bar silver, quiet, 23 5-16d per ounce.

Money, 4½@5 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4⅝@4⅞ per cent; for three months' bills, 4⅞ per cent.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were steady.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 70c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 21½c for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—Prices in all departments of the Boerse were firmer to-day on advices from New York.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve decreased £349,000, circulation decreased £188,000, bullion decreased £536,051, other securities increased £1,425,000, other deposits increased £332,000, public deposits increased £736,000, notes reserve decreased £482,000. Government securities unchanged.

Proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week, 45.80 per cent.; last week it was 47.58 per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation increased 12,650,000f; Treasury deposits increased 35,900,000f, general deposits increased 147,625,000f, gold in hand decreased 4,775,000f, silver in hand increased 2,600,000f, bills discounted increased 168,725,000f, advances decreased 9,350,000f.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82½	...	...	+1-16
Consols, account	82 9-16	...	...	+1-16
Anaconda	9½	46¼	46¼	...
Atchison	125	121⅞	121½	+ ⅜
Can. Pacific	189½	184⅝	184	+ ⅝
St. Paul	161	157	156¾	+ ¼
Erie	33⅜	33	33	...
Erie 1st pf.	47⅜	46½	46¼	+ ¼
Ill. Central	149½	145⅜	146	- ⅛
Louis. & Nash.	155½	151⅝	151½	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	137½	134	133½	+ ½
Pennsylvania	76	148¼	147⅜	+ ⅝
Reading	83½	160⅜	160⅜	+ ⅛
Southern Pacific	131⅝	128¼	127⅞	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	205⅝	200⅜	200¼	+ ½
U. S. Steel	91⅝	89½	88¾	+ 1¼
U. S. Steel pf.	130½	127½	126¾	+ ⅝

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid	Asked.
German consol 3½s	93¼	94¼
German consol 3s	83¼	84¼
Prussian Government 4s	101½	102½
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	92½	93½
Saxony Government 3s	83	84
Hamburg Government 3s	82¾	83¾
City of Berlin 4s	101	102
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfurt-a-M. 3½s	93¼	94¼
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	100¾	101½
Russian Government gold 4s	90	91
French Government rente 3s	97¾	98¾
British consol 2½s	82	83

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 8 6	Dolores	1 10 0
Tomboy	0 19 6	Stratton's Independence	0 3 3
El Oro	1 6 0		
Esperanza	2 17 6		

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The daily consular and trade reports for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities: Further information regarding these can be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the item of the number referred to:

4,041 ICE-MAKING MACHINERY.—A business man who operate an ice-making plant in Turkey, announces that he is about to install four others throughout a certain province. He wishes catalogues and prices for machines capable of producing from 100 to 250 kilos of ice per hour, and intermediate quantities. Prices, if possible should be quoted c.i.f., some point in Turkey, otherwise f.o.b., New York. The consul making the report states that it is an excellent opportunity for the introduction of American ice-making machinery into that province, but time is an important element in the placing of the contracts, and replies should be prompt, with cable instructions, if possible.

4,042 FRUIT TREES AND SEEDS.—A business house in East Africa writes that it is importing large quantities of fruit trees from Australia, but thinks it is possible to send some of this trade to the United States. With this object in view, correspondence is desired with American firms dealing in trees and seeds generally. The trees should be from high and should arrive in the middle of February and October. The firm states that if the trees arrive alive they are certain of a prompt sale.

4,043 TENDERS FOR REFRIGERATING PLANT.—An American Consul in the Far East has been requested to secure for a local merchant information regarding the cost of two refrigerating and cold storage plants to be erected. One plant to be erected at Wei-Hai-Wei, should be of a capacity of 500 tons, consisting of a freezing room to contain 100 tons of meat, and a storeroom of 400 tons capacity. The plant is to be run by electric motors, and quotations should be c.i.f., Wei-Hai-Wei, the plant to be erected by the purchaser. The second plant, to be erected at Vladivostock, should have engines and boilers with a capacity of 1,000 tons; freezing room to contain 100 tons, and storeroom of 900 tons capacity. Quotations should be c.i.f., Vladivostock, and is to be erected by the American firm selling the plant.

4,044 ASPHALT FOR VARNISH-MAKING.—An American Consular Officer states that a business man in his district desires to purchase asphalt for the manufacture of varnish. The product required must be of a quality superior to the Gibsonite, Trinidad, and Mexican asphalts. Purchases will be made in carload lots, and prices should be quoted c.i.f., Marseilles. The inquirer wishes to communicate with first-class firms only.

4,045. AGENCY FOR RUSSIA.—A letter received from a Russian business man, in which he states that he is open to represent American firms desiring an outlet for their products in Russia. He states that he can make large sales of all articles suitable for that country, and would like to hear from interested American firms as soon as possible. He is also open for connections with American importers of Russian goods.

4,046. CARBON BLACK.—A business man in France advises an American Consular Officer that he wishes to enter into business relations with manufacturers of carbon black who have no representative in Western Europe. He will purchase directly from producers in twenty to thirty ton lots, either packed in cases or barrels; terms, c.i.f., Marseilles, sixty days. It is stated that the packing of this article usually leaves much to be desired, and this fact has caused serious injury to the trade, which is susceptible of great extension if properly handled. Careful packing is, therefore, insisted upon.

4,047. HAND GRADER FOR CORN OR MEALIES.—An American consul in Africa has received a letter from a local business man setting forth the opening that exists in that country for the sale of a small hand grader for corn or mealies. A small machine that will enable the farmer himself to make three grades of corn is desired, and if such a machine can be produced, so that the price will permit of every small farmer purchasing one, there will undoubtedly be a large and immediate demand for them.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 28.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Cable Con.	6c.	6c.	6c.
250	Crucible Steel	14	13¾	14
70	Crucible Steel pf.	88¾	83½	88¾
540	Fireproof	9¾	9	9¼
190	Fireproof pf.	28½	25	25
335	Manufact. L. & H.	19¾	19½	19½
85	Pitts. Brew. pf.	41	41	41
200	Pitts. Coal	21¾	21¾	21¾
335	Pitts. Coal pf.	62¾	62	62¼
10	River Coal	6	6	6
20	River Coal pf.	22	22	22
500	Rose Mining	24c.	24c.	24c.
50	Shoaf	1.15	1.15	1.15
1,200	Tonopah Extension	45c.	47c.	47c.
10	U. S. Steel	89¾	89½	89¼

BOND.

$1,000	River Coal 6s	114½	114¼	114¼

UNLISTED.

1,000	Pure Oil	5¾	5¾	5¾
5,000	Silver Peak	65c.	65c.	65c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Excited Advances Not Sustained—Closes 3 Points Down to 14 Up.

Cotton was still more active and excited yesterday. A sensational advance in the Liverpool market and very bullish advices from Southern spot centres added to the enthusiasm which had been created, earlier in the week by small crop estimates. The close was steady at a net decline of 3 points on October, but generally 3 to 14 points net higher.

The market opened 6 to 27 points higher. A small failure was reported in Liverpool, but rumors regarding difficulties among Southern shippers were not confirmed. October spot shorts were reported as being forced to pay decidedly higher prices in the interior as exporters were refusing to cancel commitments, but a dispatch from Memphis stated that the mills were less urgent buyers.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
October	14.55	14.37	14.35@14.38	14.38
November	14.35	14.30	14.28@14.30	14.23
December	14.47	14.43	14.43@14.48	14.40
January	14.70	14.50	14.51@14.53	14.48
February	14.65	14.62	14.58@14.58	14.51
March	14.80	14.57	14.58@14.60	14.55
April	14.60	14.60	14.59@14.58	14.50
May	14.82	14.60	14.61@14.62	14.57
June	14.63	14.58	14.54@14.55	14.47
July	14.78	14.56	14.58@14.59	14.52
August	14.20	14.09	14.08@14.10	14.00
September	13.23	13.12	13.17@13.18	13.03

Spot cotton was quiet and 10 points higher, at 14.75c for middling upland and 15c for middling Gulf. Sales, 25 bales; delivered on contract, 4,800 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston firm, ¼c higher, at 14¾c; sales, 300 bales. New Orleans steady, ⅛c higher, at 14 3-16c; sales, 725 bales. Mobile firm, unchanged, at 14c; sales, 300 bales. Savannah firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 2,787 bales. Charleston firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 500 bales. Norfolk steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 1,001 bales. Augusta steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 810 bales. St. Louis firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅜c; sales, 42 bales. Memphis firm, unchanged, at 14¼c; sales, 2,700 bales. Houston steady, 1-16c higher, at 14 5-16c; sales, 826 bales.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
3d week Oct.	$79,470	$67,025	$12,445
July 1-Oct. 21	1,140,991	1,075,114	65,877

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

3d week Oct.	115,885	112,158	3,727
July 1-Oct. 21	1,870,658	1,743,309	127,349

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS Pacific—

3d week Oct.	170,575	144,229	26,346
July 1-Oct. 21	2,607,661	2,387,409	220,252

MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. Marie—

3d week Oct.	558,683	477,461	81,222
July 1-Oct. 21	8,029,470	6,953,077	1,076,393

MOBILE & OHIO—

3d week Oct.	192,777	209,286	*16,509
July 1-Oct. 21	3,059,475	2,839,820	219,658

BINGHAMTON RAILWAY COMPANY for the quarter ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
Total oper. rev.	84,337	80,255	4,582
Total oper. exp. and taxes	55,898	46,944	8,954
Net	28,039	33,311	*4,272
Charges	23,040	23,396	*356
Surplus	5,899	9,914	*4,015

*Decrease.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for September—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	107,849	92,623	109,346
Exp. & taxes	73,773	63,935	82,534
Net	34,070	28,688	26,812
3 mos. gross	$316,450	294,404	338,528
Expenses	229,112	200,372	261,785
3 mos. net	87,338	94,092	76,743

JAMESTOWN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY for the quarter ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total oper. rev.	52,194	45,589	6,605
Total oper. exp.	28,503	28,939	*436
Net oper. rev.	23,690	16,650	7,040
Taxes accrued	1,494	1,408	51
Gross income	22,236	15,246	6,990
Total deduct. fr. gross income	15,959	14,729	1,227
Net corp. inc.	6,280	517	5,763

*Decrease.

READING COMPANY—

Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company for September—

Railway Company.

	1909.	1908.
Receipts	$8,677,900	$8,386,372
Expenses, including renewals, &c.	2,125,449	2,019,846
Net earnings	1,552,450	1,367,026

Coal and Iron Company.

Receipts	2,037,804	2,513,761
Expenses	2,108,815	2,359,322
Net earnings	*70,920	154,438

READING COMPANY.

Net income	150,119	126,491
Net earnings of all companies	1,631,649	1,647,956
Proportion of annual fixed charges and taxes of all companies, (estimated)	880,000	873,541
Surplus	751,649	774,414

Year to date, from July 1.

Railway Company.

Receipts	10,280,763	9,816,747
Expenses, &c.	6,420,673	5,713,437
Net earnings	3,851,090	3,603,310

Coal and Iron Company.

Receipts	5,415,153	6,590,555
Expenses	5,642,240	6,407,080
Net earnings	*227,086	183,475

Reading Company.

Net income	443,486	377,442
Net earnings all companies	4,067,490	4,164,227
Prop. fixed charges	2,640,000	2,620,624
Surplus	1,427,490	1,543,602

*Deficit.

SYRACUSE & SUBURBAN for the quarter ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
Tot. op. revs.	$30,599	$30,209	*$390
Tot. op. & taxes	24,063	14,964	*9,098
Net op. rev.	6,536	15,244	\$,708
Other income	83	406	323
Gross income	6,620	15,651	9,031
Tot. deduc. from gross income	7,235	7,309	74
Net corp. inc.	†614	8,341	8,956

*Increase. †Deficit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN CITIES RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY, combined earnings of operating companies for the month of September:

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross	488,795	458,218	30,576
Exp. & taxes	287,470	276,210	11,259
Net	201,324	182,007	19,317
Int. & sink. fd.	106,724	105,456	1,168
Surplus	94,601	76,551	18,050
Prop. of sur. on basis of stock ownership	58,661	67,654	16,007
Pfd. dividend	34,530	34,530	.....
Bal. sp. to stock & reserves	49,131	33,124	16,007
9 months gross	4,226,102	3,987,293	238,809
Exp. & taxes	2,454,247	2,407,989	46,258
9 months net	1,771,855	1,579,304	192,551
Int. on sink. fd.	956,361	938,225	18,136
Surplus	815,493	641,079	174,415
Prop. of sur. on basis stock	720,640	561,623	159,017
Pfd. dividend	510,774	510,774	.....
Bal. ap. to stock and reserves	409,863	250,848	159,057

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK and subsidiary gas companies for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1908.	Decrease.
Total gas sales	$14,832,127	$361,843
Less 20c per M. cub. ft. res.	2,304,064	56,222
Amt. credited to rev.	11,528,063	305,621
Miscellaneous sales, &c.	472,637	269,440
Total gas revenues	12,000,690	575,061
Total production expense	6,060,450	77,144
Distribution expense	1,191,238	57,673
Contingent & gen. exp.	2,780,998	87,392
Total operating expense	9,982,695	222,209
Net revenue	2,117,995	352,852

PITTSBURG COAL COMPANY and subsidiary companies for nine months ended Sept. 10—

	1908.	1907.
Gross	$2,457,306	$2,106,791
Al. for depletion	497,788	400,289
Al. for depreciation	695,942	777,514
Bond interest	761,975	784,780
Surplus	281,600	185,237

$4,207,364
550,880
730,142
817,923
2,109,048

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

TRUST FUNDS.

Gold coin	$874,084,869
Silver dollars	487,286,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,085,000
Silver certificates outstanding	487,286,000

GENERAL FUND.

Standard silver dollars in General Fund	2,850,467
Current liabilities	111,396,711
Working balance in Treasury offices	26,098,602
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	88,582,483
Subsidiary silver coin	18,282,634
Minor coin	1,584,730
Total balance in General Fund	86,096,654

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Five shares of Bank of Commerce sold on the Stock Exchange at 190.

N. W. Harris & Co. are offering $200,000 tax exempt Kings County Lighting Company first and refunding 5s, due July 1, 1954, at 102 and interest, yielding 4.88 per cent.

After to-day the coupons of the Laclede Gas Light Company will be paid at the office of the Bankers' Trust Company, which has been appointed its financial agent for New York City.

At the annual meeting of the International Paper Company in Corinth, N. Y., Wednesday, Frederick S. Flower was elected a Director to succeed the late Anson R. Flower, and Rudolf Pagenstecher was elected a Director to fill a vacancy. The other Directors and officials were re-elected.

It was announced yesterday that the first payment on the subscriptions to the $50,000,000 new stock of the New Haven will be due Dec. 20. This stock will be issued immediately at 125, payments to be made in four semi-annual installments. The stock will receive interest at the rate of 4 per cent. until such time as the four full installments have been made and will then receive the regular dividend.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Excited Advances Not Sustained—Closes 3 Points Down to 14 Up.

Cotton was still more active and excited yesterday. A sensational advance in the Liverpool market and very bullish advices from Southern spot centres added to the enthusiasm which had been created, earlier in the week by small crop estimates. The close was steady at a net decline of 3 points on October, but generally 3 to 14 points net higher.

The market opened 6 to 27 points higher. A small failure was reported in Liverpool, but rumors regarding difficulties among Southern shippers were not confirmed. October spot shorts were reported as being forced to pay decidedly higher prices in the interior as exporters were refusing to cancel commitments, but a dispatch from Memphis stated that the mills were less urgent buyers.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
October	14.55	14.37	14.35@14.38	14.38
November	14.35	14.30	14.28@14.30	14.23
December	14.47	14.43	14.43@14.48	14.40
January	14.70	14.50	14.51@14.53	14.48
February	14.65	14.62	14.58@14.58	14.51
March	14.80	14.57	14.58@14.60	14.55
April	14.60	14.60	14.59@14.58	14.50
May	14.82	14.60	14.61@14.62	14.57
June	14.63	14.58	14.54@14.55	14.47
July	14.78	14.56	14.58@14.59	14.52
August	14.20	14.09	14.08@14.10	14.00
September	13.23	13.12	13.17@13.18	13.03

Spot cotton was quiet and 10 points higher, at 14.75c for middling upland and 15c for middling Gulf. Sales, 25 bales; delivered on contract, 4,800 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston firm, ¼c higher, at 14¾c; sales, 300 bales. New Orleans steady, ⅛c higher, at 14 3-16c; sales, 725 bales. Mobile firm, unchanged, at 14c; sales, 300 bales. Savannah firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 2,787 bales. Charleston firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 500 bales. Norfolk steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 1,001 bales. Augusta steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 810 bales. St. Louis firm, ⅛c higher, at 14⅜c; sales, 42 bales. Memphis firm, unchanged, at 14¼c; sales, 2,700 bales. Houston steady, 1-16c higher, at 14 5-16c; sales, 826 bales.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
3d week Oct.	$79,470	$67,025	$12,445
July 1-Oct. 21	1,140,991	1,075,114	65,877

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

3d week Oct.	115,885	112,158	3,727
July 1-Oct. 21	1,870,658	1,743,309	127,349

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS Pacific—

3d week Oct.	170,575	144,229	26,346
July 1-Oct. 21	2,607,661	2,387,409	220,252

MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. Marie—

3d week Oct.	558,683	477,461	81,222
July 1-Oct. 21	8,029,470	6,953,077	1,076,393

MOBILE & OHIO—

3d week Oct.	192,777	209,286	*16,509
July 1-Oct. 21	3,059,475	2,839,820	219,658

BINGHAMTON RAILWAY COMPANY for the quarter ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
Total oper. rev.	84,337	80,255	4,582
Total oper. exp. and taxes	55,898	46,944	8,954
Net	28,039	33,311	*4,272
Charges	23,040	23,396	*356
Surplus	5,899	9,914	*4,015

*Decrease.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for September—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	107,849	92,623	109,346
Exp. & taxes	73,773	63,935	82,534
Net	34,070	28,688	26,812
3 mos. gross	$316,450	294,404	338,528
Expenses	229,112	200,372	261,785
3 mos. net	87,338	94,092	76,743

JA

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Sites Bought for New Structures at Canal and Washington Streets—Apartment Sold on Morningside Heights—Other Dealings.

James H. Cruikshank has bought from Col. William Jay and Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., trustees, 537 to 541 Canal Street, northeast corner of Washington Street, a plot of 3,600 square feet, covered with old buildings; also, from the estate of Edward F. Brown, the adjoining property, 533 to 535 Canal Street, a plot of about 1,500 square feet. The two purchases combined make a plot of about 5,100 square feet, fronting 100 feet on Canal Street, 22 feet on Washington Street, and about 125 feet on an alley on the northerly side. Mr. Cruikshank has also purchased from Col. Jay and Mr. Winthrop, as trustees, the vacant lot at 479 Washington Street, just above Canal Street, and separated from the corner plot by an alley 9 feet wide. The plots will probably be improved by the erection of two eight-story mercantile buildings of the same type as the four structures now being erected at 483 to 489 and 535 to 545 Greenwich Street. Directly opposite this corner is an open space 450 feet long, running from Canal to Spring Street and from Washington to West Street, occupied partly as a city park, and the former site of the old Clinton Market.

This will be the third corner to have been improved on Canal Street, west of Broadway. Alexander M. Powell has built a ten-story building for his own use at the northeast corner of Sullivan Street, and Edward D. Depew & Co., wholesale grocers, have built and now occupy a six-story building at the northeast corner of Greenwich Street. The brokers in the Canal and Washington Street deals were the McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company and William D. Kilpatrick.

Buyer for 115th Street Apartments.

Calder & Nassolt have sold the Monroe, a six-story elevator apartment house at 415 West 115th Street, on plot 66.8 by 100.11, for Fanny G. Slattery to Theophile Kick.

Harry L. Rosen has purchased from S. Kahn 1,970 Seventh Avenue, a five-story flat, with two stores, on plot 25 by 100, and has resold the property through Goodwin & Goodwin. The new owner will modernize the front of the building and make other alterations.

Stern & Simon were associated with Max Gomprecht as brokers in the sale of the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and 138th Street. M. Woytisek is the buyer.

Riverside Drive Plot Sold.

The plot, 35.6 by 105 by 21 by 99, on Riverside Drive, 30.7 feet north of Seventy-second Street, has been bought by Carl D. Jackson, who intends to erect thereon a dwelling for his own occupancy. Mr. Jackson formerly lived at 4 Riverside Drive, which adjoins on the south the plot just purchased by him. He sold this house, together with its contents, last July to a Mrs. Booth. His latest purchase adjoins the south corner of Seventy-third Street, which is owned by Robert E. Dowling. On the block to the north is the Charles M. Schwab mansion.

David Stewart has sold for Frank P. Schimpf the two-story frame dwelling 15 Sylvan Terrace, on lot 20 by 50. The new owner will occupy the house.

To Build on West 29th Street.

Horace S. Ely & Co. have sold 541 to 547 West Twenty-ninth Street for Emil Topp, Directors' Realty Company, (represented by P. A. Geoghegan,) Sophia Krug, and Martin Finerty, respectively. The property consists of four four-story tenements, each on lot 16.8 by 98.9, forming a plot 63.8 by 98.9. It will be immediately improved.

R. Reynolds has sold the three-story dwelling 110 West Twenty-ninth Street, 20 by 98.9. The buyer, an operator, is said to have acquired adjoining property.

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Granniss is reported to have sold 52 West Twenty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on plot 27.6 by 98.9. The property is within 123 feet of Sixth Avenue.

Sale of Madison Avenue Corner.

Henry D. Winans & May have sold 672 Madison Avenue, the northwest corner of Sixty-first Street, a four-story brownstone building, on lot 25.5 by 30, being the premises formerly occupied by Mills & Coleman. The sellers are Miss Julia Coleman and Mrs. Mary A. O'Reilly.

New Building for 19th Street.

Maximilian Zipkes is preparing plans for a ten-story loft building to be erected on a plot, 40 by 92, at 133 West Nineteenth Street. The plans will be ready in about two weeks.

Hoppin & Koen, architects for the Camolin Realty Company, of which Andrew Cornick is President, filed plans yesterday for a new fourteen-story office and store building to be erected at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. It is to have facades of brick, finished with granite, limestone, and terra cotta, and will have a frontage of 29 feet on the avenue and 125 feet on the street. It is to cost $200,000.

Plans have been filed for enlarging the four-story dwelling at 109 East Thirty-eighth Street, owned by Mrs. C. De R. Moore, by extending it to the building line in front and erecting a new Colonial facade. The improvements are to be made at a cost of $40,000, from plans by R. H. Robertson & Son and B. B. Moore as associate architect.

East 90th Street Purchase.

The D. & S. Realty Company has sold to the Johnston-Ulmstead Realty Company the four-story double flat at 172 East Ninety-sixth Street. The buyers will probably add a story to the building. Morison & Mills represented the buyers.

Emanuel Simon has resold for a Mrs. Scherrer 225 East Eighteenth Street, a four-story dwelling, 20 by 100, to Dr. George Theodore Mundorff for occupancy.

Emanuel Simon has sold for Samuel Wacht 349 and 351 East Sixty-sixth Street, 37.6 by 100, a six-story apartment house, to George Mundorff, who gives in exchange 668 Union Avenue, a five-story apartment house, 37.6 by 95. The same broker has resold 668 Union Avenue for Mr. Wacht.

Leases in Midtown District.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company reports the following leases: For Taylor Brothers, 37 West Thirty-eighth Street, for three years; for Ida B. Flower, 601 Fifth Avenue; for William Schall, Jr., 22 East Seventy-second Street; for J. J. Sinclair, 6 East Sixty-third Street; for Henry B. Wesselman, 66 West Twelfth Street; for Herbert L. Griggs, 1 East Eighty-sixth Street; for Mrs. Andrew McKinney, 26 East Seventy-sixth Street; for Mrs. Frank L. Froment, 52 East Seventy-fourth Street; for George Warrington Curtis, the stable 117 West Fifty-fourth Street to Cornelius Vanderbilt; for Charles D. Fuller, 25 West Ninth Street; for Mary L. Barbey, the easterly store in 15 and 17 West Thirty-eighth Street, and for Mrs. John Early, the corner store in 813 Sixth Avenue.

The Gross & Gross Company has leased for Walter J. Salomon to Nathan Lewis the store at 25 West Forty-second Street; also, for Elwood O. Roessle, the parlor floor in 467 and 469 Fifth Avenue, and for A. G. Imhof the fourth floor rear in the building 158 Madison Avenue.

C. H. Bachem was the broker in the leasing of the property at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Fiftieth Street, known as 753 to 759 Seventh Avenue and 164 and 166 West Fiftieth Street, 100 by 100, for the estate of Joseph Grafton to J. Arthur Fischer. Mr. Fischer is the sole lessee and has no associates in the transaction.

J. Arthur Fischer has leased for a client the five-story dwelling 243 West Thirty-ninth Street for a term of years; also, for Helen Dawson to the New York Model Milk Company the three-story building 528 West Thirtieth Street.

Tenants for Broadway Stores.

Heil & Stern have leased for Alfred D. Pell the store and basements in 626 Broadway to H. Phillips for a long term; also, for Lucrie F. Post the store and basements in 508 Broadway; also, for Milton May the store and basement in 11 and 13 East Fourth Street to Sylvester & Levy; also, for D. L. Newborg the store and basements in 9 and 11 West Fourth Street to S. Heilmann & Co., and for Joseph J. Asch the store and basements in 25 to 29 Washington Place.

M. & L. Hess have leased for Willet C. Ely to the College Clothes Shop the store and basement in 119 West Forty-second Street; also, for Louis Stern to Buchstahl & Lewis the fourth loft in the Borgfeldt Building, at Wooster, West Third and West Fourth Streets. This makes a total of 70,000 square feet of space in this structure already leased from the expiration of the Borgfeldt lease.

Pease & Elliman have leased the following stores: 33 Liberty Street to Corry & Lockwood for a term of years, 137 Fulton Street, in conjunction with the A. M. Johnson Company, to P. F. Collier's Sons; also, lofts in 40 Maiden Lane to D. T. Helprin, and in 94 Fulton Street to Bertram Schlossheimer.

Louis Schrag has leased for Jeremiah J. Wright the dwelling 168 West Twenty-second Street to Mrs. Ellen O'Brien; also, for James E. Mitchell the dwelling 349 West Twenty-fourth Street to Murphy & O'Connell, and for Mrs. Anna Bretherton the dwelling 350 West Twenty-fourth Street to Mrs. M. Von Brennen.

Land Conveyed by the State.

By letters patent the State conveyed yesterday to Bradish Johnson and others ten acres of land under water in the East River and Westchester Creek, adjoining the land of the grantees.

Builders Sell in the Bronx.

Frederick A. Southworth, attorney for the Bremen Realty and Construction Company, has sold 869 Fairmount Place, one of the four two-family houses recently built on the north side of Fairmount Place, west of Southern Boulevard.

Arthur W. Corse has sold for S. D. Currington 617 East 135th Street, a five-story new law house on plot 40 by 100.

Stern & Simon have sold for Sigmund Hauser 2,752 Third Avenue, a two-story building, 28.6 by 102.

R. I. Brown's Sons have sold for the estate of Frederick J. de Peyster the plot, 50 by 100, on the south side of Nereid Avenue, 50 feet west of Mathilda Street. The buyer will improve the property.

Charles E. Cathie has sold for H. H. Vought & Co. two dwellings on the east side of Andrews Avenue, 567 feet north of 183d Street, each on lot 28 by 100.

Corner Sold on Belmont Avenue.

The Mosholu Realty Company has sold through John McDonald the plot of three lots at the northwest corner of Belmont Avenue and 182d Street, having a frontage of 128 feet on the curve of the avenue and street, with northerly and westerly lines measuring 60 and 88 feet, respectively. The buyer is Vincent Buscemi, who will erect on the site a five-story apartment house.

Le Vien & La Velle report the sale for J. C. Green of a plot on Daly Avenue, near 176th Street, 150 by 130, to a builder who will improve it with four-story double apartments; also, for H. C. Benline, a three-family brick house, 1,535 Vyse Avenue; also, for Burton & Green, the southwest corner of 176th Street and Crotona Parkway, 53 by 148, where there will be built a five-story apartment house, and for the Elviel Realty Company the southeast corner of Bryant Avenue and Jennings Street, a two-family house, to be occupied by the purchaser.

Brooklyn Properties Change Hands.

J. Arthur Fischer has sold for Thomasso Green to a client the three-story brick three-family house, 1,519 Dean Street, between Albany and Troy Avenues, Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Douglass Street, Brooklyn, for May T. Duffy and Elizabeth F. Duffy to Otto R. Berger of the Berger Machine Works, who occupies the adjoining building.

G. Carlucci & Co. have sold to Martin Garone 312 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, a four-story tenement on lot 25 by 80.

Friday & Lehmann report the following Brooklyn sales: Five hundred and seventy-nine Evergreen Avenue, a two-story frame two-family dwelling, for the Executive Realty Company; also, 1,232 Bushwick Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, for Anthony C. Amann; also, 1,403 Gates Avenue, a three-story double flat, for Minnie Dilthey, and 515 Hamburg Avenue, a three-story double brick flat, for Dora Kohn.

Big Acreage Deal Near Lakewood.

William J. Crane has sold 5,000 acres of land near Lakewood, N. J., for J. Rhodes to Messrs. Jaggers and Dodson, land developers, who have hitherto operated in Brooklyn and on Long Island. The property is situated about fifteen miles south of Lakewood, the nearest railroad station being Whitings, which is a junction point for the Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Pennsylvania, and the Tuckerton Railroads. The property has a large frontage on the railroad, and is in the pine woods section, most of it being wooded land well adapted for development.

Sale of Staten Island Plot.

The Cisco estate has sold, through Cornelius G. Kolff to Otto P. Heyn of Stapleton, a plot about 200 by 300, between the Cisco homestead on Howard Avenue and the Convent of Notre Dame, on Grymes Hill, Staten Island, extending through to the Richmond Turnpike. Mr. Heyn intends to build a residence on the property.

Physicians Buy in Mount Vernon.

The D. & S. Realty Company has sold for a client of Morison & Mills to Dr. Rudolph Brodil and Dr. Francis Brodil Lots 55 to 59 in the Foster property on Franklin Avenue, near Sixth Street, Mount Vernon.

Country Places Sold and Leased.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased the country estate of Norman De R. Whitehouse, at Old Westbury, L. I., to Joseph P. Grace. The property consists of about seventy-five acres of land, with one of the most attractive residences in the Wheatley Hills section.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have resold to a client the Joseph Willets estate at Port Washington, L. I. This is the same tract which they sold to Ernest M. Strong several months ago.

The John Schrammo estate of fifteen acres on the shore front at Plandome, L. I., on Manhasset Bay, has been resold to a syndicate. The house, on a plot of two acres, will be occupied by the new owner, and the rest of the property will be subdivided in one-acre plots. The sale was consummated by L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co.

Pease & Elliman, in conjunction with W. J. Romaine, have leased to Arthur Cooley 43 Franklin Street, Morristown, N. J.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Sheriff St, 51 and 53, w s, 120 ft n of Delancey St, 40x90, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, J. O. Sturges, $47,870.

10th Av, 766 to 770, n e corner of 52d St, 75x100, three five-story tenements and three-story loft and store building on street; foreclosure sale, to William P. Rooney for a client, $85,600.

118th St, 537 and 539, n s, 457.1 ft e of Pleasant Av, 40.10x100.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to Elizabeth C. Siess, $35,394.

17th St, 618, s s, 288 ft e of Avenue B, 25x92, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to Harry Tishman, $20,200.

By James L. Wells Company.

102d St, 162, s s, 27 ft e of Park Av, 28x75, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Elizabeth Silberhorn, $15,000.

5th St, s s, 225 ft e of Avenue D, 50x216 to 4th St, Unionport; partition sale, to Lillian F. Lithgow, party in interest, $3,500.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

86th St, 340, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to Robert Johanson, $38,362.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

5th Av, n w corner of 43d St, for a fourteen-story brick office and store building, 29x125; Camolin Realty Co. of 244 5th Av, owner; Hoppen & Koen, architects; cost, $200,000.

Prospect Av, n w corner of Home St, for a one-story brick store and amusement hall, 66.7 1-2x85; Ittner Realty Co. of 836 Westchester Av, owner; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost, $10,000.

149th St, s w corner of St. Ann's Av, for four five-story brick tenements, 39.4x76.4x36.8x72.10 and 37x72.10; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. of 415 East 140th St, owner; E. J. Byrne, architect; cost, $130,000.

Longwood Av, s w corner of Barry St, for two four-story brick tenements, 32.8x77.8 and 37.8x77.10; Downey Construction Co., (Joseph H. Downey of 303 East 142d St, President,) owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $55,000.

Bronxdale Av, w s, 177 ft n of Rhinelander Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x52; Edward J. Cahill of Wickham Av, owner; T. J. Kelly, architect; cost, $5,000.

St. John's Av, corner of Southern Boulevard, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x90; Picone & Oliva of 583 Southern Boulevard, owners; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $60,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

38th St, 109 East, to a four-story brick dwelling; C. De R. Moore, premises, owner; R. H. Robertson & Son, architects; cost, $40,000.

47th St, 250 West, to a ten-story brick tenement; A. Korn of 1,875 Madison Av, owner; N. Langer, architect; cost, $5,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, OCT. 28.

ARCULARIUS PLACE, s s, 53.6 ft w of Walton Av, 20x70.8; Ezra P. Prentice to Andrew J. Seel, $2,300.

ATTORNEY ST, 122, e s, 30x100; Charles M. Beattie to Harris B. Greenberg, (mtg $37,000,) $1,500.

BELMONT AV, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St, 50x100 Isaac Brummer to Max Germansky, (mtg $3,500,) $100.

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 154th St, 101.11x32.8; James Murray and others to Realty Operating Co., $100.

CANNON ST, 54 and 56, e s, 50x100; Semi Nowak to Dora Greenberg, (mtg $78,500,) $100.

GRAND ST, n s, 28.4 ft w of Broadway, 20x60; Francis W. Polleck to Amelia A. Purdy, $12,000.

HOE AV, e s, 79.1 ft s of Home St, 25x100; Mary A. Colaizzi to Dominick Colaizzi, $1.

JUMEL PLACE, n w corner of 167th St, 166.8x100; Jonas Well and others to Fanny Gruen, $1.

LANDS under water of East River and Westchester Creek, adjoining lands of Bradish Johnson, contains about 10 acres; the People of the State of New York to Bradish Johnson and others, 2 deeds, letters patent.

LOT 37, map of Section 1, Morris Park; Frederick Heller to Olga Barifft, $100.

MORRIS PLACE, e s, 195 ft s of 160th St, 50x108.10; Charlie Monks to Adam Brautigan, $1.

NORWOOD AV, e s, 330.8 ft s of Gun Hill Av, 50x190; Vincent Avallone to Pauline Avallone, $1.

PARKER AV, s s, 300 ft e of Lyon Av, 25x130; Oscar Bartelstone to John Brandum, (mtg $3,800,) $100.

PART of Lot 30 on Map 1,105, in Bronx, 24.6x irregular; Bronx Borough Bank to Peter McKay, $100.

ST. ANN'S AV, s e corner of 137th St, 45x103.10; Algernon S. Norton to Frank Aranow, (mtg $50,000,) $69,200.

ST. ANN'S AV, s e corner of 137th St, 45x103.10; Frank Aranow to George S. Runk, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 45 ft s of 137th St, 40x102.8; Algernon S. Norton to Frank Aranow, (mtg $35,000,) $46,400.

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 45 ft s of 137th St, 40x102.8; Frank Aranow to George S. Runk, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 85 ft s of 137th St, 40x101.7; Algernon S. Norton to Frank Aranow, (mtg $35,000,) $47,000.

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 85 ft s of 137th St, 40x101.7; Frank Aranow to George S. Runk, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

ST. ANN'S AV, s e corner of 137th St, 125x—; Anthony C. Brew and others to Yetta Schlessel, $3,000.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 190th St, 97x120; Morgenthau Realty Co. to Dakota Realty Co., $100.

WALES AV, n w corner of St. Mary's St, 262.5x100; Realty Operating Co. to James Murray, $13,000.

WARREN ST, 22, n s, 24.11x100.4; Carrie S. Clark and others to Adolf Horowitz, (mtg $70,000,) $1,000.

3D AV, 1,995, e s, 20x85; D. Maitland Armstrong of Newburg, N. Y., to William H. Armstrong of Washington, D. C., $1.

3D ST, 283 and 285 East, 40.3x½ block; Isaac Goldblatt to Hyman Rechtself, (mtgs $59,250,) $100.

7TH AV, w s, 36.2 ft n of 134th St, 17.9x85; Edwin A. Becker to Ellis Getzler, $100.

13TH ST, 213 and 215 West, 41.8x75; Charles Rubinger to George Stadtlander, (mtgs $38,000,) $100.

21ST ST, 46 West, 25x92; Morton Trust Co. and others to Ganie L. B. d'Auxy and others, $1.

36TH ST, 315 West, 24x98.9; Hugh Reilly to John M. Quackenbos of Montclair, N. J., $100.

52D ST, 548 West, 25x100.5; Nathan Moss to David Schiff, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

83D ST, 51 West, 18.9x102.2; W. Virginia Hill to Ermance Rigny, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

86TH ST, 104 West, 20x100; Rodolfo G. Barthold to Dina Maier, (mtg $22,500,) $100.

89TH ST, n w corner of Madison Av, 36.8x100.8; John C. Moran of Roxbury, Mass., to William W. Carman of Summit, N. J., (mtg $6,000,) $107,500.

107TH ST, 306 West, 19x100.11; William J. Casey to James G. Johnson, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

115TH ST, 67 West, 25x100.11; Berkland Realty Co. to John W. Brice, $100.

117TH ST, n s, 90 ft w of Park Av, 50.6x100.11; Moses F. Goldstein to Samuel Levin, (mtge $36,000,) $100.

118TH ST, n s, 416.3 ft e of Pleasant Av, 40.10x100.11; John J. Freedman to Mary Siess, $14,600.

129TH ST, 215 West, 18.9x99.11; Arthur Blue to Rose M. Dargeon, $1.

131ST ST, 221 West, 17.8x99.11; Rebecca Dougherty to Eileen D. Hofmann, $1.

170TH ST, 556 West, 25x95; Magdalena Scheidecker to Thomas Brennan, $100.

178TH ST, 659 West, 12.6x100; Josephine Arus to Marie A. Arus, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

236TH ST, s e corner of Oneida Av, 25x100; Investors Mortgage Co. to Cushing Realty Co., $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

CUSHING REALTY CO. to Wm. R. Syme, trustees; 236th st, s s, 50 ft. e of Oneida Av, 25x100; due &c. as per bond.....$5,000

CUSHING REALTY CO. to Wm. R. Syme, trustees; Oneida Av, s s cor. 236th St, 100x25 ft., due, &c., as per bond.....$5,500

DAKOTA REALTY CO. to Morgenthau Realty Co., St. Nicholas Av, n w cor. 190th st, 97x120 ft., due Jan. 21, 1911.....$50,000

DAKOTA REALTY CO. to Morgenthau Realty Co., St. Nicholas Av, n w cor. 190th st, 97x120 ft., prior mtg., $50,000, due Jan. 21, 1911.....$22,200

BLOCK, ROSE A., individually and executrix., to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., Rutgers St, 39, due, &c., as per bond.....$21,000

MESTANIZ, EMMA M. S., to American Savings Bank, Longfellow Av, w s, 157.3 ft. n of 167th St, 25x100 ft., 1 year.....$14,500

MESTANIZ, EMMA M. S., to Katherine B. King, Longfellow Av, w s, 107.3 ft. n of 167th St, 25x100 ft., equal lien with mtg. for $8,500, 3 years.....$5,000

MESTANIZ, EMMA M. S., to Sarah S. B. Dormel, Longfellow Av, w s, 107.3 n of 167th St, w s, 107.3 ft. n of 167th St, 25x100 ft., equal lien with mtg. $8,000, 3 years..$8,500

STADTLANDER, GEO. to Charles Rubinger, 13th St, 213 and 215, w, 5 years, 6%.....$8,000

BLASS, GUSTAVE to Wm. H. A. Weylage, Carpenter Av, w s 215, part lot 1123, map of Wakefield, prior mtg., $4,250, 2 years, 6%.....$1,000

BLASS, GUSTAVE, to John P. Page, Carpenter Av, w s, 215, part lot 1123, map of Wakefield, prior mtg., $4,250, 2 years, 6%....$1,000

LESSEM, HARRY, to Meyer Rubiner and another, East Broadway, 254, due Jan 1, 1914, 6%.....$5,000

LESSEM, HARRY, to Meyer Rubiner and another, East Broadway, 256, prior mtg. $16,000, due Jan. 1, 1914, 6%.....$5,000

WARREN, ABRAHAM, to Edw. McK. Whiting, guardian; Morris Av, e s, 100 ft. s of Field Pl, 25x180 ft., 3 years, 5½%....$8,000

WARREN, ABRAHAM, to Edw. McK. Whiting, guardian; Morris Av, e s, 125 ft. s of Field Pl, 25x180 ft., 3 years, 5½%....$8,000

McCARTHY, John E., to East River Savings Institution; Park Av, e s, 100 ft n of 174th St, 50x160, 2 years, 5½%.....$4,000

WHITE, Caroline D., to William C. Findlay, 22d St, 128 West, 3 years.....$2,500

NOLAN, Mary A., to Bronx Savings Bank; Ryer Av, e s, 208.1 ft n of Burnside Av, 24x95.4, 5 years.....$7,500

SEIBEL, Andrew J., to Minna Ritsmann; Arcularius Place, s s, 53.6 ft w of Walton Av, 26x70.5, 5 years, 6%.....$1,700

BRENNAN, Thomas, to Magdalena Scheidecker; 170th St, 556 West, due July 5, 1910, —%.....$8,500

ROMANO, Magdalena, to Herman Steinschreiber; 142d St, 375 East, prior mtg $8,500, due Aug. 5, 1910, 6%.....$350

McKAY, Peter, to Bronx Borough Bank; Part of Lot 30, Map No. 1,405, in Bronx, 24.6x—, 1 year.....$1,000

BAISLEY, George P., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Williamsbridge Road, w s, at s point on stone wall on e s of Morris Park, runs s w 207.6x354x s e 134x n e along land of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. 522x n w 358, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

BROAD REALTY CO. to Emerson Patting; Seneca Av, s s, 173.6 ft e of Hunts Point Av, 47.3x165, 5 years, 5½%.....$6,000

LIPKOWITZ, Charles, to Anna Amend; 94th St, n s, 102 ft e of 3d Av, 28x100.8, due April 27, 1910, 6%.....$1,700

GERSPACHER, Fritz, to Greenwich Savings Bank; 95th St, s s, 98.9 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.8, due, &c, as per bond.....$1,000

REINHARDT, Barbara, to Dry Dock Savings Institution; 93d St, 313 and 315, 2 mtgs, each $11,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$22,000

BOSCH, Helena R. G., to Greenwich Savings Bank; Madison Av, n w corner of 65th St, 100.5x22, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

FREEMAN, Ray, to Catharine Ernst; 102d St, n s, 275 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x96.10, 5 years.....$21,000

HOFMANN, Eileen D., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 131st St, 221 West, due as per bond.....$4,500

SIESS, Mary, to Emil Zacke; 118th St, n s, 457.1 ft e of Pleasant Av, 40.10x100.11, 2 years, 6%.....$9,000

BRENER, Harry, to Walter J. Fensterer; Grand St, 568, prior mtg $37,000, 5 years, 6%.....$1,800

KARNACK REALTY CO. to Albany Savings Bank; 152d St, 610 West, 5 years, 4½%.....$95,000

PORT, John, and others to Charles G. Koss; 6th St, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x81.9, prior mtg $11,000, 3 years, 6%.....$6,000

POTSDAM, Jacob, to Samuel Hamburger; Madison Av, 1,837, due as per bond.....$2,035

PORT John, and others to Charles G. Koss; 3d St, 7 East, 3 years.....$27,000

LAVELLE, Catharine A., to Herman M. Hess; Longfellow Av, w s, 307.3 ft n of 167th St, 75x—, prior mtg $7,500, 2 years, 6%....$4,000

SCHULDER, Abraham, and another to Dry Dock Savings Institution; Broome St, 63, due, &c., as per bond.....$25,000

QUACKENBOS, John M., to North River Savings Bank; 36th St, 315 West, 3 years, 4½%.....$18,000

ALCAZAR REALTY CO. to Theo. Riehl; 115th St, n s, 325 ft w of Broadway, 50x160.11, prior mtg $125,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$12,500

407 TO 413 FOURTH AVENUE CO. to Union Trust Co. of New York; 4th Av, 407 to 413, e s, due Oct. 28, 1914, 4½%.....$192,000

BLUMENTHAL, George, to German Savings Bank; 141st St, 627 East, 1 year.....$2,000

CAPO, Antonia, to Leonard Schaller; 151st St, s s, 325.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x118.5, prior mtg $4,875, 1 year, 6%.....$700

PEYSER, Jesse F., to Seamen's Bank for Savings; Pearl St, 536 to 540, due May 15, 1911, 4½%.....$5,000

FISHER, Anna A., to Dollar Savings Bank; Westchester Av, s s, 126 ft n e of Union Av, 25x119.6, due Dec. 1, 1912.....$15,000

MESTANIZ, Emma M. S., to Catherine T. Reiley; Longfellow Av, w s, 132.3 ft n of 167th St, 25x100, 3 years.....$14,500

BAGAROZY, Marietta, to Antonia Ferrara; Bedford St, e s, 58.10 ft s of Downing St, 88.11x—, prior mtg $30,000, due March 1, 1910, 6%.....$4,500

ARTHUR W. WALL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION Co. to John S. Bussing; Minford Place, w s, 251.6 ft s of 172d St, 25.9x100, 3 years.....$14,000

MESTANIZ, Emma M. S., to Charles Knapp; Longfellow Av, w s, 107.3 ft n of 167th St, 3 lots, each 25x100, 3 mtgs, each $4,000, 3 prior mtgs $15,000, 3 years, 6%.....$12,000

MESTANIZ, Emma M. S., to Charles Knapp; Longfellow Av, w s, 107.3 ft n of 167th St, 3 lots, each 25x100, 3 mtgs, each $750, demand, 6%.....$2,250

MESTANIZ, Emma M. S., to Charles Knapp; Longfellow Av, w s, 182.3 ft s of 167th St, 25x100, prior mtg $15,000, 5 years, 6%...$4,000

SPONHEIMER, Annie, to Alice K. Sawin; Bainbridge Av, e s, 300 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 16.8x100, due, &c., as per bond..$4,500

FLINN, William, to New York Life Insurance Co.; 5th Av, 259, due Nov. 15, 1914, 4½%.....$75,000

SPONHEIMER, Anne and another, to Alice K. Sawin; Bainbridge Av, e s, 316.8 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 16.6x100, due, &c., as per bond.....$4,500

Mechanics' Liens.

2D AV, 1,129; Samuel Goldman against William Kifter, owner; Joseph & L. Epstein, contractors, $646.

125TH ST, 161 East; Max Belinsky against Emma L. Harris and Sarah C. Mitchell, owners; Lieberman & Henken, contractors, $205.

RYER AV, 2,090 to 2,096; Max Goldstein against Sam Merksamer, owner; Louis Holzberg, contractor, $67.

180TH ST, 784 East; Andrew Bickhardt against Frederick Meyer, Nathaniel Landino, Dennis Carraher, owners; Salvat Lesperches, owner and contractor, $60.

BROOME ST, 557; Steinberg Steam Cut Stone Co. against T. Rebecca Schkolnikoff, owner; Louis Fein, contractor, $513.

PROSPECT AV, 2,304 and 2,306; Morris Gitelson against Anna Welschman, owner; Charles R. Nagel, contractor, $429.

ANTHONY AV, n w corner of 174th St, 135.6x59.6 irregular; Abraham Thompson against Ekwanok Realty Co., owner and contractor; Indelli & Conforti Co., contractors, $100.

150TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 150x99.11; Oscar Carlson against Bisch Hoef Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $1,400.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

CRESTON AV, 2,785; August Van D. Hohenstein against John J. Quinn and others, Oct. 8, 1909, $53.

CRESTON AV, 2,785; August Van D. Hohenstein against John J. Quinn and others, Sept. 21, 1909, $51.

BRISTOW ST, s w corner of 170th St; Samuel E. Graham against Charles H. Sproossig and others, Oct. 5, 1909, (vacated,) $343.

BRISTOW ST, s w corner of 170th St; New England Mantel and Tile Co. against Clara Wiedhopf and others, Oct. 14, 1909, (by bond,) $505.

Lis Pendens.

109TH ST, 205 East; Sarah R. Wells against Jacob Gimplowitz and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Shepard, Smith & Harkness.

2D AV, s s, part of Lot 615, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx; M. Katherine Wadick against Rosanna Smith and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. H. Wadick.

CROTONA PARKWAY, s e corner of 178th St, 39.5x100x35.9x116.3; Meyer Loeb and others against Louis E. Miller and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Jacobus.

112TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 42.6x100.11; Sigmund Ashner against Louis M. Cahn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. W. Jacobson.

AVENUE A, 1,460; Emma C. Orr against Julia Kann and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. C. Orr.

BLEECKER ST, 306; Harriet A. Brady and others against Ruth Hanson and others, (amended partition;) attorneys, Kurzman & Frankenheimer.

MULBERRY ST, 209 and 211; Maurice S. Horwitz against Michael Bonn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. A. Isaacs.

189TH ST, 784 East; Raphael Salzano against Dennis Carraher and others, (action to foreclose three mechanics' liens;) attorneys, Int & McDonnell.

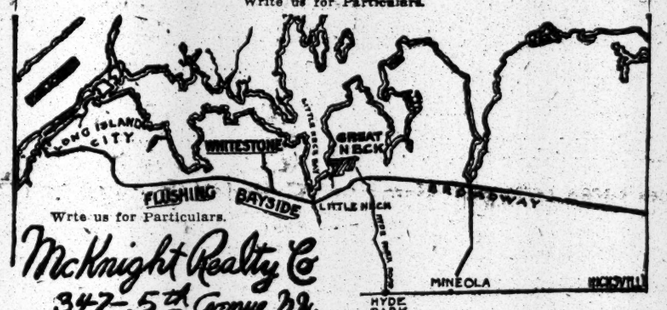
QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ON YOUR WAY HOME FROM THE
MOTOR RACES

Do not fail to visit some of our properties. It will pay you well. Become acquainted with Long Island's Progress even tho' you are not immediately interested.

GREAT NECK, "Great Neck Estates," Half-Acre Plots from $4,000 Up.
BAYSIDE-FLUSHING, Splendid Development, Lots from $600 to $1,000.
WHITESTONE, "Kenmore Tract," Lots from $400 to $700.

Easy Payments. Large Profits Assured.
Easy Payments. Large Profits Assured.
Write us for Particulars.



Wrte us for Particulars.
McKnight Realty Co
347-5th Avenue N.Y.

LET YOUR RENT PAY
for a home in Queens, N. Y. City, (L. I.,) built to your order; seven rooms, bath; all city improvements; plot 40x100; artistic, well-built houses; small amount cash; 28 minutes from Broadway, electric, Subway and trolley service; schools, churches, &c.; all city conveniences. Call, write or 'phone 8257—Cortlandt.
J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 BROADWAY, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
AT NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, OCT. 30, 1909.
Beginning at 2 P. M. on the premises.
Rain or shine, under tent.
28 BUILDING LOTS — On Winyah Av., Prince St., Lather Pl. and Randolph St.
GEORGE W. BARD, Auctioneer.
Pamphlets, diagrams & particulars of auctioneer, 11 Depot Place, City Hall Bldg. Tel. 249 Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.
When you want to know how good a title is, apply for insurance where business is done on the very highest plane.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

City & Suburban Homes Co.
ASSETS NEARLY $6,000,000.
AGENTS
For First-Class Apartment Houses, Flats and Tenements.
These figures speak for themselves:
Total collections to date.....$254,647
Total losses to date.....912
We stop leaks and keep down expenses.
Main Office, 281 4th Av., New York. Tel. 6137-6138 Gramercy.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Managers of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
58 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnas.

WHITEWASHING
done well. F. J. FLECK & CO.,
407 West 18th St. Tel. 99 Chelsea.

Philip A. Payton Jr. Co.
NEW YORK'S PIONEER
NEGRO REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
67 WEST 134TH ST.

Washington Heights.
DYCKMAN TRACT.
4 CHOICE LOTS.
2 on Seaman Ave., 2 on Cooper St.
One Block West of Broadway
Lie on Grade; no rock.
Streets curbed and graded; also sewers. Reasonable terms. Address owner, K 110 Times, Times Square.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
Finest constructed apartments on Washington Heights; beautiful location, near Subway. Will sell or exchange.
JAMES K. HOLLY,
[illegible

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Be Our Guest

This Saturday, Sunday or Election Day (Tues., Nov. 2)

We will show you the prettiest and most rapidly growing suburban home development where sunshine, cheerfulness and health predominate, and which appeals irresistibly to people of moderate means. Situated on Great South Bay, in an ideal location betwixt other beautiful and picturesque estates,

Brightwaters

BAYSHORE, LONG ISLAND

enjoys the unique distinction of being the most attractive up-to-date and successful development on the South Shore.

To a superb natural environment have been added winding drives, parked boulevards, Venetian and rustic bridges, cascades, pergolas, and a magnificent yacht harbor which provides over 1,000,000 square feet of safe anchorage.

"Brightwaters" is one of those unusual spots where all the recreative features of sea and land may be enjoyed to their fullest extent. Where you and your wife and your youngsters will be happy and contented; in short, just such a spot as you have been thinking and dreaming about. Where the building of numerous tasty homes, from the cozy bungalow to the more pretentious residence, each on large, roomy plots, presents a most homelike scene.

Yet prices of building plots and "Ackerson Cottages" are easily within reach of the average family income.

As the immense innovation-development work at "Brightwaters" will be practically completed in early Spring the price-advantage gained by purchasing this fall is obvious to the discriminating.

Trains leave at a convenient hour in the morning, and after an enjoyable day you will reach home in time for an early dinner.

Write or Telephone Our New York Offices for Accommodations.

1909 Edition de Luxe Booklet No. 2 Mailed Upon Request.

T. B. ACKERSON COMPANY,
"Developers of Choice Properties and Builders of Houses of Merit."
New York Offices, 140 Nassau St.

Schools, Churches, Stores and all Essentials.

BOAT HOUSE LOTS

$95 to $225 (Water Frontage) on large creek at edge of

JAMAICA BAY

The property is about ten miles from N. Y. City Hall, at South End of Bergen Landing Road and Jamaica Bay; 10c. fare; boating and fishing.

Lots not fronting water, but only 100 feet away, $49 to $69 each.

When Jamaica Bay Improvements are completed and a new harbor has been created in Jamaica Bay, it is estimated that each lot will be worth $1,000 and more. Bill favoring the improvements passed the Lower House of Legislature April 26, 1909.

TITLE GUARANTEED BY LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE CO.

Free Excursion

Friday, - - - Oct. 29
Sat., - - - Oct. 30
Mon., - - - Nov. 1
Tues., - - - Nov. 2
(ELECTION DAY)

$3 CASH, BAL. 50c. A WEEK

With interest 6% per annum.

2 New Houses at $1,195 and $1,295

$100 Cash; Balance, $12 Per Month

Interest 6% per annum.

HOW TO GO — AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE, Manhattan End. Take Fulton st. (City Line) "L." Get off at end of line, 1160 Liberty ave. WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE (Delancey st.) Take Hamburg ave. or Ralph ave. cars and transfer to Bergen st. cars. Leave car at end of line, 1160 Liberty ave., where our representatives, wearing Meacham hats, will meet you and show you the property.

E. E. MEACHAM & SON, 912 Park Row Building, New York; 1160 Liberty Ave., Brooklyn

LUNCHEON FREE. All carfares free. No property sold or shown on Sundays.

If you have $10,000

cash it will enable YOU to acquire a splendid 10 room House, built to your order, and a plot of 10,000 square feet at GREAT NECK, L. I., 30 minutes from Herald Square,

For Nothing

This remarkable offer is open ONLY to the first 10 Home Builders on our Property. Write to us for particulars.

McKnight Realty Co
347-5th Avenue, N.Y.

NORTHPORT BARGAIN.

22 building lots at Northport, Long Island; 1 hour and ¼ out on the Main Line; right at the station; only 8 minutes by trolley to the sound; $700 full price; $100 down; $8 monthly. K 118 Times, Times Square.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Hill farm in the beautiful Berkshires; Hillsdale, Harlem road; lovely spot for gentleman's Summer home; 165 acres; good buildings. D. C. Woodcock, 210 Times Building, Troy, N. Y.

For Sale.—The most beautiful building site in America, for either private residence or hotel; seventeen acres on Lookout Mountain, Tenn.; price, $27,500. Address P. F. Jones, Lookout Mountain, Tenn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

HALF FLOOR OFFICES
at 36 East 23d St., near Broadway and Subway; 25x42; rent $65; all improvements. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

First loft, 25x90, 42 East 23d, near Broadway and Subway; rent, $100. S. B. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

Two-story building, 245 West 28th St., near 7th Av.; $65 monthly. S. B. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

Looking for a place to build or an investment on Long Island within 35 minutes of Herald Square? If so, send for our free directory map; it will aid you. This applies to and shows only well-located building lots. Address Superintendent, Room 1,003, 110 West 34th St., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

A Valuable Floor, 20 West 33rd St. IN THE COLONIA BUILDING.
Unusually fine building; location unexcelled; will divide. Apply Miss A. M. Swift, 13 East 36th.

Choice light 75-foot lofts to let in the modern fireproof building 20, 22, and 24 East 20th St
Apply to Superintendent, on premises, or Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 West 59th St.—One very light loft, 22x90; also north skylight studios; in new, up-to-date building; rent reasonable. Apply on premises.

NO. 75 FIFTH AV.
Large office or showroom, $35 month.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 E. 42d St.

STORES—NEW BUILDING
FINE LOCATION FOR ANY BUSINESS.
N. W. Cor. Audubon Av. and 181st
APPLY ON PREMISES.

Desk room for rent; good light airy office, Cortlandt St. E 143 Times Downtown.

At Station and Big Boulevard.

$12 LOTS — HIGH & DRY, ONE BLOCK FROM MAIN AUTOMOBILE ROAD. ONLY A FEW LOTS AT THIS PRICE. ACT QUICK; PRICES WILL ADVANCE 25% AFTER OCT. 30; GET FREE TICKETS. — 5c Weekly

50c. SECURES A LOT.
KREHER & SEYMAN,
395 BRIDGE ST., B'KLYN. 'Phone 1470 Main

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Very Large Lofts and Store
in new 12-story building—Covering 12,000 Square Feet.
S. W. Corner 16th St. and Irving Place
Opposite New Borgfeldt Building and within 300 feet of Union Square
Ready for occupancy January 1st, 1910
Building is absolutely Fire Proof; has the new Sprinkler and Ventilation Systems; Mail Chutes; Five (5) Otis Elevators and every modern improvement.
Apply to
KIPS BAY REALTY CO.
135 BROADWAY
or your broker.

EMMET ARCADE
Southwest Corner
MADISON AVE. & 59TH ST.
FOR RENT
LARGE LIGHT STORES
BUSINESS LOFTS
and OFFICES
ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT.
Best appointed building in the vicinity of New York's large hotels.
Apply to M. D. BARRY, Room 102, on Premises.

LOFT TO LET
54-60 Lafayette St.
Merchants' Association Building.
8,000 Sq. Ft.
ENTIRE FIFTH FLOOR
Excellent Service.
Convenient Location.
Apply your own broker or
OWNER ON PREMISES.
Tel. 5573—Franklin.

A NEW CORNER STORE
in the
12-story Allenhurst Apartment House, S. E. Cor. Broadway and 100th St.
Excellent Business Locality.
Rent $2500.
Apply, Superintendent on Premises or your broker.

131-133 W. 28th Street
West of Sixth Avenue
STORES AND LOFTS
54 feet front by 100 feet deep.
Extra heavy construction.
Finest Light. Every Modern Improvement
5,000 feet on each floor. Seven-story mercantile building, center new wholesale dry goods district. Constructed for manufacturing purposes. Perfect ventilation. Liberal lease to high-class tenant.
APPLY ON PREMISES
OR TO YOUR BROKER.

WILL SUBLET
Part of 32nd Floor of
SINGER BUILDING.
Apply Room 2513, Singer Building.

A NEW CORNER STORE
in the
12-story Allenhurst Apartment House, S. E. Cor. Broadway and 100th St.
Excellent Business Locality.
RENT $2500.
Apply to Superintendent on Premises or your Broker.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Fred'k Zittel & Sons,

Broadway & 79th St. Broadway & 140th St.

Unusual Inducement Offered

The Bellmore — Southwest Corner Broadway and 133d St. — These Apartments are especially attractive for small as well as large families; the rooms are large and sunny; elevator, telephone, electric lights, etc. 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath, Rents, $456 to $660.

Claremont Hall — Northwest Corner 112th St. & Broadway. — Large outside rooms, choice location, handy to Subway station; every improvement; day and night service. 5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath. $600 to $1,100.

The Arleigh — 616-620 West 115th St. Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive. — Refined private house block; one block from subway station; attractive, large sunny rooms; extra maids' bathroom; choice tenants. 7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, Rents, $1,000 to $1,200.

The Sunnycrest — 611 West 113th St., Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive. — Choice private house block, cheerful outlook, large rooms, plenty of closet room; southern exposure. 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath. Rents $660 to $1,200

Ellerslie Court — 601 W. 140th & 600 W. 141st Sts., Broadway Corners. — Subway station 137th St. and Broadway; a view of the river can be enjoyed from the apartments; new houses, embodying every possible convenience, including elevator. 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath, $780 to $1,200.

The Georgia

Southeast Corner
Broadway and 160th St.
New High Class Elevator Apartments
JUST COMPLETED.
Splendid location, on high ground, overlooking Hudson River and Palisades. Convenient to surface lines & 157th St. subway station.
4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 Rooms
Rents $45 to $100
Large outside Rooms, beautifully finished; plate glass windows; plenty of closets; exceptionally fine plumbing. Otis electric elevator in constant service. Telephone in each apartment. Magnificent marble entrance.
C. F. BEDELL CO.,
Broadway and 87th St.
Telephone 3010—Riverside.

The Putnam,

602-606 West 162d St.
Beautiful location; extensive view from all windows; convenient to Subway.
Up-to-date Apartments. Just Completed.
Otis elevator, uniformed hall service, telephones in apartments.
5, 6 and 7 rooms.
Rents $45 to $75.
C. F. Bedell Co., Agents
Broadway and 87th St.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

THE MAJESTIC

St. Nicholas Ave., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
Absolutely Fireproof
7 and 8 Large Rooms.
Rents $660 to $1080
Including Electric Light and Cold Storage. Continuous Elevator Service. Subway, Elevated, Surface Lines.
DU BOIS & TAYLOR,
3555 Broadway (146th St.)

NEW HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS.
OVERLOOKING PARK,
467 W. 159TH ST.,
5 TO 7 ROOMS.
CORNER,
$32-$57.
Every modern improvement, elevator excepted. Beautiful View of Long Island Sound. Convenient to Subway and "L."

MARLEN COURT,

S. E. COR. BROADWAY AND 179TH ST.
Contains all the improvements ordinarily found only in more expensive apartments.
4, 5, 6, & 7 ROOMS & BATH, $35-$75.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
4, 5, 6 Rooms & Bath, $32 to $50.
N.W.Cor. Audubon Av. & 181st
HEALTHIEST PART OF CITY.
Convenient to Subway; all modern improvements; wall safe; telephone; hall service night and day. APPLY ON PREMISES.

THE SPRINGFIELD,

Near Riverside Drive, 180 Claremont Av., northeast corner 125th.—Beautiful apartments, five, six, and seven elegant rooms; night elevator; telephone; mail chute; hall service; near Subway station; moderate.

THE MARQUISE, 600 West 127th St., Southwest Corner
Broadway—Beautiful apartments of four, five, six, and seven large, light, airy rooms; steam heat; hot water; all modern improvements; select neighborhood; near Subway station; inducements; moderate rents.

STERLING, 203 WEST 118TH ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH,
RENTS $50 TO $70.

SINGLE FLAT.
Seven rooms and bath, 107 West 126th St., near Subway station.

West Side.

LINCOLN,
306-310 WEST 61ST ST.
Beautiful elevator apartments, five and six large, light rooms, bath, electricity. Superintendent on premises or Alexander, Wilson, 489 5th Av.

RICHMOND HILL,
27 WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH.
Handsome apartment of seven large, light rooms and bath; the only one left; all modern improvements; rent low; possession at once.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

74 WEST 92D ST.
Eight large rooms; bath; single apt.; ground floor; all impr'vem'ts; suitable for doctor; $60.

NEAR SUBWAY STATION.
43d St., 270 West.—6 rooms, bath; all light; hot water, steam heat. Janitor.

139 WEST 83RD.
Elegant floors; six, bath; steam, hot water; private halls; cleanly kept; Subway, surface, elevated.

74 WEST 89TH ST.,
Seven large, light rooms; steam heat, etc.

84TH ST., 19 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms; completely renovated; second floor; bath; new open plumbing; steam; hot water; private neighborhood; $35.

West Side.

THE WINFIELD
207 WEST 56th ST.

Between Broadway and Seventh Av.
Completely Reconstructed
Exclusive, High-Class Modern Apartments,
7 and 8 Rooms
With Baths.
Extra Servants' Rooms.
Day and Night Hallboy and Elevator Service.
Will Decorate to Suit.
RENT $1,300 to $2,100
Apply on Premises or
Moore & Wyckoff
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
Telephone 1863 Bryant.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
316 West 20th Street
THE ADRIAN
All improvements, including elevator service, electric lights, 'phone, &c. Suites of 5 rooms, rents $570 to $660. Booklet on application. Apply premises, or CUSHMAN, 240 WEST 23D.

STANLEY COURT

West End Ave. & 106th Street.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
Ten rooms and three baths.
RENT $2,520-$3,760.
Superintendent on premises.

THE ANDERSON

102 WEST 80TH.
Cozy modern family hotel.
One, two, and three rooms, with baths, furnished and unfurnished; American dining room.

Camden, 206 W. 95th St.
Apartments, 5 Rooms, and Bath
All improvements; elevator, telephone; fine entrance; all-night service; convenient to 96th St. Subway express station.
RENTS $55. APPLY ON PREMISES.

Washington and Jefferson,
318-322 West 51st St.
Beautiful modern apartments, six, seven, and eight large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

71st, 351 West.—Beautifully furnished batchelor apartment, private house; close to subway; telephone, references. Van Iroy.

12 West 97th St.—6 rooms, bath, steam heated, hot water; near Subway; rent $28-$31.

Single floor apartment, 7 large rooms and bath, $45; all improvements. 181 West. 103d St.

East Side.

THE SWANNANOA

105-107 East 15th St.
Overlooking Union Square.
At 14th St. Subway Express Station.
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
9 rooms and 2 baths,
5 rooms and bath.
Rents $65 to $150.
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception rooms; excellent hall and telephone service.
C. F. Bedell Co., Agents,
BROADWAY AND 87TH ST.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

THE HANOVER

Park Ave. and 83d St.
Splendid Suites of 9 Rooms and 2 Baths
Elevator and hall boy service day and night.
Rents, $1,500 to $2,400.
Superintendent on premises.

THE CLEVELAND,

126-130 EAST 24TH STREET.
Large Apartments to Rent.

APARTMENTS, two large rooms and bath; electric light, telephone and maid service; newly decorated; exceptionally refined neighborhood. 13 East 36th St., near 5th Av.

High-class housekeeping apartments of 2, 3, 4, and 6 rooms and bath, unfurnished; elevator, telephone; night and day service. The Hillhurst, 160 East 91st St.

Bronx.

THE HILLCREST
Woodycrest Av. & 166th St.
Two short blocks east of Ogden Av.
These exquisite new non-elevator apartments are of a superior construction and finish, surpassing anything in the Bronx.
The improvements include long-distance telephone, electric lights, tiled bathrooms, open nickel plumbing, Dutch shelves, &c.
4, 5, and 6 Large Rooms.
RENTS REDUCED.
Superintendent on premises

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.

American Real Estate Co., Owner.
Only a few left at special prices.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 7 rooms and bath, $28 to $45.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS.
5 and 6 rooms and bath $26 to $33.
All large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW!
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

READY FOR OCCUPANCY
NOVEMBER 1ST, 1909.
Elegant 5-6-7 room apartments, all improvements; electric lights and telephone; moderate rents.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES
1024 & 1026 BOSTON ROAD
Near 161st St. "L" Station.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

To Rent—Part of office; state terms. K 135 Times, Times Square.

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

LECTURES ON LAW FOR WOMEN
Lectureship Endowed by the Woman's Legal Education Society.
A course for forty-five lectures on law for business women and those interested in the management of property Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, 11:30 A. M. or 8 P. M., at the University Building, Washington Square. First lecture, Nov. 8. Fee, $15. For Bulletin, giving full details as to fees, scholarships, etc., address Registrar N. Y. University, N. Y. City.

IRVING SCHOOL

FOUNDED 1890.
L. D. RAY, 35 W. 84th St.
Preparation for college or business.
Primary and Intermediate Departments.
No home study for boys under fifteen.
GYMNASIUM—LABORATORY
'Phone 2606 Riverside. Year book on request.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR GIRLS,
3 WEST 81ST STREET, MANHATTAN SQ.
Ten years course leading to diplomas. Special college entrance work. College certificates. Advanced courses in English literature, modern languages, art, handicraft, and music. Children taken in charge for the day. Piano lessons and practice. Luncheon. Tel. 966 River

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR BOYS
EIGHTEENTH YEAR.
COLLEGE AND COMMERCIAL PREPARATION.
PLAYGROUND 110x250 ADJOINS SCHOOL.
All lessons prepared at school under class instructors.
For Catalog Address 45 West 81st St.
Telephone 1549 Riverside.

HARLEM PREPARATORY SCHOOL
N. E. COR. 7TH AVE. & 125TH ST.
Thorough preparation for Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Cornell, and Engineering Schools.
Chemical and Physical Laboratory.
REGENTS' CERTIFICATES.
Day and Evening Sessions. Individual Attention.
S. Gerschanek, M. A. J. Weil, B. S., M. E.

Scuola d' Industrie Italiane
Under Patronage of H. M. Queen Margherita, exhibition of ITALIAN LACES and EMBROIDERIES, copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of the Italian Colony of New York. 10 to 5, 59 West 39th Street.

BUSINESS COURSE — HARLEM Y. W. C. A., 74 West 124th Street, New York City. Send for circular.

The Le Roy School of French, 9 West 29th Street. Hours 8 A. M. to 9. P. M.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Music lessons free in your own home; any instrument; beginners or advanced; over 100,000 successful pupils. Write for free offer. U. S. School of Music, Box T. 225 5th Av., New York City.

Piano instruction, thorough; beginners; very successful with children; adult beginners. F. B. K., 64 Times, Times Square.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Christman Pianos

Prominent artists speak highly of the "CHRISTMAN"—grow enthusiastic over their wonderful tone. Prices are lower than any other high-class piano. Call, listen, and judge for yourself.
BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK.

Steinway Upright	$275
Sohmer Upright	200
Weber Upright	175
Everett Upright	150
Sherwood Upright	125
Angelus Player Piano	50
Square Pianos from	15

Christman Sons, 35 West 14th St.

ALTERATION SALE
TO MAKE ROOM FOR EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS
we offer a large number of used pianos at GREATLY
REDUCED PRICES
THE LIST INCLUDES:
STEINWAYS, CHICKERINGS, WEBERS, KNABES, HARDMANS, and many others. Also a few PLAYER PIANOS
Inspection invited.
MATHUSHEK & SON PIANO CO.
Broadway & 47th Street.
PHONE NO. 692 BRYANT.

Small Renting Pianos
Some $3 month, many new at $4. Great in tone, little in size; mission, mahogany, walnut and other woods.
USED PIANOS
Standard makes, $50 up. Before you buy anywhere, examine them. Terms very low. Grand Pianos, Player-Pianos, Transposing Pianos at bargain prices; easy payments.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM, M'f'r's,
23 EAST 14TH ST.

WM. A. POND & CO.
FOR RENT, STEINWAY'S, WEBER'S and other high grade pianos. Month or season: Also for SALE for CASH or on EASY PAYMENTS.
18 WEST 37th ST., near 5th Avenue.

CALL AND SEE THE POPULAR
O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS
sold at factory prices on easy payments. Players, self-playing pianos. Open evenings. 1,513 Third Av., near 86th St., Manhattan. 2,929 Third Av., near 151st St., Bronx.

Pianos to rent and for sale; slightly used pianos, $100 and up; easy payments; free cartage. Lurch, 121 East 23d St.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

BUY FROM the IMPORTERS
DIAMONDS and JEWELRY ON CREDIT
Save the Retailer's profit. Easy payments.
B. H. DAVIS SON & CO. 12-16 John Street.

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—HERMAN HARRIS and SAMUEL I. SIEGEL, individually and as copartners, composing the firm of HARRIS & SIEGEL, Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that Herman Harris and Samuel I. Siegel, individually and as copartners, composing the firm of Harris and Siegel, bankrupts, have filed their petition dated October 11th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, both individually and as copartners composing the firm of Harris and Siegel, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 8th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
October 28th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL FREDERICK ACKERMAN, Bankrupt.—No. 12,671.
Notice is hereby given that Carl Frederick Ackerman, bankrupt, has filed his petition dated October 6th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909 at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK KRAUS, Bankrupt.—No. 12,496.
Notice is hereby given that Frederick Kraus, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 20th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM SCHUSTEK and SAMUEL SCHUSTEK, trading as High Art Mfg. Co., Bankrupts.—No. 11,445.
Notice is hereby given that Sam Schustek and Samuel Schustek, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated August 18th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CALHOUN CRAGIN, Bankrupt.—No. 12,806.
Notice is hereby given that Calhoun Cragin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 20, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all the creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL J. MACHACEK, Bankrupt.—No. 12,552.
Notice is hereby given that Michael J. Machacek, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 11th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWIN A. A. QUINN, Bankrupt.—No. 11,491.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin A. A. Quinn, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 13th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 15th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 27, 1909.

NO. 12,811.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID S. BROWN, Jr., Bankrupt.
To the creditors of David S. Brown, Jr., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said David S. Brown, Jr., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1909, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
Oct. 28th, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SMOLINSKY & DVORKIN, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shong good, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Oct. 29, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 766 Broadway, Brooklyn, Borough of Brooklyn, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of gents' furnishings, men's, boys', and youths' clothing, safe, cash register, lease, fixtures, &c. Inspection every day from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Friday, Nov. 5, 1909, same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BRADFORD PUBLISHING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 3, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 154 Nassau Street, Seventh Floor, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of desks, chairs, safe, office fixtures, mailing lists, trade lists, &c. BENJAMIN W. B. BROWN, Receiver.
MERRILL & ROGERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 128 Broadway, New York City.

FOR SALE.

BUDD & CO., 71 Spring St. Near Subway. High-grade Office Furniture, desks, tables, chairs, partitions; also several sound-proof telephone booths and stock quotation boards at reasonable prices. Tel. 5483 Spg

FOR SALE—Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, book cases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures; business furniture all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide; 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

SAFES — New and second-hand, of all kinds and makes; safes bought exchanged and repaired. YORK SAFE & LOCK CO., formerly J. M. Mossman, 58 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest prices. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connects.

DESKS — CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE, PARTITIONS, &c. BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS. HAMBURGER'S, 33 E. 20TH ST.

TYPEWRITERS — ALL MAKES, $10 to $60. Rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 79 Duane St.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ray, J. Preferred calendar. 17—Wade-Int Mag Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Preferred calendar. 126—Simon-D, L & W R R. 95—Addig-Tull. 188—Pratt-N Germ, Lloyd. 104—Osthelmer-Varley. 151—U S-Drucker. 152—Same-Mayer. 154—Same-Nickels. 160—Same-United Marine Sup Co. 168—Same-Holmes. 169—Wood-Sanitary Devices. 170—Siegel Cooper-Continental Paper. 174—Mfg Com Co-Klotz. 175—U S-Herbst. 176—Warren-Mallonee. 182—Seal-N Y N H & H R R. 183—Guild-Davis Coal & Coke. 184—Williamson-Ortiz. 186—Underwood-N Y N H & H R R. 192—Shanton-Norwich Union T I Co. 200—Berthold-Burtoro. 3—Int Bkg Corp-Payne. 1—Russell-Erie R R. 61—Pritchard-Gambrill.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Motion calendar. 2—Glaser-St. Elmo Co. 3—Motley Green-Detroit. 4—Star Hair-Porter Nov Co. 5—Campbell-Bollerman. 6—Rajah-Grassman. 7—Grimm-Joseph. 8—Pepper-Siegel Co. 9—Sims-United Wireless Tel Co. 10 to 13—Miller-Chic & Alton R R. 14—Page Machine Co-Dow Janes Co. 15—Rathera-U S Dalmeat Co. 16—Perforated Plate Co-Connolly. 17—Appleton-Jackson & W Co. 18—Napier-Westerhoff. 19—U S for Bartlett-U S F & G Co. 20—Reid-Mayer. 21—Cent Union-Mayer. 22—Central Trust-New Amst Gas Co. 23—Chi Fuse Wire Co-Waldman. 24—Cunning-Stevens Co. 25—Campbell-Magnet. 26—Rowland-Eisenecker. 27—Youngs Compania, &c. 28—Huntington-N Y C & H R R R. 29—Phone Hear Plain-Rector. 30—In re Blanchard.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Truax, J.—Litigated motions, 1 and 2—Yale, &c., Mfg Co-Hollingshead. 3—Robinson-Mix. 4—Olin-Post. 5—Cohen-Fuchs. 6—In re Wilkens. 7—McBride-Struck Co. 8—Same-Louisville Lumber Co. 9—Brown-Wilson. 10—McPartland-Roebling Const Co. 11—Wendel-City of N Y. 12—Brown-Wilson. 13—Lewischn-Raunheim. 14—In re Hotchkiss. 15—Robinson, &c., Co-Gross & Co. 16—Eisenger-Thoesen. 17—Wheelwright-Child. 18—N Y City Ry-Plaza Operating Co. 19—In re Lawyers Stenographic. 20—Kane-Murphy. 21—Middleton-Middleton. 22—Van Wagenen-Grown Music Co. 23—In re McShane. 24—Meyer-Mc V. 25—Perley-Morning Telegraph Co. 26—Guilfoyle-Pierce. 27—Racine-Racine. 28—In re Mt Vernon Av. 29—Renwick-Renwick. 30—Golding-Snare & Triest Co. 31—Bucknall-North British & Ins Co. 32—O'Kennedy-Belmont Const Co. 33—N Y Taxicab Co-Rector. 34—Porscio-Porscio. 35—Noot-Noot. 36—Hamburger-Shalet. 37—Childs-Koyner. 38—In re Alexander. 39—In re Smith. 40, 41, and 42—In re New St. 43—Strauss-Hanover Co. 44—Central Trust Co-Kip. 45—Ingrich-Ball. 46—9th Nat Bk-Moses. 47—Silverman-Silverman-Jones Const Co. 48—Werner-Werner. 49—People-Merinda. 50 and 51—Metzger-White. 52—Fox-Consol Cement Co. 53—Allen-Dean. 54—Crumbie-Fairchild. 55—Strauss-Hanover Co. 56—Hedden & Sons Co-Faculty of N Y. 57—Standard Fashion Co-Thompson. 58—Bagerle-Bagerle. 59—Haigh-Zimmerman. 60—State Bank-Londner. 61—Rimmer-Rimmer. 62—Dickinson-Dickinson. 63—Lewis-Butler Bros. 64—Montague-Groge. 65—Sedalia Trust Co-Droel Co. 66—Thomas-Thomas. 67—Brickman-Havath Sholum Cong. 68—Gagliardi-Lasala. 69—Verderosa-same. 70—McGuirk-Hall. 71—In re Mount. 72—In re Scholl. 73—In re Bradshaw. 74—In re Teller. 75—In re Archer. 76—In re Hronchkel. 77—Dodaro-Zinga. 78—In re Wilkens. 79—Bond-Bond. 80—Mogilewsky-Mogilewsky. 81—Saul-Klein. 82—Hawkins-Hawkins. 83—Belitzer-Spengemap. 84—Wehner-Wehner. 85—Cullinan-Beattie. 86—Maloney-King. 87—Marcus-Abrahams. 88—Klein-Terry & Trench Co. 89—Pastor-Bernheimer. 90—Spor-U S Cabinet Bed Co. 91—Brinkman-Koehler & Co. 92—Fundis-Fundis. 93—Pettanati-Carraber. 94—Sellite-same. 95—Papantonio-same. 96—Sarnoff-Hampner. 97—Film Import, &c, Co-Kessler. 98—Rothenberg-Arowovitz. 99—Eisinger-Thoesen. 100—Freedman-Lowenstein. 101—Goodyear Raincoat Co-Kriger. 102 and 103—Friedland Realty Co-McLaughlin. 104—Kazman-Lyons Beet Sugar Ref Co. 105—Sheldon-Mills. 106 and 107—Sarnoff-Harman. 108—Hayes-Sullivan. 109—Abbe-Columbia Col. Bere. 110—Pratt-Pratt. 111—Same-Babbott. 112—Le Pard-Le Pard. 113—Goslin-Magher. 114—McClure-Columbia College.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Dowling, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 2318, 2319—Peters-Peters. Preferred causes. 4016—Wentz-St Mark's Const Co. 3209—Muir-Muir. 4026—Turner Con Co-Am Transfer Co. General calendar. 2077—Berkowitz-Schwartz. 2053—Cohen-Cohen. 855—Daly-Seaman. 2313—Goisman & Musliner-Haber. 2081—Finkler-Cohen. 2108—Jacobs-Jacobs. 2724—Graham-Graham. 2727—Feinsob-Teichman. 1215—Mittenberger-Wolff. 473—Hansen-Hansen. 2677—Lasser-Lasser. 1294—Leask-McCarthy. 571—Hoyt-Andrews. 2648—Axtell-Axtell. 2663—Berkowitz-Jacobson. 2745—Barnes-Klug. 2663—Stuart-Hillary. 2661—Wagner-Zglobicki. 2695—Kerker-Levy. 1823—Rubenstein-Radt. 1419—Candee, Smith & Howland Co-City of N. Y. 1803—McLaughlin-Berliner. 3347—Unsrich-Ungrich. 2728—Kelrns-Kelrns. 1141—Wolfarth-Nat Export Assn of Am Mfrs. 2649—Hoffman-Daleo. 2680—Lipplatt-Lipplatt. 714—Foot-Lane. 2404—Henkel-Henkel. 553—Spalding-Appleby. 597—Polock-Gold. 2248—Gibbons-Logan. 2284—Buclisbach-Calumet Const Co. 435—Graham-Healey. 2490—N Y Life Ins Co-Manning. 2235—Naprstek-Naprstek. 2245—Dunham-Koster. 2250—Gross-Nelman. 2257—Morrone-Weill. 2347—Gielow-Seidler. 2457—Dry Dock A A-Herlihy. 2470—Brigantl-De Bellis. 2324—Barasch-Damm. 2528—Sherard-Bevins Co. 2532—Moore-Keinhardt. 1753—Hawley-Levee. 2049—Townsend-Koehler. 2208—Young-Berman. 2529—Kohman-Newman. 153—Clinton-Henry. 2327—Kaplan-Zolfels. 2370—West-West. 676—Standard Fashion Co-Junction Co. 3553—Fisher-Fisher. 2076—Butterick Pub Co-Chabot. 911—Alexdroth & Root Mfg Co-City of N Y. 718—Fidelity Dev Co-N Y & Port Chester RR. 2134—Hoff-Butler Bros. 2942, 2943, 2944, 2945—Butler-Hoff. 302—Miller-Barlow. 1105—Schaefer Brew Co-N Y & Harlem R R. 431—Miller-Anthony & Scoville Co. 432—Appleton-Anthony & Scoville Co. 433—Appleton-Lamoute. 2116—Tonelli-Tonelli. 2307—Diamond-Chovin. Cong. 338—Bergen-Petrus. 808—Waas-Waas. 2303—Dixson-Thompson. 446—Hastings-Lockwood. 1211—Hirsch Lumber Co-Hubbell. 2691—Brodsky-Burkett. 2692—Bloomingdale-McKinley Co. 2694—Koop-Davis. 2739—Reddy-Lowe. 2642—Moore-Moore. 2587—Rourke-Mutual Life Ins Co. 2730—Abrahams-Gingham. 2736—Conlan-Conlan. 2746—Swanton-Donovan. 2798—Secor-Tradesmen's Natl Bank. 2276—Hammond-Hammond. 2665—Erff-Erff. 2654—Silberstein-Silberstein. 2536—Graham-Graham.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Wheeler, J.—People-Am Ice Co.

SHUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Gorman, J. 5376—Schnee-Hoke. 5390—Rodt-Codner. 5571—Wilson-Emanuel. 5654—Evans-Sturtevant Realty Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J. 936—Anderson-Nassau Elec R R. 914—Kerr-Joline. 920—Schulte-Joline. 938—Hicks-Joline. 941—Golding-Int R T Co. 950—Palmieri-Erie R R. 956—Hannan-B H R R. 961, 962—Weisinger-Dry Dock, &c, R R. 967—Evers-Joline. 975—Smith-Joline. 438—Ellingwood-Penn R R. 968—Pamers-Joline. 1319—Bruno-South Bklyn Ry. 150—Noakes-N Y C & H R R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Guy, J. Inquest, 1959, 1960—Rosenberg-Rosenblum. 2001—Hasbrouck-Godet. 5810—Green-Johnson. 2149—Wiley-Moore. 5810—Berger-Atlantic Mutual Ins Co. 2351—Barry-Lentin. 818—Dolan-Press Pub Co. 4495—Canfield-N Y Transp Co. 2373—Schultz-same. 1144—Quinlan-N Y Herald Co. 1145—Smith-same. 2484—Sterling-Comasey. 2939—Carroll-same. 2035—Steinfeld-same. 2050—Holtzberg-O'Rourke Co. 1400—Hurson-N Y Transp Co. 2481—Hynes-Tagliabue. 2496—Kessner-Tropaner. 2498—Di Vita-City and Suburban Home Co. 2330—Gowans-Hockshaer. 2484—Rathbart-Kornfeld. 1935—Spiegel-Hoffman Brew Co. 1091—Stringer-Guggenheim. 2344—Bentley-Postal Tel-Cable Co. 2249—Shinnon-Van Buren Co. 2347—Brady-Lansing. 1239, 1240—McNulty-Reilly. 5519—Fay-Brady Cont Co. 992—Labranico-City of N Y. 2410—Temple-Voegtlin. 969—Grossman-City of N Y. 2491—Cameron-Press Pub Co. 4285—Fiesel-White Sewing Mach Co. 1861—Foster-Zamperi. 2596—Korones-Maglewsky.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—853—Kilmer-Hutton. 1818—Regan-Gorham Co. 1065—Gorham Co-Regan. 2282—O'Rourke Eng and Con Co—City of N Y. 1805½—Gould-Springer. 1166—Handibode-City of N Y. 509—Goldberg-Am Credit and Ind Co. 1618—Smith-Murtha & Schmohl Co. 1285—Osborn-McArthur Bros. 160—Barney-Phenix Nat Bank. 107—Wolf-Corn. 1293—Dothy-Norton. 589—Stanberg-Andrews. 2328—Law Reporting Co-Brentanos. 2849—La Rue-Belding & Franklin Mach Co. 2888—Adler-Philip William Ebling Brew Co. 1423—Gells-Flannery. 2513—Keller-Farmer Co-J F Taplay Co. 202—Hadert-City of N Y. 1888—Fleetman-Galland-Cohn-Hall Co. 1075—Fletcher-Brown. 2905—William H Geer Co-Frewsbury Canning Co. 2933—Consried Met Opera Co-Brin. 2945—Aronowsky-Weller. 2693—Andrew School Furnishing Co-Sullivan. 2621—Goldberg-Nalberg. 2725—Lewis-Townsend. 2835—Ireland-Dodge. 2894—Vogel-Davis. 2562—Moscowitz-Tornberg. 2808—Majud-Well. 2631—Hayes-Austin. 1387—Von Hofe-Shaw. 5673—Bagley-Bagley. 5612—City of N Y-Erskine. 5305—Same-Curtis. 562—Nichols-Fidelity & Cas Co. 2148—Scanlon-Hodge. 138—Gallagher-O'Reilly. 111—Eldridge-Bd of Education. 5319—City of N Y-Rosentower. 975—Barrett Mfg Co-Wynn. 1641—Lenkeit-Mitchell. 5605—City of N Y-Schwartz. 1616—Co-op. Architects-Wynncoop, &c., Co. 2222—Katz-Archer. 1456—Patterson-Patton. 851—Young-Dresser. 22814—Filardi-Manassevitz. 2307—Caughey-Lewin. 290—Hildreth-City of N Y.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar. Estate of Thomas H Cullen, Josephine Messerschmitt, Rose B Gregory, Charles A Hess, Anna McGinn, Alice Pestby, Gertrude C H Notes, Richard M Casey, Harriet N Pond, Harris Elias, Charlotte Miller, Joseph H Snyder, Joseph H Snyder, Klara Simon, Henry E Dewey, Anna O'Neil, Christian W Poole, Jessie E Mercer, Louis Kattos, James Geraghty, Margaret Corbett or Noble, Adolphine Trouete, Rosina Heath, Samuel Schendel, George A Leicht, Giuseppa Cova, Gioccomo Panella, Gertrude H Notes, Harriet G Glover, Charles J Lecuyer, Clark W Dunlop, Rachel Newfield, Ina M Hendrix, Gabriel M Tobker, Maria Jungbecker, Daniel Sheehan, Peter J W Heyer, Kate or Katie Donohue, Margaretha Budke, Johanna Harris, Marie Bauer, John Grace, John J McNamara, Frank Dasting, Aline H Tilley, Frederick Von Hofe, Herman Oppenheim, Stephen J Geoghegan, Anton L Olsen, Patrick W Tandy, Charlotte Floch, William

Help Wanted—Females.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

CANVASSERS.—Wanted, three women canvassers to sell tickets for course of lectures in Paterson, N. J.; must be experienced. Call at Room 1,026, 150 Nassau St.

CHOCOLATE and cocoanut bonbon dippers, experienced, and girls willing to learn; also packers. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

COMPANION.—Lady desires French woman companion and instructress; none but those of brilliant education and with ability to lucidly impart construction of verbs need apply; references which can be investigated demanded. K 128 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl wanted for general housework, cooking, washing, and ironing, in family of four; good home. Call 74 Bruce Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—High-class demonstrators for grocery, drug, and department stores. Call Universal Metal Specialty Co., 13 Park Row.

WANTED—Young lady familiar with art business for art store. K 122 Times, Times Sq.

YOUNG GIRL, as junior office assistant stenographer; good at figures; one familiar with countometer preferred. Glauber, 79th St. and 3d Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS and subscription canvassers wanted by high-class magazine, commission basis; excellent opportunity; state experience. Box K 67 Times, Times Square.

AGGRESSIVE, successful "live wire" to obtain contracts for established Trade Agency; liberal commissions; permanent, desirable position for right man. Address Secretary, Box 1,495 General Post Office, New York.

BOY wanted for office work. Apply 335 Broadway, Room 87.

CHEMIST.—Young man, experienced in handling analytical balance; must be accurate and quick. State age, experience, references, wages wanted. K 89 Times, Times Square.

EXPERIENCED DESIGNER on misses' and children's cloaks wanted. Address D. P., Box K 115 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN.—If you are ambitious to be more than an ordinary salesman, earning from $75 to $150 a month, and have the courage to handle a high-grade proposition on a commission basis, in which others are making $5,000 and over a year, call at Room 4, Third Floor, Flatiron Building.

SALESMAN.—Experienced woolen salesman with an established out of town merchant tailoring trade. K 50 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Experienced salesman to call on retail trade covering either New York, Brooklyn, or Jersey, with line of ladies' neckwear and brassieres; good inducements to right party. K 123 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Young man familiar with art business for art store. K 121 Times, Times Sq.

YOUNG MAN experienced in handling analytical balance in laboratory; must be accurate and quick. State age, experience, references, wages wanted. K 88 Times, Times Square.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

General.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; we receive calls for salesmen from thousands of the best firms in the country; traveling salesmen earn from $1,000 to $25,000 a year and expenses; we will teach you to be one by mail, and assist you to secure a good position; scores of our most famous, richest men got their start selling goods on the road; hundreds of our graduates who formerly earned from $40 to $75 a month have earned from $100 to as high as $1,000 a month and expenses; if you want to earn from two to ten times as much as you now earn and enter the most pleasant, independent profession in the world our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how; write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D, Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Agents Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

AGENTS wanted to sell our riders' policies, issued to both men and women, covering accident, sickness, and death, and all occupations, giving $3,000 death and $15 weekly benefits, costing but $5 per annum; something entirely new; extra large commission given. Call or address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York. Established 24 years.

Situations Wanted—Females.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, eight years' experience, desires part time position; newest and best method keeping accounts; can open and close set of books. Address B O 58 Times, Times Square.

COMPANION.—Graduate nurse wishes position as companion to Christian lady; willing to be useful. Address, Companion, P. O. Box 100, Hempstead, L. I.

GOVERNESS, experienced, accomplished, speaking, teaching perfect French, German, English, piano, desires position, resident or visiting; highest references. Education, 283 East 60th.

Situations Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

EDUCATED GERMAN, active and experienced, wishes position as managing housekeeper where help are kept; American reference. M. M., 306 East 59th St.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St.; tel. 4786—Columbus.

NURSE.—Experienced nurse; also laundress; best references. Mrs. H. Collier, 122 West 23d St.

NURSE desires position to invalid or elderly lady; hospital experience; best city reference; $10 weekly. L. May, 312 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; thoroughly reliable and capable; excellent references from last employers; $15. Miss A. B., E 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter.—Young lady with five years' experience in a law office desires position; no agencies. Address A. M. S., 29 West 104th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, but neat and rapid worker; anxious for position; trial will prove ability; $8. Ambitious, E 116 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—A1, possesses thorough English education; reliable, honest, and competent. References, 119 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE WORKER—Some experience; ready for work; American parentage. Dorothy, 127 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced; rapid, accurate, reliable; salary $15. K 138 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; $12; references; accurate at work. E 149 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL wishes position as light housework; sleep home. 223 West 43d St., Basement.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ACCOUNTANT, certified, desires additional work; audits, part time work, systematizing, highest credentials; prompt attention; moderate charges. Certified Public Accountant, Suite 902, 35 Nassau. Tel. 6077—Cortlandt.

Situations Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, closed, disentangled, systematized, audited, $5 monthly upward; kept part time. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250—Stuyvesant.

A man who has exceptional credentials as to ability desires a position as salesman, sales manager, or assistant where a high degree of efficiency, integrity, and loyal qualities will be appreciated; executive and administrative man; no objection to traveling. Competent, K 33 Times, Times Square.

AN EXPERT in foreign trade matters and commercial conditions all over the world wishes to become associated with a leading newspaper or periodical interested in American export, with a view of publishing special matter and encouraging advertising; highest references and credentials. Will only consider propositions involving serious work and commensurate pay. Address, Export Expert, Times Office, New York.

BOATBUILDER.—Young man would like work. Address K 104 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert accountant seeks work; books opened, written up, systematized; special arrangements with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 306, 302 Broadway Telephone 1544 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man highly recommended, wide experience; rapid, accurate, reliable; best references, character, ability. L. Seale, 1,462 East 17th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

CARPENTER wants permanent position; flat or elevator apartments; do all repairs. Varecka, 842 Hewitt Place, Bronx.

CARPETS, linoleum, &c., fitted and laid anywhere; rugs repaired. P. O. Box 159, Weehawken, N. J.

COACHMAN.—Single; English; age 30, weight 140 pounds; well up in breaking in young horses for carriage work and for the saddle and the schooling of hunters; good rider and driver; life experience; best of references. K. 105 Times, Times Square.

COACHMAN.—Position wanted for John Hillier, eight years in our employ; thoroughly reliable; closing stable as we are going abroad. Address Warner M. Leeds, 11 East 65th St.

DRAUGHTSMAN, tracing and details. 522-524 East 16th St., City. S. Roclawski.

ELECTRICAL constructing designing engineer desires engagement, outside, office, or both; competent estimates, specifications; resourceful, and handler of men. Box J 168, Times, Times Square.

GENTLEMAN, aged 38, married, seeks position with good house; is energetic, industrious, and reliable; long valuable business experience has made him thoroughly conversant with manufacturing, merchandizing, and accounting details; capable of fitting satisfactorily into any responsible position as accountant, cashier, correspondent, office manager, secretary, &c.; has been five years financial officer, with signatory powers, of large corporation; possesses good knowledge of Spanish; can furnish highest references. E 154 Times Downtown.

GRADUATE NURSE desires position in doctor's office; experienced stenographer and typewriter; knows German. Box J 9 Times, Times Square.

LIFE INSURANCE opening, with greater opportunities; 20 years' continuous experience; agency production by quota, actuarial and insurance accounting work; statistical analysis. S., Eastern Underwriter, 105 William St., New York City.

MARRIED MAN, (39,) wants steady position on salary with advancement, one thoroughly experienced as retail buyer, manager, salesman, printing, engraving, books, commercial stationery, novelties, or charge of supply department. R. A., 115 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — YOUNG SWEDE; SPEAKS AND WRITES ENGLISH, GERMAN, AND FRENCH; FAIRLY GOOD PENMAN; WANTS POSITION WITHIN TWO WEEKS; MODERATE SALARY, WITH CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT, IN RESPONSIBLE FIRM; SWEDISH AND CITY REFERENCES. K 102 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

PAINTER.—Experienced carriage and automobile painter wishes a position on first-class automobile work. K 111 Times, Times Square.

PAYING TELLER of a New York savings bank, 28, desires position; cashier anything; evenings only; best references. P., 23 East 107th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, graduate nurse, experienced stenographer and typewriter; would travel; knows several languages. Box J 8 Times, Times Square.

SECRETARY.—Recent college graduate wants position as confidential secretary; good literary ability; knowledge of French; discreet. Address Box K 136 Times, Times Square.

The Greatest Protective Humanitarian Organization now Organized
WANTS MEMBERS.
Only sterling characters admitted! Investigate; no matter how rich or poor, we will help you. Address Mutual Philanthropy, 1,537 Broadway.

YOUNG LAWYER, LL. B., N. Y. Bar 1905, desires position in commercial, literary, or publishing line; valuable aid to any business wherein caution and knowledge of the laws are required. K 130 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, colored, wishes position to take care of bachelor's apartment; competent cook, as well as first-class man for pressing clothes and taking care of shoes; I have the best of references from the Governors Island Club as an assistant steward; also I have references from well-known bachelors of this city. Answer by mail to 33 Lexington Av., Brooklyn, care of Charles A. Williams.

YOUNG MAN, age nearly 27, seeks position; has no experience, and is a graduate of neither school nor college. K 107 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG man, 21, good penman, wishes position at night work; knowledge bookkeeping. E 144 Times Downtown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712—Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 220 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, competent office assistants wanted; male and female. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE OPERATORS, bookkeepers, stenographers combined, both male and female, (wanted,) at once; permanent downtown positions. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

WE SUPPLY STENOGRAPHERS to employers free of charge; only competent help registered; we act for stenographers employed who cannot jeopardize positions answering advertisements.
LAWRENCE F. DEUTZMAN, 1 WALL ST.
Stenography, fac simile letters, supplies.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 89th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

Mme. Auguste Bureau, 682 6th Av.; married couples, cooks, laundresses, butlers, maids. 'Phone 3171—Bryant.

MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 5th Av., Murray Hill 6185. Teachers, governesses, housekeepers, companions, trained nurses.
SEPARATE DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

PRIVATE COOKS, $30; city and country; chambermaids, houseworkers, and laundresses. 401 6th Av.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

SELECT COLORED HELP for private families, boarding houses, hotels, and clubs. Duncan's Help Exchange, 134 West 134th St. Telephone 5078 Morningside.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

MRS. RICE KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Thoroughly competent domestic help; investigated references. Tel. Riverside 9348.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Gratifying Result from a Times Want Advertisement

Oct. 27, 1909.

The New York Times:

Perhaps it may be of some value to you to know how effective and satisfactory is the service your advertising columns give. The insertion of my advertisement in The New York Times for a situation has resulted in my securing employment that I did not dream of obtaining. The replies I received were most encouraging and raised my drooping spirits and gave me new life and hope. I secured through The Times a fine position, and as I believe I owe it solely to the use of your newspaper, I want to express my thanks. HOUSEKEEPER.

The following is a copy of the advertisement:

> Caretaker, &c.—An Englishwoman of middle age, a widow without children or family ties, who can give best of references as to character and trustworthiness, a member in good standing of Holy Trinity Church, New York City, desires employment that will give her living expenses; position as caretaker of city or suburban home, housekeeper, or something of similar character most desired. Address Englishwoman, Box 127 Times, Times Square.

The rates for advertising Situations Wanted in The New York Times are 15 cents a line one time; 12 cents a line a day three times; 10 cents a line a day for seven times. Seven average words make a line.

All advertising agents accept Times Want advertisements at regular rates, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Boarders Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

1— AMERICAN PLAN ONLY.
One person $10 weekly.
Two persons $16 weekly.
Table "the best in NEW YORK."
TABLE GUESTS, $7 WEEKLY.
Not simply a place to stay, but a "Home" which reflects the comfort, of competence—the solidity of substance—the good taste of refinement. HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. Service, Cuisine, Furnishings, Unequaled elsewhere except at twice our rates. Then why pay higher prices?
COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.
Room and Meals for one person $10 weekly.
Two person $16 weekly.
Parlor and Chamber, and Meals for
One person $16 weekly.
Two persons $22 weekly.
Three persons $28 weekly.
Double Parlors, Two Chambers, Private Bath, and Meals for
One person $25 weekly.
Two persons $30 weekly.
Three persons $36 weekly.
Four persons $42 weekly.
These prices are on a basis of two meals daily. For three meals add $1 per week for each person.
Outside rooms, newly, substantially furnished; elevator, steam heat, electricity, gas, baths, telephones in abundance.
Just off Broadway; three minutes to 145th St. subway station; block to Riverside Drive. SPENCER, 505 West 143d St.
'Phone, 2990—Audubon.

1.—THE CONNEAUT,
371 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
Corner 97th St.
Newly furnished and decorated; all rooms southern exposure, with running water; dining room on top floor; elevator service, electric lights; table board. A. K. Dick, Manager.

1.—101 Waverley Place, N. W. Corner Washington Square.—Attractive, large rooms; southern exposure; private baths; superior table; $12 to $15 week.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 W. 33d.

5TH AV., 46, Corner 11th.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

15TH, 152 WEST.—Good, substantial board; large and small rooms; $5-$6.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, small steam-heated rooms; entire house newly redecorated, under new management; inexhaustible hot water supply; private baths; table board without room, $7.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable medium room, also single room; first-class table; moderate.

68TH ST., 72 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, well furnished; reasonable; home cooking; references; telephone.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; southern exposure; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; single room; private baths; electric lights; table guests.

76TH ST., 127 WEST.—Desirable rooms and superior board; Jewish family. 'Phone 7933—Schuyler.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Single and medium rooms, newly decorated; superior table; references; table boarders.

80TH, 141 WEST.—Large fourth floor front; southern exposure; abundant hot water; moderate; references.

80TH, 154 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; ample closets; table guests accommodated; references.

80TH, 146 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; superior board; private American family; telephone.

80TH, 150-152 WEST.—Large, sunny room; bath adjoining; parlor dining room; table guests.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

82D, 3 WEST.—Highest class cuisine; beautiful rooms; pleasant surroundings; moderate price; references.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Second floor room, first-class house; excellent table; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure, private bath; electricity; large closets; excellent table; telephone; near Park.

94TH ST., 18 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; southern exposure; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large room, private bath; near Subway, "L"; private house; moderate; telephone.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome double room, bath; superior table; near Park, Subway, elevated; references.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive single, double room; select home; elevator apartment; meals optional. Peters.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; homelike, well kept; substantial board; references; table guests.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Small, sunny room; American family; gentlemen; near "L" station; conveniences; telephone.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large second floor front room; also other rooms; references; L, Subway.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—First-class accommodation in Jewish private residence; all conveniences; best references exchanged.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars, beautiful furnished rooms; private baths; telephones; superior table.

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, near 5th Av.—Large, sunny, also single room; excellent table; parlor dining room; steam; telephone; table guest.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable single rooms with board; exceptionally good table.

21ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Well furnished rooms, suitable gentlemen or couple; excellent table; reference; telephone; table guests.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—One large front, sunny room, with board; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second floor, two rooms and bath; exceedingly attractive; also single room; prices reasonable; accommodations considered; excellent table; American.

92D ST., 82 EAST.—Large rooms; excellent German table; gentlemen preferred; parlor dining.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy Park District, Nicholas Fish Mansion.—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small rooms with board in handsome private house; breakfast in rooms; table board; references.

MADISON AV., 694-696; 23 East 63d St.—Second floor; two rooms and bath; other rooms; parlor dining; excellent table board.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 41.—Some of my guests have been with me for years; they say my house and table are homelike; parlor floor dining room; moderate rate fifty.

Boarders Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient homelike; on Little Neck Bay. 25 minutes commuting distance.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Board Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

YOUNG MUSICIAN wants parlor and board; high references; 30th to 96th St., near 5th Av.; about $12. K 134 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—Room and board by young man; private family preferred. K 120 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Country Board.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c *a line* 1 *time*; 30 *times consecutively or three times a week* $5.00 *a line.*

New York.

DR. DISBROW'S HOME REST accommodates guests, with or without medical attendance. Indorsed. Tarrytown, N. Y.

New England.

A comfortable home, beautifully located; $7 upward; send for circular. 315 Gramatan Av., Mt. Vernon.

WINDSOR HOTEL, ORANGE, N. J.—Under new management; handsomely furnished; excellent table; terms moderate.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Furnished Rooms.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

103D ST., 150 WEST.—Parlor, connecting bedroom; married couple; convenient; subway; elevated; references. Mayer.

103D ST., 155 WEST.—Beautifully furnished single or connecting rooms; large and light. Kolbert.

105TH ST., 100 WEST.—Prettily furnished light rooms; single or connecting; one flight. Stanclift.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; elevator apartment; telephone; Subway, "L." Horner.

108TH ST., 203 WEST.—Light, sunny room, adjoining bath; telephone; reasonable; private family. Weber.

112TH ST., 507 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath, one flight; telephone; exclusive; moderate. Murray.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Large, small bed, sitting rooms, front; electricity; elevator; permanent people. Cooke.

116TH ST., 218 WEST.—Large, single, double rooms; bath; conveniences; private hall; "L," Subway.

116TH ST., 245 WEST.—Large hall room; gas, electric; steam; elevator; $2.50. W. Dexter.

118TH ST., 145 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private house; all conveniences; telephone, &c.; references required.

118TH ST., 366 WEST.—Desirable suite; other rooms; first-class accommodations; private house; near Morningside.

133D ST., 206 WEST.—One flight; steam; private hall; small family; clean; reasonable. Hill.

137TH ST., 259 WEST.—Artist's own modern house; rooms, suites; furnished, unfurnished; back parlor; doctor, dentist; specially congenial students, professional people; convenient.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; ample closets; parlor; refined neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

161ST ST., 581 WEST.—Furnished room; all conveniences; electric light; telephone; elevator, near Subway; reasonable; breakfast optional. Apartment 35.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1086.—Furnished room; steam heat, bath and telephone; private family apartment 4.

ATTRACTIVE, sunny rooms for gentlemen; overlooking Central Park; references. Address P 169 Times, Times Square.

CHARLES ST., 10, near 6th Av. L.—Large and small rooms; private family; heated.

CONVENT AV., 427, Near 148th St.—Room, with or without board.

Four rooms, (bath,) completely furnished, $10 weekly, or would sell handsome furniture, which cost $525, for $225. Call Dickinson, 306 West 146th St.

FENNELL, 101 West 75th.—Lady will rent elegant suite, elevator apartment; $9 weekly; references.

HOTEL LA PORTE, 117th St. and Amsterdam Av.—1-2 large, small connecting rooms; nice and sunny; with or without meals; special inducements to regular guests; day and night elevator; rates, $7 week up; new management. Bates & Phillips, Props.

IN A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, second floor, two rooms and bath, or two rooms, third floor, near 72d St. Subway Station; furnished or unfurnished; breakfast optional; gentlemen preferred; references. Professional, K 57 Times, Times Square.

LENOX AV., 204, near 125th St. Subway.—Large, handsome front room; private doctor's house; gentlemen.

SMALL private family offer two well-furnished light rooms; good board; refined surroundings; $13-$15 weekly; very desirable; exceptional oportunity; opposite Columbia College campus. K 94 Times, Times Square.

STUDIO, 514 WEST 114TH ST., to rent three days week; two pianos; 'phone.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103-105.—Room with private bath, beautifully furnished; $10 per week.

Sunday, two adjoining rooms for church services, twenty people; piano; $3.50; walking distance Columbia College. R. W. Childs, 79 Wall St.

East Side.

1.—MADISON AV., 175.—Handsome, large front room, private bath; also basement; breakfast; reference.

218T ST., 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished room; all conveniences; steam heat.

35TH, 15 EAST, (5th Av.)—Newly furnished, sunny rooms, large, small; breakfast optional; telephone.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only; large room with bath; references exchanged.

45TH ST., N. W. Corner Madison Av.—Rooms and suites for gentlemen; high-class club district.

58TH ST., 34-36 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, single or connecting; private bath; physician's office; references.

62D ST., 100 EAST, corner of Park Av.—Front parlor, beautifully furnished; also large front room; private bath; steam heat; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 69.—Large, medium-sized front, rear rooms; conveniences; block Subway, "L"; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, (72d and 73d Sts.)—Single rooms $5-$15; housekeeping rooms, parlors; doctor or business; new furniture; steam heat; electricity.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,198.—Large, small heated rooms; hot, cold water; light, sunny; thoroughly renovated.

LONGWOOD, 917.—Prospect Subway Station two blocks; suite, $6; bedroom study; sunny exposure; tile bath, steam heat; board; (other rooms.) Barnes.

Brooklyn.

CONGRESS ST., 183, Corner Clinton.—Pleasant rooms, select neighborhood; convenient Subway; references.

GREENE AV., 595, (Brooklyn.)—Nicely furnished rooms; running water; telephone.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Young man wants unfurnished room; reasonable. K 119 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Lost.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times*, 25c. *a line a day*; 7 *times*, 20c. *a line a day.*

LOST—On the afternoon of the 27th, between 105th and 107th Sts., on West End Av., an oblong brooch, Roman gold, with amethyst in the centre; $5 reward paid on its return to H. M. Anthony, 925 West End Av.

LOST—On Oct. 27, Cavanaugh's restaurant, West 23d St. and 8th Av., toilet upstairs, two rings, ruby with seven diamonds and emerald with two diamonds; liberal reward. M. M, Phillips, 605 West 111th St.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between 110th and 145th Sts., on 7th Av., or between 7th Av. and address, a gold bracelet, with four small diamonds; liberal reward. 32 Mount Morris Park West.

LOST—Gold watch, about 4 o'clock Sunday morning, in the neighborhood of 24th St. and 7th Av. Fifty dollars reward for its return to 346 West 19th St. and no questions asked.

LOST—Monday, between 84th and 86th Sts., Columbus and West End Avs., woman's gold watch; plain, with four diamonds in back; reward if returned to 524 West End Av.

LOST—On Oct. 22, in Columbus Av. car going south at Broadway and 34th St., piece of rose-colored silk material; suitable reward. Louis Plate, 213 West 35th St.

LOST—In washroom B. Altman's, 34th St. and 5th Av., at 2:30 P. M. Wednesday, Hudson Bay mink boa; liberal reward; no questions asked. Lane, 52 West 110th.

LOST—Black silk ribbon watch fob with gold monogram initials "N. F., Jr."; lost between 42d and 110th Sts.; suitable reward to finder. N. Fleisch, Jr., 16 East 42d St.

LOST—Oct. 25, 5th Av., between 34th St. and Washington Square, four-leaf clover brooch; opal leaves and diamond centre and stem; reward. E. Cross, 527 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond centre pansy pin, between Brooklyn and Maxine Elliott's Theatre, Wednesday; reward. K 131 Times, Times Sq.

LOST—Silver vanity case, initials "F. R. M.," between Martin's and 30th St., on 5th Av.; liberal reward. Room 221, Hotel Wolcott.

LOST—Package with owner's name and address containing currency and stock; liberal reward for return. K 127 Times, Times Square.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times*, 18c. *a line a day*; 7 *times*, 15c. *a line a day.*

LOST—SATURDAY, WHITE MALE BULLDOG, YELLOW HIPS. RETURN TO DUNCAN, 104 WEST 74TH ST., AND RECEIVE $35 REWARD.

LOST—Yellow mongrel dog, License 6,180, Oct. 26, 5th Av., 42d St. Return to Elliott, Hotel Arlington, 20 West 25th St.; reward.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times*, 18c. *a line a day*; 7 *times*, 15c. *a line a day.*

FOUND—On Columbus Av., lady's purse; owner can recover on proof of ownership and cost of this. Address T. S. G., care of Tessober, 350 Columbus Av.

FOUND, Oct. 26, 1909.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry Street:
Fifteen unfinished skirts.
Pocketbook containing sum of money, and memorandum book marked "Henry Hyman, Baltimore."
Dark brown beaver neckpiece.
Brown and white cow.
Handbag containing two pairs of eyeglasses and silver pocketbook.
Bay horse, 15 hands, white hind feet, white star on forehead, and a covered baker's wagon.
White female bulldog, brindle, spots on back, head, and ears; plain leather collar on.
Ten bottles Three Star Hennessy brandy.

FOUND, Oct. 27—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Coat and paper. THIRD AV. ELEVATED — Umbrella, books, papers, gloves, keys, case, shoes, jumper, bag, coat, shades. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Cap, satchel, gloves, pin, clippings, nail pull, hat, books, umbrella. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, cardcase, books, roll plans, pair pants, 2 bottles zoolak, leaf tobacco. IN SUBWAY—2 umbrellas, glasses, 3 purses, 2 pocketbooks, bag, gloves, case, pair shoes, drawing, certificate, books, pin, brooch, cigar holder, coat, suit case, wallet, overalls, shade, nails.

FOUND, Oct. 28—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Package.

FOUND, Oct. 28—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City—Belt, roll plans, grip, cuffs and buttons, parasol, 3 suitcases, box.

FOUND, Oct. 28—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.—4 packages, umbrella, handbag, pair gloves, knife.

FOUND, Oct. 28—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City—Clothier's glove, 3 umbrellas, cap, pajama pants, nightshirt, handkerchief, toilet articles, eyeglasses, brush, chain, receipt book, derby hat, pair rubbers, package.

FOUND, Oct. 28—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station—Valise, 2 packages, cane, 2 dress-suit cases, coat, ring, umbrella, 2 boxes.

FOUND, Oct. 28—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City. On TRAIN—Umbrella.

FOUND—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R., Oct. 20 to 26, inclusive. Awaiting owners in office of General Baggage Agent, Lehigh Valley Railroad, South Bethlehem, Penn.—Muffler, 2 pairs kid gloves, 5 umbrellas, 4 packages, lady's hat, book.

FOUND—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. COMMONWEALTH—Letter, toothbrush, marriage certificate, collar box, corsets, eyeglasses.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—SAMUEL KING, Plaintiff, against FENY HERBST and MOLLIE PRIEFER, Defendants.
To the Above-named Defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, Sept. 28th, 1909.
STROOCK & STROOCK,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address No. 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
To the Defendant Mollie Priefer:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Henry Bischoff, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated October 19th, 1909, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on October 21st, 1909.
Dated New York, October 21st, 1909.
STROOCK & STROOCK,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address No. 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WORTH THE DIFFERENCE.

When you advertise in The New York Times for a position you pay slightly more. But your advertisement in The Times is read by those who willingly pay more to obtain the best class of help.

This applies whether the position you seek is domestic or commercial.

The Times with its daily circulation exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand copies reaches more intelligent and discriminating people than any other New York newspaper.

All advertising agents accept Times Want advertisements at regular rates. The Times Main Office is Times Building, Times Square, and the Downtown Office, 15 Beekman Street.

Business Opportunities.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 23c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 20c. *a line a day.*

A SOUND 8% INVESTMENT.

First mortgages on New York and suburban property yielding 8 per cent. per annum may be secured by investors who have large or small capital at their command.

CLARKSON TALKS IN LOEB'S DEFENSE

They Couldn't Get Evidence of Customs Graft Without Keeping the Grafters.

WHO MADE THE ADVANCES?

Loeb Silent on This Point, but It's Said at the Custom House He's Still Determined to Pursue Graft.

Collector Loeb said yesterday that, notwithstanding criticism, there would be no let-up in the prosecution of those guilty of customs frauds at this port. He had nothing further to say regarding Judge Holt's declaration that it was discreditable to keep self-confessed grafters in the Government's employ, and adroitly dodged the question as to whether in his opinion, guided by the investigation of the special agents, the New York importers were guilty of corrupting the Customs Service or the customs grafters had corrupted the merchants.

It was said yesterday that before the Government opened negotiations with the men in the service to confess their share in the grafting an effort was made to do without their service, but in a test case made in Brooklyn the Government's case fell through. It was also said at the Custom House that when suspected Inspectors were put through the third degree they defied the Government.

Although they have been retained in the service, the self-confessed bribe takers, it was declared yesterday, will be kept where they can be constantly watched. Surveyor Clarkson issued a statement yesterday covering the whole subject, in which he defended Collector Loeb.

"As to Collector Loeb," said the statement, "all of us in the service know how resolutely he has inaugurated many changes, both in the interest of the Government, and, legitimately, in the interest of the importers—many of them changes on his own initiative, and many of them, so far as the Surveyor's force is concerned, changes I have been urging for nearly eight years. The Surveyor has no authority to inaugurate such changes.

"As to the trials for weighing frauds now in progress, the Collector, the Treasury Department, and the representatives of the Department of Justice, in order to get the proofs to convict, were justified in giving immunity from prosecution, which was taken in order to get sufficient evidence from the weighers to convict.

"Two years ago last March, after my surbordinates had first discovered frauds in the weighing of figs, cheese, and macaroni, we succeeded in getting two weighers, named Bligh and Mescall, indicted in the United States Court in Brooklyn. We furnished all the proof we could, but the men were acquitted. We did not get these and other weighers dismissed from the service until the coming of Mr. Loeb.

"There were similar circumstances in the trial a year ago of the Greek importer Stepanapulous. The results in these cases again show that the needed proof could only be had by giving immunity from prosecution.

"Shortly after I took office in April, 1902, I recommended the adoption of automatic self-registering scales for the weighing of merchandise. Such an automatic scale as I recommended year after year, which could neither be cheated nor made to cheat, was not installed by the Treasury Department until last June, when Collector Loeb brought the matter to Secretary MacVeagh.

"These scales furnish the only safeguard against frauds in weighing in the Government service."

MacVEAGH BACKS UP LOEB.

Treasury Secretary Approves the Retention of Confessed Grafters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The attitude of the Treasury Department is one of complete approval of Collector Loeb's policy in granting immunity to admitted bribe-takers in his force. No formal report has been made, or is expected, on the castigation Mr. Loeb received at the hands of Judge Holt, but the policy for which Mr. Loeb was blamed, it can be asserted, was agreed to between Mr. Loeb and Secretary MacVeagh in advance, and as far as the temper of the department to-day can be ascertained, will be continued.

Officials in the department, while they do not like to be quoted, make no secret in private conversation of their indignation at Judge Holt's severe arraignment of what they consider the only practical solution of a difficult problem. One official of rank pointed out to-night that in trying to clear graft out of his department Mr. Loeb was undertaking a task that had frightened many men before and led one Collector to suicide.

Department officials profess to believe that Mr. Loeb sized up the justification of his policy for using the confessed crooks when he said: "It takes a thief to catch a thief." No matter what grounds of suspicion Mr. Loeb and his men might have against the big offenders, the officials believed it would have been otherwise impossible ever to get convictions.

While it is unlikely that any overt action will be taken by the department in regard to the remarks of Judge Holt, it is safe to say that Mr. Loeb will not be blamed or criticised. When he was here yesterday he discussed with at least one Treasury official the statement that he later issued in reply to Judge Holt.

Why Women Should Help Republicans.

Augustus O. Brown, Jr., addressing a Republican meeting at Columbia last night, urged the women present to do their utmost to support the Republican Fusion ticket, because it had been shown in the West that Republicans had done everything that had been done to promote woman's suffrage.

VICHY VICHY CELESTINS

Natural Alkaline Water

Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout and Indigestion.

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

Ask your Physician

Quoted by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

PURDY'S ACCOUNTS SHORT.

Manager of Grosvenor Hotel Who Killed Himself an Embezzler.

Evidence brought to light yesterday showed that William H. Purdy, manager of the Grosvenor Hotel, at 37 Fifth Avenue, who was found dead in his room on Wednesday afternoon, killed himself with some of the tablets out of the bottle found by his side, and that his suicide was prompted by the fact that he was thousands of dollars short in his accounts, which the owners of the hotel had been examining with him for two days.

The owners of the Grosvenor Hotel are Arthur J. Baldwin and Leonard Baldwin of 27 Pine Street, lawyers, who bought it from the Mutual Trust Company in 1896. The manager had the use of a $2,500 apartment, with a $35 a week table account. He received a salary of $10,000 a year. The owners of the hotel asked Mr. Purdy to meet Arthur J. Baldwin at 27 Pine Street last Monday night. They began going over the books together, working until 1 A. M. Tuesday. This indicated that the manager's accounts were short, said Mr. Baldwin yesterday.

Tuesday night they met at the lawyer's office and worked over the books again until 1 o'clock, when, according to Mr. Baldwin, the manager broke down and admitted that he had been falsifying the books. They parted company, the manager agreeing to appear again at the lawyer's office at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

A few minutes before Mr. Purdy was found dying on Wednesday afternoon he had dropped into the Washington Square Garage, where he kept an automobile, and told Ambrose Cleric, the proprietor, goodbye.

"Why, where are you going?" asked Mr. Cleric.

"I am going away," Mr. Cleric quotes him as saying. "I have had trouble at the hotel, and I am going to take another place."

At that time, said Mr. Cleric, he seemed to be very much depressed, though he did not intimate that he might take his own life.

WOMAN HURT IN A GALE.

Mrs. Waters Felled by a Wave on Board the Teutonic.

The White Star Line steamship Teutonic reached here from Southampton yesterday morning after a boisterous voyage. The vessel met two severe storms. The first struck soon after she sailed from Queenstown. For hours the vessel was buffeted by westerly gales and high seas that repeatedly washed her decks. Mrs. Hiram Saunders Waters of Chicago was struck by a wave and knocked down, receiving a dislocated ankle.

The second storm was on Tuesday. High seas and violent gales were the programme for more than twelve hours. The vessel sustained no damage.

WOMEN WANT CITY JOBS.

Urge the Mayor to Appoint Them to Board of Education.

A determined fight is to be made within the next two months to make it mandatory upon the Mayor to appoint women to the Board of Education. The Association of Women Principals of the Public Schools and the Greater New York Woman's Suffrage Council, which is to hold a mass meeting at Carnegie Hall to-night, favor such a change in the City Charter as will require the Mayor to give women appointments to this and other boards.

Unwilling to wait for such an amendment to the charter, the women Principals are urging the Mayor to use the option he now has and appoint several women before his term expires. The Mayor has informed them that he will give their request careful consideration.

Mayor McClellan will have the opportunity after Nov. 1 to appoint eleven members of the Board of Education, the terms of nine expiring, and two having died within the last few months.

NO TRACE FOUND OF COL. BRITTON

Rumors That Convicted Brooklyn Banker Has Fled and His Bail Will Be Forfeited.

TO BE DECLARED A FUGITIVE

District Attorney Serves Notice on Counsel After Reported Discoveries of His Detectives in Britton Case.

District Attorney Clarke of Brooklyn last night notified John L. Hill, counsel for Col. Edward E. Britton, the Brooklyn banker convicted of grand larceny for misappropriating funds of the Eagle Savings and Loan Association, that unless his client appeared in the District Attorney's office this morning he would be declared a fugitive from justice, and his bail of $5,000 would be forfeited. With the announcement of this notice it became known that detectives attached to Mr. Clarke's office had made some discoveries in Col. Britton's case that demanded the appearance of the accused banker, who has been strangely missing for two days.

It was learned that detectives have been searching for Col. Britton since his conviction was affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

Mr. Hill said at his home, 158 South Portland Avenue, last night, that he would not vouch for Col. Britton's appearance to-day, and was inclined to believe that his client would not be there.

"Up to 7 o'clock to-night," said Mr. Hill, "I had every reason to believe that my client was acting in good faith with me and the District Attorney. But developments since that time have caused me to change my mind. This is due partly to Mr. Clarke's order and partly to the belief that the detectives have found some things of which I knew nothing. Information has reached me which I cannot make public, but which leads me to feel considerable doubt about the case.

"I don't know where I could reach Col. Britton and have not known since Tuesday night. The only relation I have with him and on which I can speak authoritatively is that of counsel to argue motions on his case. I am not even his attorney of record."

Mr. Hill was in the Supreme Court earlier in the day to argue a motion for the release on bail of ex-Quarantine Commissioner Edward H. Schroeder before Justice Dickey. Schroeder, who spent the night in Raymond Street Jail, was also in court on a writ of habeas corpus, which was first secured in order to have the motion for bail decided. Col. Britton being noticeably absent stories began to circulate that he had fled from the State to escape punishment.

District Attorney Clarke opposed the motion for the release of Schroeder on bail, arguing that the courts had no authority to do so. He said that Justice Bartlett had denied Schroeder's motion for a certificate of reasonable doubt by which his counsel hoped to carry his case to the Court of Appeals, and in view of that decision further proceedings should rest. Justice Dickey decided that Schroeder must stay in jail until a decision is made on his motion for a new trial. The argument on this motion comes up in court on Wednesday.

Col. Britton was in command of the Fourteenth Regiment in Brooklyn before the scandal of his connection with the disappearance of the funds of the Eagle Savings and Loan Association became the subject of an official investigation. Lieut. Col. James T. Ashley of the same regiment, a close friend of the accused banker, said yesterday he did not believe that the banker had fled. He signed the original bail bond for Britton.

$500,000 FOR YALE.

Levi I. Shoemaker Leaves It to University at Wife's Death.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Oct. 28.—By the terms of the will of the late Dr. Levi I. Shoemaker of this city, which was filed for probate to-day, Yale University receives more than $500,000, to be used in the medical department of the institution. This sum will come to the university upon the death of Dr. Shoemaker's wife, who is to enjoy the proceeds of the estate during her lifetime.

In addition to this, several bequests are made of sums ranging from $5,000 to $7,500, among those remembered being the Home for Friendless Children, in this city, and James S. Allen, a college chum, residing at Meriden, Conn.

Dispute Over Mackay Music.

A local news bureau was informed by telephone last evening that Oscar Hammerstein was about to bring a suit against Clarence H. Mackay for music furnished at his residence. William Cook, counsel for Mr. Mackay, said that Mr. Mackay engaged the orchestra through Campanini. A substantial bill was presented and was paid. That was last January. Now Mr. Hammerstein has presented an additional and much larger bill about ten months after the entertainment. Mr. Mackay never had any conversation with Mr. Hammerstein, either written or oral, in regard to the matter, and having paid for the entertainment once he naturally objected to paying the second bill.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:50—1,065 7th Av., Andrew Stagledt	$50
12:50—284 Monroe St., Stringer & Steiner	$10
1:15—228 East 42d St., Max Cohen	$25
1:55—68 West 68th St., Catherine Purcell	Trifling
1:55—203-205 East 15th St., unknown	$3,500
2:00—108 Madison St., Sam Fifel	$200
3:10—265 West 40th St., Elizabeth Lee	Slight
3:20—400 East 73th St., J. Koder	None
8:45—187 West 80th St., Ilis Jordan	$2,000
9:00—148-150 West 18th St.; Herman Moritz	$100
P. M.	
12:10—511 East 174th St., Arnold Weiss	$25
12:35—138 and 135 West 19th St., unknown	None
2:50—1,548 Madison Av., Julius Morgansworth	Trifling
3:00—104-106 Essex St.; unknown	$10
4:00—218 Av. B, Ed. Stein	$5
4:25—480 East 141st St., Joseph Peyser	$5
5:20—305 East 100th St., Mason Bagalofsky	Trifling
5:30—39th St. and Seventh Av., West End Cab Co.	$25
5:40—437 West 17th St., Mr. Bloch	$10
6:50—342 East 88th St., unknown	$50
6:10—507 West 159th St., E. A. Testor	$5
6:20—Third Av. and 112th St., Interboro Rapid Transit	Trifling

Books

New Catalogue (150 pages) describing Attractive Bargains in Books

New and Old, including some good editions of standard sets at extraordinarily low prices,

sent on request.

Putnams Retail Dep't, 27 & 29 W. 23d St. New York

See Our Big Ad To-day in the Evening World.

It tells why we can undersell competition and how we are able to give you at $25 *service guarantee* with our Suits and Overcoats at $15. It will pay you to read the ad.

Moe Levy & Co.,

1439 Broadway New York | 119-125 Walker St. New York

380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Flexible Featherweight Derbys, $1.90

Elsewhere 3.00

Little stores that pay big rents CAN'T compete with us.

At 2.90 (20 styles,) sold elsewhere at 4.00.

TWO DAYS' SALE

80 styles of very fine Winter Overcoatings and Suitings to measure, $20. We bought them at half price, they're yours at half price.

ARNHEIM Broadway & Ninth St.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)

1195 Broadway, Just Below 29th St.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Copyright by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Fall Suits

OTHERWHERE in New York you cannot duplicate the values offered in our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes. That is a big statement to make. But we can PROVE it. For whether you want expensive clothes, suits at $35, $40, $45 and $50, or those moderately priced at from $18 to $30, we can give you more for every dollar you invest with us than other clothiers can afford. This because Hart, Schaffner & Marx can produce, by reason of the tremendous volume of their business, garments of a higher quality at each price than they would otherwise be able to do. They buy the entire product of many mills AT A PRICE and give to us and You the advantage. Do not let another day go by. Come in to-day and see the values we offer.

Suits $18 to $50.

Overcoats, $15 to $65.

Special Values

SUITS and overcoats, $25. Hart, Schaffner & Marx put into every one of our $25 garments materials and workmanship better far than the price warrants. Indeed these $25 suits and overcoats of ours would be called unusual $30 values elsewhere. See for yourself how very much $25 will buy here—to-day.

Hats

WE have Seven Stores in New York that sell Hats. Hats that by their value have built our business. Yours is among them—the most becoming Hat you ever wore.

Wallach's Hats, $3.00 and $2.00.

Stetson's Hats, $3.50 and $5.00.

Furnishings

EVERYTHING in Haberdashery here, and every article thoroughly up to the Wallach standard of value. Fancy vests for example—unusual garments at their prices—$2.50 up.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME Entire Block 6th Av., 43d and 44th Sts. Daily Mats. 2. Best seats $1. Tue. & Sat. to $1.50. A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 Circus Acts

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQUARE Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tue'w, Whitney Opera Co. Elec. Day & Wed. The Chocolate Soldier

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w, Elec. Day & Wed. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON and His London Co. in The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Elec. Day 2:15. LAST 2 TIMES Viola Allen IN The White Sister. Star Cast, Including JAMES O'NEILL, WILLIAM FARNUM, MINNA GALE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25 to 1.50. ONE WEEK. THE RINGMASTER Mat. To-m'w 2. Evs. 8:15. Next Week—Bertha Galland, The Return of Eve.

METROPOLIS Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Elec. Day. | Mat. To-m'w. CHARLES CHERRY The Bachelor. Next Week—Two Women and That Man.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Tues. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Elec. Day 2:15. SAM BERNARD THE GIRL AND THE WIZARD.

COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tm'w, Elec. Day, Wed. Wes. Whitesides in Zangwill's THE MELTING POT Great Play. "The Little Theatre with the Big Play."—SUN.

BROADWAY THEA., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tm'w, Elec. Day & Wed. 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS Sun. Night, TED MARKS' CONCERT, 25, 50, 75c., $1.

HACKETT THEA., 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w. Elec. Day, Thurs. 2:15. Elsie Ferguson in SUCH A LITTLE QUEEN

MAJESTIC LAST MATINEE TO-MORROW Last Week TWO WOMEN AND THAT MAN

MON., NOV. 1 BERT A. WILLIAMS of Williams & Walker, in MR. LODE OF KOAL. Seats Now on Sale

LINCOLN SQUARE B'way & 66th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:15. MR. HOPKINSON with DALLAS WELFORD

WEST END Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 2:15. BERTHA GALLAND. Mat. Elec. Day | THE RETURN OF EVE. Next Week—James T. Powers in Havana.

LYRIC THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-morrow and Election Day, 2:15. ALL HAIL HEROD!

THE CRITICS ACCLAIM FAVERSHAM'S TRIUMPH

POST—An emphatic success. Should earn for Mr. Faversham the gratitude of all true lovers of theatrical art.
GLOBE—Too much praise cannot be given.
MAIL—A prodigally invested production—strong and impressive.
ALAN DALE—Picturesque and charming. You cannot afford to miss Herod.
ACTON DAVIES, EVE. SUN—A popular as well as an artistic success. Faversham has done a big thing for himself both as artist and manager.

Wigs AND Toupees

To Cover Total or Partial Baldness

Those of my make are the standard of perfection; as to fit and naturalness. It costs nothing to try them on.

Private Entrance for Gentlemen No Publicity

And, as Usual,

An Unequalled Assortment of Ladies' Hair Goods.

A. Simonson

398 FIFTH AVE., 36th & 37th Sts. No Branch Stores No Agents

WHAT TO READ

For Sale at Your Bookseller.

Copyright, 1909. Advertisers Publicity Service. For information address, 1123-7 Broadway, N.Y.

THE MASTER
By Irving Bachelier. Fixed Price $1.20. Including the most inspiring villain since John Silver. Doubleday, Page & Co.

JEANNE OF THE MARSHES
By E. Phillips Oppenheim. $1.50. His Latest Tale of Love and Intrigue. Little, Brown & Co.

THE STOWAWAY
By Louis Tracy. $1.50. Brimful of Action. Edward J. Clode.

THE BEGGAR IN THE HEART
By Edith Rickert. $1.50. Rich in Character and Interest. Moffat, Yard & Co.

THE OLD WIVES' TALE
By Arnold Bennett. $1.50 net. A Novel of Life. One of the Most Talked of Books of the Season. Doran Company.

ANTONIO
By Ernest Oldmeadow. $1.50. A Strong and Dramatic Love Story. The Century Company.

A WAVE OF LIFE. A Novel
By Clyde Fitch. $1.50. The only novel ever written by Clyde Fitch. Mitchell Kennerley, Publisher.

A GENTLEMAN OF QUALITY
By Frederick Van Rensselaer Dey. $1.50. The Best Mystery Story of the Year. L. C. Page & Co.

OPEN HOUSE
By Juliet Wilbor Tompkins. $1.50. A Love Story with Sparkling Humor. The Baker Taylor Company.

PA FLICKINGER'S FOLKS
By Bessie R. Hoover. $1.00. Laughter—Tears—Laughter. Harper & Brothers.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av. LAST TWO DAYS OF POPULAR PRICES. To-night, Bohemian Girl (in English); Sat. Mat., Hoffmann; Sat. Night, Grand Quadruple Bill, Pagliacci and acts from Carmen, Trovatore, Prophet. Sunday Concert.
GRAND OPERA SEASON 1909-10. Commencing Monday Eve., Nov. 8th, at 8 o'clock, and lasting 20 weeks.
OPENING WEEK: Mon., Herodiade; Wed., Traviata; Fri., Aida; Sat. Mat., Thais; Sat. Ev., Cavalleria and Pagliacci; Sun. Ev., Grand Operatic Concert.
SECOND WEEK: Mon., Lucia; Wed., Sapho; Fri., Daughter of the Regiment; Sat. Mat. Herodiade.
FIRST SEASON OPERA COMIQUE. Tuesdays and Saturday Nights, beginning Tues., Nov. 16th, at 8. Tues., Nov. 16th, La Fille de Madame Angot; Sat., Nov. 20th, La Mascotte.
SEAT SALE FOR ALL ABOVE OPENS NEXT MONDAY, 9 A. M.

THE BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. STUYVESANT Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. FRANCES STARR in THE EASIEST WAY.

BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

Carnegie Hall Next Sunday Afternoon Only N. Y. Recital. Mail orders to Loudon Charlton, Carnegie Hall. 75c. to $2. Isidore Luckstone at Piano (Steinway) Mme. JOHANNA GADSKI

CARNEGIE HALL. Sunday Evg. Oct. 31, 8:30. R. G. KNOWLES' The Hudson River From Its Source To The Sea. TRAVELAUGH. PICTURES IN MOTION AND COLOR. THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.

In Response to Numerous Requests TILLY KOENEN will give a second Song Recital at MENDELSSOHN HALL on NEXT TUES. AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. BERNARD TABBERNAL at the Piano. Seats $1, $1.50, at Box Office. Baldwin Piano used. Concert Direction M. H. HANSON, 437 5th Av.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Aft., Nov. 9, at 3. Song Recital, MME. MARCELLA SEMBRICH. Frank La Forge at Piano (Baldwin) Seats now on sale at box office. Tickets $1 to $2.50. Mail orders to Loudon Charlton, Carnegie Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL TO-MORROW (SAT.) AFTERNOON AT 2:30, FRITZ KREISLER. SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL. Seats 75 Cents to $2. Now at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL Wed. Evg., at 8:15, NOV. 3. AMERICAN DEBUT OF YOLANDA MERO. The Celebrated Hungarian Pianist. Assisted by the Russian Symphony Orchestra. Tickets 50 cts. to $1.50, at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL. Philharmonic Society of New York. MR. GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor. General sale of subscriptions for all series now open at Carnegie Hall.

GRAND HATTIE WILLIAMS-Detective Sparkes Next Week—ANNA HELD—Miss Innocence.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T-M'row & Wed. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. "His Best Play in Years."—Eve. World. JOHN DREW INCONSTANT GEORGE

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. First Mat. To-m'w 2:20. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. "ENTHUSIASTIC SUCCESS"—HERALD "ASSURED SUCCESS"—GLOBE. KYRLE BELLEW By ALFRED SUTRO. In THE BUILDER OF BRIDGES

CRITERION B'way and 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T-m'w & Wed. 2:15. "A Dramatic Sensation."—Eve. World. "Huge in its stirring climax."—Herald. ISRAEL by Henri Bernstein, author of "THE THIEF" and of "SAMSON." "A big play."—Sun. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Ev. 8. Matinee To-m'w at 2. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. "A Merry Widow Hit."—World. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

SAVOY B'y & 34 St. Ev. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. Extra Mat. Election Day. MARGARET ANGLIN. The Awakening of Helena Richie. Sp'cl Mat. Thurs.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. The famous Detective-Thief Play. ARSENE LUPIN

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. "MORE POWERFUL THAN 'THE WITCHING HOUR.'"—TRIBUNE. AUGUSTUS THOMAS' GREATEST TRIUMPH. THE HARVEST MOON

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last 2 Nights. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers THE GREAT MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS THE LOVE CURE with Charles J. Ross and Lina Abarbanell. NEXT MONDAY, Seats now Selling. KLAW & ERLANGER will present The Incomparable ADELINE GENEE in THE SILVER STAR By Harry B. Smith with RICKEL & WATSON & Cast of 100

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-Morrow 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. FREDERIC THOMPSON introduces (Mabel Taliaferro) NELL in "SPRINGTIME" By Tarkington & Wilson.

New York B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. & Elec. Day. "Three hours of delight and joy."—Mail. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in COHAN'S Musical Play, THE MAN WHO OWNS BROADWAY. NEXT SUN. EVE. 8:30. Seats on Sale. VICTOR HERBERT and his ORCHESTRA.

GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15 sharp. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Elec. Day. "Most Joyous of Comedies."—Globe. THE FORTUNE HUNTER With JOHN BARRYMORE.

Joe Weber's B'way & 28th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Clamix Extra Matinee Election Day.

ASTOR B'way & 45th. 2D YEAR. WM. HODGE. Last 12 Times. Extra Mat. Election Day. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE MAN FROM HOME. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY 50c-$1.50

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. 4TH WEEK. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day. & Wed. THE FOURTH ESTATE. "One of the season's real sensations; make no mistake about that."—Eve. Sun.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:20. NEXT MONDAY, SEATS SELLING. W. J. LOCKE'S GREATEST STORY. IDOLS. MATINEE TUESDAY, ELECTION DAY.

PLAZA MUSIC HALL 59th & MAD'N AV. Daily Mat. 25c. Eves. 25c. to $1. JULIAN ELTINGE. RICE & COHEN, Boganny Troupe, others.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL 42d St. & 8th Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Eves. 25c. to $1. 15 STAR ACTS 15. Clarice Vance, Fields & Lewis, Ed. Blondell, Svengali, others.

COLONIAL Mat. Daily, 25c. Hite & Danlis, Peter (The Man Monkey), Frank Fogerty, Barrows, Lancaster & Co., others.

ALHAMBRA Mat. Daily, 25c. Albert Chevalier, W. C. Fields, The Song Shop, Motograph, Binns, Binns & Binns, others.

Vanderbilt Cup Race

9 A. M. Saturday, Oct. 30, '09.

Grand View Parking Spaces and Grand Stand

Tickets on Sale at Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway, cor. 25th St., and all agencies. 'Phone 5530 Madison.

VANDERBILT CUP RACE OCT. 30

Boxes, Seats, Parking Spaces, Reserved at Bureau of Information, Vanderbilt Cup Race, Room 212, Long Acre Square Building. Telephone 4284 Bryant.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Evg. 8:15 & Sat. Mat. 2:15, pop. prices, Millocker's Operetta, "Poor Jonathan," "DER ARME JONATHAN."

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way & 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. George Beban, Carter DeHaven, Anna Laughlin, Avery & Hart, Wormwood's Animals. ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.

MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.

Autos direct to Vanderbilt Cup Race; leave corner 40th St. and Broadway every hour; between 12 and 5 A. M.; $3 round trip, including seats during race. Tel. 4061—Bryant.

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. Gypsy Music. CINEMATOGRAPH each hour. FOTOFONE and Xtra Attractions.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Johnson-Ketchel Fight Pictures. Nat. M. Willis, Ryan & Richfield, 6 others.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Mat. To-day. Smoking. KENTZ-SANTLEY CO.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. THE JERSEY LILIES.

INTELLIGENT HELP.

Is the kind that every employer seeks. It is best obtained through The New York Times. If you want help, commercial or domestic, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise your particular want in The New York Times. The cost is moderate.